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IMPEACHMENT.

Conclusion of Mr. Nelson's Argument for the Defence.

He Gives the President's Views of the Case.

Mr. Thaddeus Stevens to Speak To-day.

Special Dispatch to the New-York Times.

WASHINGTON, Friday, April 24.

The session of the trial was wholly consumed to-day by Mr. NELSON, who barely finished his argument just before 5 o'clock, having spoken yesterday and to-day over seven hours, literally wearing out the patience of all concerned, many of the Senators, as well as most of the Managers, leaving their seats and seeking relaxation in the ante-rooms and corridors. The galleries were only about half full any of the time, and before the close were well nigh empty. The speech itself would have attracted still less attention had it not unmistakably revealed the ear-remarks of the President himself. So many of the points are coincident with the views held and expressed heretofore by Mr. JOHNSON that the parentage of many of its suggestions was plainly discernable, and this was confirmed by the remark incidentally made by Mr. NELSON yesterday to the effect that Messrs. EVARTS and CURTIS preferred that he should not speak, and for himself, he would be content with filing an argument, but the President desired him to especially present certain points, which he himself had indicated. The speech is looked upon, therefore, as more nearly the President's view of certain features of the case, than any other that has been or will be made. In one particular, especially, the point made was born of Mr. JOHNSON's brain, to wit: that the House of Representatives was not competent to impeach, nor the Senate to try, in the sense intended by the Constitution; that is, because it is "a body hanging on the verge &c." The history of the Alta Vela case, which occupied nearly an hour, was interesting, if not pertinent, on the whole. The case of Mr. JOHNSON cannot be said to have been helped by Mr. NELSON's argument; it was too long, too diffuse, too Johnsonian, to effect anything with the Senate.

THE ARGUMENTS TO COME.

The order of the remaining arguments will be nearly as follows: Mr. STEVENS will to-morrow read his argument of an hour and a half in the Senate. Mr. GROESBECK will follow for the defence in an argument understood to be comparatively brief. Mr. WILLIAMS will then speak for the Managers, and it has been decided that Mr. CURTIS will take part in the closing arguments, to be followed by Mr. EVARTS, Mr. BINGHAM closing as has been heretofore arranged.

GEN. SCHOFIELD'S NOMINATION.

The nomination by the President of Gen. SCHOFIELD to be Secretary of War, the name of Mr. EWING being withdrawn, which was sent to the Senate to-day, is locked upon by Senators as an extraordinary development of the President just at this particular stage of the trial. Gen. SCHOFIELD, it is understood, was not consulted, and the bearing of the event does not seem entirely clear. The General is a warm friend of Gen. GRANT, and will be very likely to consult him before accepting the post. But it is certain that the Senate will confirm no one until the trial is over.

REPORTS OF THE ARGUMENTS.

Senator EDMUNDS to-day submitted his order providing that when the Senate retire for deliberation on the final issue, the official reporter shall be present and report the speeches made. Mr. SUMNER objected, and the resolution went over until to-morrow. It will probably be agreed to, and will have the effect of giving the Senators an audience that otherwise they would not have, and hence may prolong the debate. There is a disposition to change the rule so as to allow longer time for debate on the final issue, but it will hardly be done.

THE IMPEACHMENT TRIAL.

At the opening of the Court this morning, the Chief Justice stated that the first business in order was the consideration of the following order offered yesterday by Mr. GRIMES:

> Ordered, That hereafter the hour for the meeting of the Senate, sitting for the trial of the impeachment of ANDREW JOHNSON, President of the United States, shall be 12 o'clock meridian of each day except Sunday.

The order was adopted by the following vote:

> YEAS—Messrs. Anthony, Davis, Doolittle, Ferry, Fessenden, Fowler, Grimes, Hendricks, Johnson, McCreery, Morgan, Morrill of Vermont, Morton, Patterson of Tennessee, Ramsey, Saulsbury, Trumbull, Van Winkle, Vickers, Willey, Yates—21.
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> NAYS—Messrs. Conkling, Conness, Cragin, Edmunds, Harlan, Howe, Pomeroy, Sprague, Stewart, Sumner, Thayer, Tipton, Wilson—13.

Mr. EDMUNDS then offered an order to admit the official reporters to report the speeches on the final deliberation of the Senate, which was objected to by Mr. SUMNER, and went over under the rule.

MR. NELSON'S ARGUMENT CONCLUDED.

Mr. NELSON then proceeded with his argument as follows:

Mr. CHIEF JUSTICE AND SENATORS: In the course of my argument of yesterday, I alluded to certain opinions expressed by one of the honorable Managers in a report to which his name is affixed, made to the House of Representatives. Lest any misunderstanding should arise, I desire to state in regard to that portion which I adopt as my argument, that I do not consider that there is any inconsistency in the position which the honorable Manager assumed in his report to the House of Representatives, and the position which he has assumed here in argument. If I understand the honorable Manager's position, while he insists as I understood yesterday that you are to look to the common law, not merely to the law of Parliament, in order to ascertain the meaning of the words "crimes and misdemeanors" in the Constitution; yet if I correctly comprehend, his argument asserts that it is competent for Congress to make a crime or misdemeanor under the Constitution, and that such crime or misdemeanor is an impeachable offence. If I correctly understand the gentleman's position so, I hope neither he nor the Senate will misunderstand me when I call attention to those parts of the gentleman's argument which I rely upon, because the arguments he makes are much more forcible than any I can hope to make.

Mr. NELSON quoted from the minority report of Mr. WILSON, now one of the Managers, made in November, 1865, on the form of impeachment investigation, and continued:

CRIMES AND MISDEMEANORS.

I come to a point now which I have already endeavored to make in my argument, namely, that the definition given by the honorable Manager who who opened the argument is not a correct definition; that the opening, as the Senate will remember, was accompanied by a very carefully-prepared and learned argument on the part of Mr. LAWRENCE, to which reference was made by the honorable Manager. It is this: "We define, therefore, an impeachable high crime or misdemeanor to be one in its nature and consequences subversive of some fundamental or essential principle of the Government, or highly prejudicial to the public interest; and this may consist of a violation of the Constitution, of law, of an official oath, or of duty by an act committed or omitted, or without violating a positive law by the abuse of discretionary powers from improper motives, or for any improper purpose." Now, if you go to the law of Parliament for a definition of treason, or bribery, or for other crimes and misdemeanors, as I have already said, you will not find it. If you go to the law of Parliament for the purpose of ascertaining what is an impeachable offence, then you go to a law that is not in force in this country at all. Every speech of offence which the Parliament chose to consider as such, whether it was declared by statute or not, was the subject matter of impeachment by the Commons before the House of Lords. Their form of government is different from ours. Persons were tried in England for very slight and very trivial offences, and very severe punishments were inflicted on various occasions, in the progress of English history, upon persons who were supposed to have been guilty of offences. This process of impeachment is one of which we have not any account in history, so far as I have been able to examine the subject. It is true, as the gentleman has said, that nearly five hundred years ago this subject was introduced in the English Parliament, and that they considered it there, and claimed that the House of Commons had jurisdiction over this subject, in consequence of a law of Parliament; but how that law of Parliament arose or where it originated, neither the House of Lords nor Mr. ——, in his elaborate report and argument in the House of Commons, undertook to state. It arose from what they assumed to be usage, and if you go to Parliament in order to determine that in this country, then you would be obliged to punish anything as an offence without any authority whatever. Mr. NELSON quoted from the history of the British Constitution instances of punishment in England by the pillory and by whipping at the cart's tail for trifling offences, which, he said, if the doctrines of the Managers were true, would be impeachable offences. But I return to the proposition with which I set out, that in order to ascertain what are impeachable crimes and misdemeanors, it is necessary to go to the common law for the definition; and when you go to the common law for a definition of what is an impeachable offence in this country within the meaning of the Constitution as a crime or misdemeanor, you must show that it was known as such at the time when the Constitution of the United States was adopted. In other words, I respectfully maintain that Congress has no power to create a crime and misdemeanor different in its nature from crimes and misdemeanors known and understood to be such at the time of the adoption of the Constitution. Briefly and imperfectly as this argument has been presented, I will not undertake to dwell further upon it.

JUDGE BLACK AND THE PRESIDENT.

I desire, although it is not exactly in the order which I had prescribed for my remarks, to call the attention of the Senate now to some observations made by the honorable Manager who addressed the Senate yesterday, and in order that there may be no misunderstanding as to the observations to which I wish to call your attention, I will read a paragraph from the gentleman's speech of yesterday. Mr. NELSON quoted the portion of Mr. BOUTWELL's argument "charging that the President is a man of violent and unlimited passions, and that he seeks to use subservient and corrupt men for his own purpose, and then abandons them," and alluding to his treatment of Judge BLACK, saying that although announced as the President's counsel, he had never appeared. He continued: It is, Senators, a source of much embarrassment how to speak in reply to the accusation which has thus been preferred against the President of the United States. It would seem from the description given by the honorable Manager that the very presence of the President would breed a contagion, as if almost the very atmosphere of his presence would produce death. But I very respectfully insist on the statement of a fact which I will make known to you in a moment, and which I think is called for by the reference which has been made to Judge BLACK, to show that it has been done, no doubt unintentionally, by the Manager, in the language he has used. I regret that this topic has been introduced. I am not aware that I ever saw Judge BLACK in my life until I met him in consultation in the President's council chamber, and in all the interviews we had our intercourse was very pleasant and agreeable; and it is with feelings of embarrassment that under these circumstances I deem it necessary to say anything upon this subject at all. But in order that you may understand what I have to say about it, I desire to refer the Senate to a brief statement which I have prepared, and which, on account of the delicacy of the subject, I chose to put in writing; and although I have not had that time which I could have desired to prepare it, it will comprehend all the material facts in regard to the case. You will understand that I do not purport to give a full statement, but a synopsis of what may be called the Alta Vela case. A mere outline will be sufficient. Having given this outline of the facts in relation to the case, Judge NELSON proceeded to say that after the action in the matter which he had recited, and while Judge BLACK was one of the counsel for the President, he had an interview with the respondent in this case, urging upon him to take action in reference to the rights of citizens of the United States upon that island, and the sending of an armed vessel to take possession of it. The President having declined to do so Judge BLACK declined to appear further as counsel in his case. Such, said he, are the facts in relation to the withdrawal of Judge BLACK, and so far as the President of the United States is concerned, the "head and front of his offence hath this extent, no more." Another fact in favor of the President is, that while I do not make, and will not make, any implication against the hon. Managers, these recommendations to which I have referred were signed by four of the honorable gentlemen whom the House of Representatives have intrusted with the duty of managing the impeachment against him. Let me suggest a single idea with regard to impeachment. If the President went to war with a weak and feeble Power and gained the island, it would seem that he did so in fear of the Managers, and in fear of losing the high and valuable services of Judge BLACK. If he refused to do what they called upon him to do there was danger that he would exasperate Judge BLACK, and it was under these delicate circumstances that this question was presented to the President. He was between Scylla and Charybdis in forming his determination in regard to the matter.

HOW TO MANAGE THE PRESIDENT.

No matter which way he might determine, his integrity might be assailed, but the honorable Managers must know the President less familiarly than I do if they suppose that he could be driven or forced by any consideration to do what he thought wrong. He is a man of a peculiar disposition. By careful management he may perhaps be led, but it is a delicate and difficult matter to do that. With his peculiar disposition no man under Heaven can compel him to go one inch beyond what he believes to be right, and although he knew that by rejecting this claim he might raise up enemies, and although he was well aware that a powerful influence might be brought to bear against him on his trial, and that it might be trumpeted over the land, from one end to the other that Judge BLACK had abandoned him on account of his belief in his guilt, and although the President knew that a black cloud would be raised against him, he was prepared to say that,

> "Though in that cloud were thunders worst,
> And charged with lightnings, let them burst."

He placed himself upon the principles of the Constitution, faithful to the rights of the people who had elected him to that high position, unmindful of self and regardless of consequences, and he was determined not to be driven to an act which he believed to be wrong; determined not to use the whole power of the United States against a little feeble power that had no capacity to resist. He was determined not to be used as an instrument in the hands of any body or any set of men under Heaven to carry on a speculation which he believed might be carried on with dishonor to the Government or disgrace to himself, if he consented to be concerned in it.

THE PRESIDENT'S ADVISERS.

Senators, allow me to call your attention to another paragraph in the speech of the honorable Manager who last addressed you, (Mr. BOUTWELL.) It is not my purpose or intention to endeavor to answer at length that able and carefully-prepared argument which the honorable Manager has made. I must leave the notice of that to those who are to follow me on the side of the President, But there is another paragraph, which reads in these words:

> "Having indulged his Cabinet in such freedom of opinion when he consulted them in reference to the constitutionality of the bill, and having covered himself and them with public odium by its announcement, he now vaunts their opinions, extorted by power and given in subserviency, that the law itself may be violated with impunity. This, says the President, is the exercise of my constitutional right to the opinion of my Cabinet. I, says the President, am responsible for my Cabinet. Yes, the President is responsible for the opinions and conduct of men who would give such advice as is demanded, and give it in fear and trembling, lest they be at once deprived of their places. This is the President's idea of a Cabinet, but it is an idea not in harmony with the theory of the Constitution."

In another place the gentleman speaks of the members of the Cabinet as being serfs: "It was the advice of serfs to their lord, of servants to their masters, of slaves to their owners." I desire, Senators, to refresh your recollection by calling your attention to the abstract from the President's message, which was put in evidence on the part of the prosecution, dated Dec. 12, 1867, and I wish to state in reference to this message, as well as all other documents signed by the President, that if any rule of law is to obtain in this high and honorable tribunal, it is that when we put these documents before the Senate they may be permitted to speak as witnesses. They do not discredit this document. I regretted that we were not permitted to introduce certain members of the Cabinet to prove certain statements of the President, yet, upon sober, second thought, I am inclined to the opinion that probably the Senate had settled the question exactly right; that it was unnecessary for us to introduce members of the Cabinet, or introduce their testimony to sustain these statements, so long as they are not impugned on the other side. I will read the extract from page 138 of the report of the proceedings.

> "This was not the first occasion in which Mr. STANTON, in discharge of a public duty, was called upon to consider the provisions of that law. The Tenure of Office law did not pass without notice. Like other acts it was sent to the President for approval. As is my custom, I submitted its consideration to my Cabinet for their advice upon the question whether I should approve it or not. It was a grave question of constitutional law, in which I would of course rely most upon the opinion of the Attorney-General and Mr. STANTON, who had once been Attorney-General."

Now, can such words be unnoticed as the honorable Manager has used? "He calls his serfs around him." The President says:

> "Every member of my Cabinet advised me that the proposed law was unconstitutional. All spoke without doubt or reservation, but Mr. STANTON's condemnation of the law was the most elaborate and emphatic. He referred to the constitutional provisions and the debates in Congress, especially to the speech of Mr. BUCHANAN, when a Senator: to the decisions of the Supreme Court, and to the usage from the beginning of the Government through every successive Administration, all concurring to establish the right of removal as vested by the Constitution in the President. To all these he added the weight of his own deliberate judgment, and advised me that it was my duty to defend the power of the President from usurpation, and to veto the law."

There is the plain unvarnished statement of the President of the United States, uncontradicted by any one at all—a statement that we offered to verify by the introduction of members of the Cabinet as witnesses. We offered to prove that every word, contained in that paragraph of the message was correct, had we been permitted to introduce the members of the Cabinet, but our testimony was not admitted; and inasmuch as it was not admitted, since this message was introduced by the prosecution, and we offered to prove it, I assume as an indisputable fact on this occasion that Mr. STANTON, about whom the world was to be set on fire, now advised the President that the Tenure of Office act, about which such a great cry has been raised in the land, was unconstitutional, and that it was his duty to veto it. I never saw Mr. STANTON, to my knowledge, but if I were in his place I think I should say, as some one else has said, "Save me from my friends, and I will take care of my enemies." I think, if any man ever had reason to exclaim "Save me from my friends," Mr. STANTON had reason to do so, and to exclaim "Save me from the disgrace to any independent officer of the low, mean, debased, mercenary motives by which such an officer may be influenced." But as it is a sort of a family quarrel, I will not attempt to interfere any further.

THE IMPEACHMENT CHARGES.

There is one other thing, before I resume the consideration of the various articles of impeachment, that I desire, Senators, to call your attention to, and that is to this same proceeding which was had in the House of Representatives upon the subject of impeachment. I know not how it strikes the minds of Senators, nor how it impresses the minds of the people of the country, but one of the strangest of things in the history of our Government is that these articles of impeachment should be gotten up against the President after twelve months' examination of this matter, and that the charges against him, of which I will speak after a while, should be founded upon acts that were done in reference to the Thirty-ninth Congress. Is it not passing strange that if the President was guilty of acts charged against him, and if he has done acts worthy of impeachment, that the Thirty-ninth Congress took no notice of it, and that, after that Congress is defunct, passed out of existence, its memory and name gone into history—is it not passing strange that another Congress should take up offences against that Congress, and make them matter of grave accusation against the President? One of the charges presented against him by the House of Representatives, is that he has been guilty of an intent to subvert the Government of the United States, &c. [Reading the first article of Impeachment.] The fact is, if my memory serves me right, and I have not been misinformed, the fact is the House of Representatives, when they considered these articles referred to——

[The Chief Justice was here compelled to call the Senate to order, as it was impossible to hear the speaker on account of conversation in the hall and galleries.]

Mr. NELSON, resuming—The House of Representatives refused to entertain these articles of impeachment against the President by a solemn vote, and if there were any law in this tribunal, as the gentlemen say there is not, unless it be that law of Parliament which they rely upon, and which amounts in fact to no law at all; if there were any law here, or any application by analogy of the principles of the law, I would avail myself of the doctrine of estoppel which was so learnedly expounded by one of the learned Managers, and I would insist that the House of Representatives, with all due deference and respect, after having voted down this charge that the President had slandered and maligned the Congress of the United States, were estopped from making any accusation of that kind against the President of the United States now. But I hope I may say, without offence, that still the Senate of the United States, sitting here as a judicial tribunal, can look to the circumstances under which these charges were preferred, without any disrespect whatever to the House of Representatives, and when you go to the circumstances under which these charges of impeachment were preferred, you have at least evidence that they were done without any great amount of deliberation in the House, and possibly under the influence of that excitement which great assemblies, as well as private individuals, are liable to experience, and which this assembly of grave and reverend Seignors, who are impaneled here under the Constitution, may look upon and must regard in considering the bearing of the facts in the case.

THE FIRST ARTICLE.

Now, Senators, I will have to call your attention to these different articles of impeachment, though it is rather a disagreeable thing to tread this mill-horse round, and take them up one by one, and make brief comments upon them, as is my purpose to do. Now, in regard to the first article of impeachment, it may not be out of place to look to that article, as it is presented, and to state very briefly the article itself. I do not propose to go through all the verbiage of that article nor to repeat all that is said in the answer, but the principal features of it are these. The speaker here quoted the article in substance and the answer of the President thereto, and then continued:

Now, one word, or one thought, Senators, before entering upon the consideration of this first article, which I conceive is applicable to all the articles; indeed, much of what we have to say upon the first article applies to all the other articles, and involves, to some extent, a necessary repetition, but I shall endeavor, as far as I can, to avoid such repetition. Now, all these articles of impeachment, or nearly all of them, charge a removal. If you follow the precedents of trials of impeachment which we have already had in the United States, and especially if you follow the decisions in the British Parliament, there ought to be something substantial in the articles which are preferred against a man. Now, what is it that is provided for by the Civil Tenure bill? Why, it is the removal of a person, and that is what is charged in each one of what I may, for want of a better word, call the "courts of this indictment." Now, Senators, if you follow the law and the rules of law that have been adopted in other cases, and look to them as being a guide, to some extent, although not binding and obligatory to all intents and purposes as judicial procedures, what is the familiar rule of the law? There is not a judge or lawyer in this Senate who does not know that in every law book that has been written for 200 years a distinction is taken between a crime and an attempt to commit a crime. The distinction is just as broad and wide as Pennsylvania-avenue. Why, according to statutory regulations almost everywhere, and even according to the common law, murder is one thing and an attempt to commit murder is another and a different thing. Burglary is one thing, and an attempt to commit that offence is another and a different thing. Now, I ask with all earnestness of this Senate as lawyers and judges, if the doctrine contended for by the learned Managers be the true doctrine, that the Civil Tenure bill is constitutional and that the President has no power to remove, except with the advice and consent of the Senate, then, Senators, I ask you how is it that the President can be found guilty of removing Mr. STANTON from office, taking the premises of the honorable gentleman to be correct, when there was no removal at all? That there was an attempt to remove there is no sort of doubt; but there was no removal from the office at all, and you do not bring it within the Civil Tenure bill unless you have a case of removal. It is not a case of removal. But if their construction be true, it is a case of an attempt to remove a person from office, so that it is impossible for the honorable Managers to escape the dilemma which the nature of their cases places them in.

THE TENURE OF OFFICE LAW.

On the first count I desire to maintain briefly three propositions: First, that the Tenure of Office bill is unconstitutional and void; second, that if the Civil Tenure Office bill is not unconstitutional, it does not embrace such a case as the removal of Mr. STANTON; and, third, if both these propositions are erroneous, that the President acted with a laudable and honest motive, and is, therefore, not guilty of any crime or misdemeanor. On the first proposition, as to the unconstitutionality of the Civil Tenure of Office bill, as it has not been done already in behalf of the President, I avail myself of the occasion to remind you of certain things which occurred in the debate of 1789. Although I know they are familiar probably to every Senator I address, yet I regard these things as material and important to our line of defence, and at the risk of wearying the patience of the Senate I must ask the privilege of presenting briefly the views I entertain on that subject. In the House debate which occurred on the 16th of June, 1789, on the bill for establishing an Executive Department of Foreign Affairs. Mr. WHITE moved to strike out the words "to be removed from office by the President of the United States." He advocated this because the Senate had the joint power of appointment. His views were sustained by Messrs. SMITH, of South Carolina, HUNTINGTON, SHERMAN, JACKSON, GERRY and LIVERMORE, and were opposed by Messrs. BENSON, AMES and others, as is shown in Seaton's Debates, vol 1, pp. 473 to 608. Mr. MADISON said in that debate it was evidently the intention of the Constitution that the First Magistrate should be responsible for the Executive Departments; and that so far, therefore, as we do not make the officers who are to aid him in the duties of that department responsible to him, he is not responsible to his country. Basing his argument mainly on the constitutional provision that the executive power shall be vested in the President, Mr. SEDGWICK said: "If expediency is at all to be considered, gentlemen will perceive that this man is as much an instrument in the hands of the President as the pen is the instrument of the Secretary in corresponding with foreign Courts." If, then, the Secretary of Foreign Affairs is the mere instrument of the President, one would suppose, on the principle of expediency, that this officer should be dependent upon him. I say it would be absurd in the highest degree to continue such a person in office contrary to the will of the President, who is responsible that the business be conducted with propriety, and for the general interest of the nation. Upon that debate I merely suggest that it states plainly the affair as it exists between the President and Mr. STANTON, and I maintain, Senators, as warmly as I am capable of maintaining any proposition, that that decision is an authoritative conclusion, and is a principle binding and obligatory on this Senate, and that you must follow it, on the same principle that Judges are in the habit of following judicial determination in reference to the rights of property, which have been long acquiesced in and have become principles of law.

APPOINTMENTS AND REMOVALS.

I hope you will show me, Senators, to call your attention to some opinions on the subject of appointments to and removals from office, and which has also been the subject of investigation in various forms by the Attorney-General of the United States. I maintain that in view of the proper construction of the act of 1787, it was a matter of perfect indifference whether the President is advised by the particular Attorney-General who may belong to the Cabinet, in reference to any particular act. I maintain that the opinions delivered by the Attorney-General are in the nature of judicial decisions; I do not say that they are to all intents and purposes judicial decisions, but in the view which I entertain of the act of 1789, I insist that they should be as operative and effectual in this high and honorable Court as judicial decisions are in the Court over which your Honor now presides. Why do I say so? Unless I have misread the Constitution of the United States there is no provision there declaring that the decision of the Supreme Court of the United States shall be final and conclusive and authoritative in questions of law. The framers of the Constitution assumed that there was a certain state of things in existence at the time they made it; they assumed that the history of English jurisprudence would be known to the American Senators; in other words, they assumed that there was, and would continue to be, a certain amount of knowledge and information in the world. It was therefore unnecessary for them to put in the Constitution that the decision made by the Supreme Court of the United States would be binding. They knew that the practice had been for years to regard a decision by a judicial tribunal, in a case carefully considered and especially where it had stood for any length of time unreversed, as an authority from which it was not safe, in the administration of the law, to depart. Now, the argument that I make is that while the Constitution of the United States does not specify that the decisions of the Judges shall have all the binding force of authority in the land any more than it does in reference to the opinions of the Attorney-General, yet on any fair construction, or any fair legal intendment, I argue that, under the act of 1789, the opinions of the Attorney-General may be regarded by the President, and by all others who have to do with that opinion, as a valid authority, and should be sufficient to justify his action in any given case that may be covered by that opinion. The act of Sept. 24, 1789, provides that there shall be appointed an Attorney-General of the United States, whose duty it shall be to prosecute and conduct all cases in the Supreme Court in which the United States are concerned, and to give his opinion of questions of law when required by the President of the United States, or when required by the heads of any of the Departments touching matters connected with their respective Departments. Take the two provisions together; the provision in the Constitution that the President may call on these officers for advice and information, and the provision in the act of 1798, that he may call on the Attorney-General for advice and opinions. Then, I maintain, Senators, that when opinions have been given in cases, as appears with the one under consideration, these opinions are in the nature of judicial opinions, and are a perfect shield and protection to the President, if he can bring his acts in those particular cases within the spirit and meaning of them.

Mr. NELSON referred to the opinions of Attorney-General WIRT, Attorney-General BERRY, Attorney-General LEGARE, Attorney-General NELSON, Attorney-General CRITTENDEN and Attorney-General SPEED, on several points, having more or less affinity with the question of the power of removal and appointment. In reference to Mr. SPEED, he said that that gentleman stood very high in some quarters of the United States, and his opinion was entitled to much weight in those quarters.

Senator CONKLING asked whether the opinion of Mr. SPEED was published in the volumes of opinions of the Attorney-Generals?

Mr. NELSON said it was not, but that he had a certified copy of it. He proceeded to read an extract from the opinion as follows:

> "It is his duty (meaning the President) to do all that he has the power to do, where occasion requires the exercise of authority. To do less on such an occasion would be pro tanto to abdicate his high office. The Constitution is the supreme law; a law superior and paramount to any other. If any law be repugnant to the Constitution, it is void."

This, said Mr. NELSON, bears not only on the Civil Tenure bill, but it is square up to all the questions which gentlemen on the other side have argued in connection with it. Here, said he, is advice given to the President by a man on whose judgment he had a right to rely, for be it known to you that the President of the United States is not himself a lawyer. He never studied the legal profession, and has no claim or pretension to know anything about it. In the discharge of his official duties, he has a right to consult the legal advisers, who are given to guide and direct him on questions of law by the Constitution of the country and the act of 1789, and when he finds an opinion on file in his office or recorded in any reported volume of the opinions of the Attorney-Generals, and when he acts upon that opinion, it must protect him against the imputation of unlawful or improper motives, and Mr. Chief Justice, if you see fit, in the discharge of your duty, to comply with the respectful request presented to you to deliver an opinion upon any legal question involved in this case, I would respectfully ask you to consider this opinion of Attorney-General SPEED, and to say that it is sound law. Allow me to call attention to the closing sentence of that opinion, which I think is the very essence of the law itself. It is as follows:

> But, before such a case arises, and in the absence of an authoritative expression of the law by the Judicial Department, it is equally the duty of the officer holding the Executive powers of the Government to determine, for the purpose of his own conduct and action, as well the operation of conflicting laws as the constitutionality of any law."

There, continued Mr. NELSON, is the opinion of an Attorney-General who is not a member of Mr. JOHNSON's Cabinet—not a serf of the President—who gave his opinion before the present incumbent came into office. Here is his opinion placed on record in one of the Departments of the Government, to stand there, and to stand forever, so far as the opinion of any one will go to guide the highest executive officer of the Government. It declares that if a law is unconstitutional in the view of the President it is no law at all, and he is not bound to follow it. It declares that the President has the right, in the absence of any judicial expression, to construe the law for himself.

Mr. NELSON quoted from Gen. JACKSON's veto of the Bank bill to show that the lawyers, the Executive and the Supreme Court must each for itself be guided by its opinion of the Constitution. That every public officer who takes an oath to support the Constitution swears to support it as he understands it, not as it is understood by others. That it is as much the duty of the House of Representatives, of the Senate and of the President to decide upon the Constitutionality of any bill or resolution that may be presented to them for passage or approval, as it is for the Supreme Judges when the case is brought before them for judicial decision; that the opinion of the Judges has no more authority upon Congress than the opinion of Congress has upon the Judges. That upon that point the President is independent of both, and that the Supreme Court must not therefore undertake to control either Congress or the President.

The Court at 1:45 o'clock, took a recess for fifteen minutes.

Upon the reassembling of the Court Mr. NELSON continued his argument. He referred again to the debate on the removal of Mr. DUANE by Gen. JACKSON, and to the part which Mr. CLAY and Mr. WEBSTER took in the debate. He also referred to a letter written by Mr. MADISON and to be found in the fourth volume of Madison's works.

CONSTRUING THE CONSTITUTION.

The argument on the other side, continued Mr. NELSON, is that the President of the United States is, under the Constitution, a mere "man in buckram," that he has no power or authority to decide anything, that he can do nothing on the face of the earth except it is "nominated in the bond," that he must be the passive instrument of Congress, and that he must be subject to the government and control of the other departments. The argument which we make is that, under the Constitution there are many powers and duties vested in, and imposed upon the President of the United States, and that he must of necessity have a right in cases appropriately belonging to his department to exercise something like judicial opinion; that he must act upon his own authority and upon his own construction of the Constitution; and when he does that in reference to the removal of an officer, or in reference to anything else, I maintain that it is different from the action of a private individual. A private individual, if he violates the law of the land, is amenable for its violation, under the principle that ignorance of the law excuses no man. But the President of the United States, having the Executive power vested in him by the Constitution, has a right to exercise his best judgment in the situation in which he is placed, and, if he exercises that judgment honestly and faithfully, not from corrupt motives, then his action cannot be reviewed by Congress, or by any other tribunal, except the tribunal of the people in the Presidential election, should he be a candidate before them again. That is the only place where it can be reviewed.

Mr. NELSON proceeded to quote from another letter from Mr. MADISON, to the effect that the coordinate departments of the Government have a right, each for itself, and each within its appropriate sphere, and in reference to its own appropriate duties, to construe the Constitution. If this view—continued Mr. NELSON—be right, then the President of the United States had the right to construe the Constitution for himself, notwithstanding the passage of the Civil Tenure act, and he had the right to act upon it in the manner in which he did, and you cannot make a crime, you cannot make an offence out of such an action. You cannot justify it in the view of the American people. You cannot justify it to the civilized world. Senators, I maintain that you cannot justify your own consciences, to put such a construction as that upon the act of the President, and to deny him the power which he has attempted to exercise in this case. Mr. NELSON then referred to the famous protest of Gen. JACKSON, claiming the right of the President to remove officers, and said: You will see that Gen. JACKSON, with characteristic energy and courage, stood up faithfully in vindication of the executive power while he was President of the United States. Now, Senators, at the risk of some repetition, allow me at this point to sum up as far as I have gone. I have shown you that in the debate in 1789 some of the ablest men whom this country has ever produced, and some of the very men who had an agency in forming the Constitution, conceded the power of removal as claimed by the President; I have shown you that for eighty years, with the single exception of the struggle which took place in Gen. JACKSON's time, that power has been acquiesced in; have shown you that two of the most eminent writers in American jurisprudence, KENT and STORY, have regarded the question as settled. I have shown you from the opinions of some of the ablest Attorney-Generals who have ever been in office in this country, that the power of removal exists in the manner in which it was exercised by the President. I have shown you that during the long-term period of time to which I have adverted it was conceded that the power of removal belonged to the President, in view of the Constitution, and that the Senate had no constitutional right or power to interfere with it.

THE REMOVAL OF MR. STANTON.

Having shown you all that, I have now a few words to say in relation to the President's act in removing Mr. STANTON, and in further answer to the first article against him. Yes, you have observed the first proposition that I have endeavored to demonstrate is that the Civil Tenure bill is unconstitutional and void, for if the doctrines be correct which I have endeavored to maintain before you, and if the long chain of authorities is entitled to the slightest degree of respect, then it follows that Congress had no power to pass the law, and it follows further that the President had the right to exercise a judgment in reference to retaining or removing one of the counselors whom the Constitution had placed around him for the purpose of aiding him in the administration of public affairs. But the other view in which I wish to argue the case is this. It has been already indicated in various statements from time to time made to me in the progress of my remarks: Suppose that my proposition which I have endeavored to maintain before you is erroneous; suppose that Congress is right and the President is wrong; suppose that Congress had the power to pass the Civil Tenure bill; suppose that the President had no right to act contrary to it, again the question comes up whether or not he is guilty on any of these articles of impeachment. The first eight articles charge in different forms an intent either to violate the Constitution or violate the Civil Tenure bill, or to violate the act of 1862, every one of them containing a charge of an unlawful intention. Now, referring to what I have said already on this subject, I desire to sustain what I have said by reference to some of the opinions contained in the law books, and to ask the question how can any unlawful intent be predicated of this act of the President. According to FOSTER HALL and other writers on the subject of criminal law, every crime must have these marked characteristics. It must be an act forbidden by the law, and it must be intentional. That is as applicable to high misdemeanors as to a high crime. The act is innocent or guilty, just as there was or was not an intention to commit crime. For example: A man embarked on board a ship in New-York for the purpose of going to New-Orleans. If he went with the intention to perform a legal act, he is perfectly innocent; but if his intentions were to levy war against the United States, then he is guilty of an overt act of treason. Mr. CHITTY says that "intent is not always interable from the act done," and I maintain that if there was no intention there can be no crime or misdemeanor. In continuation of this line of argument, Mr. NELSON referred to WHARTON, ROSCOE and other writers on criminal law, and continued: How can it be said that the President had any wrong or unlawful intent, when the Constitution gives him the power to judge for himself in reference to the particular act charged? How can it be said that he had any wrong or unlawful intent when the practice of the Government for all the period of time of which I have referred was sufficient to justify him in exercising the powers which he attempted to exercise? How can it be said that he had any wrong or unlawful intent when he had all these opinions of the Attorney-General to guide, lead and direct him? How can it be said that there was any unlawful intent on his part when he had the opinions of the very Senators and Representatives at the time the law was passed, as a guide to lead and direct him in the performance of his duty? It does seem to me that it beggars all belief to say that the President intended anything wrong; it outrages all our ideas of common justice and of common sense to say that there was any purpose or any intent on his part either to violate the Constitution, or to violate the Civil Tenure bill. If CHITTY's view is correct, and if the other writers are correct, and the President believed the law was unconstitutional, then, at least until the question was adjudicated in the highest court in the United States, the President had a right to exercise judgment, and you cannot hold that he was guilty of any criminal intents. Was there ever such a case presented? How bold, how naked does this charge appear when you look at the principle involved. I will not take time to turn to the evidence of witnesses, which you all have fresh in your recollection.

GEN. THOMAS AND MR. STANTON.

Was there ever such a scene in the history of the world, among men claiming to have intelligence among persons in the exercise of ordinary reason and judgment, as the scene which occured in reference to Mr. STANTON's removal and the attempt to bring this question before a court of justice? There was old Gen. THOMAS, who has been stigmatized a good deal on the other side, but whom I take to be a plain, simple hearted, honest old man. He has been forty years in the military service of the country. I have no suspicions such as the gentleman (Mr. BOUTWELL) alluded to yesterday, as to whether he was in favor of the rebellion or against it. It was very extraordinary in Mr. STANTON to send him into the Southern States, and that he should organize seventy or eighty thousand negroes to fight the battles of the country. He appears to be a plain, simple-hearted old man, whose very countenance is a recommendation to him. Perhaps he was a little vain at the idea of being appointed Secretary of War, *ad interim*; but who that heard his testimony here in this Court doubts for a moment his intention to speak the truth in everything he said? He goes there and you have that wonderful scene that takes place when he attempts to get possession of the office of Secretary of War. Was there ever such a thing seen since the world began? Was there ever such an act of force as that which took place between Mr. THOMAS and Mr. STANTON while this proceeding was going on? They met together like twin brothers; they almost embraced each other. It is said Mr. STANTON did hug him, or something like that. [Laughter.] If he did not he came very near it, [laughter,] and in the fullness of his heart Mr. STANTON became exceedingly kind and liberal, and called for liquor and had it brought, but the little vial contained only about a spoonful, but it was fairly, honestly and equally divided between these two aspiring Secretaries. [Laughter.] It was done in a spirit of fraternity and love such as I suppose was never before witnessed in any forcible contest. [Loud laughter.] Mr. STANTON says to him in effect: "This is neutral ground, THOMAS, between you and me; there is no war here while we have this liquor on hand." [Laughter.] Not only did Mr. STANTON divide that spoonful, but he felt so good that he sent out and got a bottleful more, and I suspect, Senators, that our old friend, Gen. THOMAS, not only felt a little elevated about the idea of being appointed Secretary of War *ad interim*, after having served the country in inferior positions for a considerable length of time, but I imagine that the old man took so much of that good liquor on that occasion that he felt his spirits very much elevated, and that he was disposed to talk to Mr. KARSNER and the other men as he did. But yet they tell you that he was to take the office by force. Oh! yes, force! He was forcibly to eject Mr. STANTON from the office of Secretary of War by drinking a spoonful of liquor with him, and then dividing a bottle. [Laughter.] Was there ever such a farce before? Was there ever such a lame and impotent conclusion as the testimony on the other side? And then Mr. STANTON goes out that night, or somebody else goes for him, and awakens up Mr. MEIGS. In the dark hours of the night, they go and arouse up Mr. MEIGS, as if some felony was about to be committed. They go there as if they were attempting to raise a hue and cry. They awaken him from his slumbers, and require him to go to his office and make out a warrant against the old man THOMAS for trying to violate the Civil Tenure bill. Mr. MEIGS arises and goes to his office in hot haste, with something like the haste with which these impeachment proceedings were gotten up. He goes to his office and issues a warrant, with all proper gravity and decorum, and it is put in the hands of an officer, and poor old man THOMAS is seized before he had got his whisky in the morning, [laughter,] and is to be tried for this great offence of violating the Civil Tenure bill. But lo! and behold, when the old man gets counsel to defend him and goes before the judge, and the lawyers get to discussing the question, this terrible offence which it took the midnight warrant to meet, this terrible offence which it required a sheriff with his tipstaff to take care should not be committed, begins to sink into insignificance. When the lawyers got up and argued it before the Judge they began to find out that there was some idea of taking the thing up to the Supreme Court, and then all at once the offence, which two hours before was so terrible, sinks into insignificance, and old man THOMAS was discharged on his own recognizance. No case is to be permitted to be made out for settlement or adjudication in the Supreme Court of the United States. It reminds me of an anecdote that I used to hear in Tennessee about two Irishmen who came to this country. They were walking along one day, when they saw a little ground squirrel run up a stump and run down the hollow of the stump. One of the Irishmen concluded that he would catch him to see what kind of a "baste" it was. So he put his hand down in the hole. "Have you got him, Pat," said the other. "No," says Pat; "but by the powers he has got me." [Laughter.] That was just exactly the way in which Mr. STANTON and his friends waged war upon Gen. THOMAS. Instead of catching Gen. THOMAS, they found that he was likely to catch them, and, therefore, he was discharged on his own recognizance. Whoever did hear of such a proceeding as that intended to be converted into a great and terrible charge against the President of the United States, or any other man? [Laughter.] I shall not repeat what I esteem to be the unanswerable argument of Judge CURTIS that the case of Mr. STANTON is not embraced within the Tenure of Office bill. It is enough for me to refer to that argument without attempting to repeat it. Having concluded the three propositions with which I set out; having endeavoured to demonstrate first, that the law was unconstitutional; second, that the removal of Mr. STANTON was not a violation of the Tenure of Office bill, because it is manifest from the discussion that took place that it was not intended to embrace the Secretary of War; and third, that if both of these propositions be incorrect, still there was no intent so as to maintain the accusation made in the first article.

HEADS OF DEPARTMENTS.

Mr. NELSON then proceeded to recapitulate briefly the charges made in the second, third, fourth, fifth, sixth and seventh articles, and the answer of the President to each of them. He read a portion of the eighth article and of the answer, and continued: I remark that there is nothing in the Tenure of Office act against the intent unlawfully to control the disbursement of the moneys appropriated for the military service in the War Department, and no pretence can be lawfully imputed of such an intent. Under the Constitution the President is to take care that the laws shall be faithfully executed. The President is to make army rules and regulations, there being no limitation on the subject. He may lawfully exercise control over the acts of his subordinates, as was determined by the Supreme Court of the United States in the case of the United States against Ellis, 16 Peters, 291, and 14 Curtis, 304. The precedents have been declared by the Supreme Court of the United States to be such as we maintain, that no offence can be predicated from such acts—Wilson against Jackson, 13 Peters, 498—where it is said that the President acts, in many cases, through the heads of the departments, and the Secretary of War, having directed the sale of a section of land reserved for military purposes, the Court assumed it to be done by direction of the President, and held it to be, by law, his act, which, by the way, would be a very good authority in answer to the honorable Managers that no implication result in favor of the powers claimed by the President under the Constitution. There is a case where the Supreme Court of the United States enforced the doctrince of implication in his favor, and held that it would be presumed that the Secre'ary had acted by direction of the President of the United States, and that that would be sufficient.

THE PRESIDENT'S CONSPIRACY.

Mr. NELSON read the ninth article, charging the President with endeavoring to induce Gen. EMORY to violate the provisions of the Tenure of Office act, &c., and also the President's answer thereto, and continued: You will see that there is a substantial difference, as I understand it, between the conversation as set out in the President's answer and the conversation as stated by Gen. EMORY himself. He says that he did not request Gen. EMORY to disobey any law, that he merely expressed the opinion that the law was in conflict with the Constitution, and Gen. EMORY sustained that opinion to all intents and purposes; for, when the subject was introduced, Gen. EMORY interrupted the President, and called his attention to this appropriation. Now, I have to say in reference to this ninth article that the Constitution, article 2, section 2, with which you are all familiar, provides "that the President shall be Commander-in-Chief of the army," &c. The object was as stated in first Kent, 283.3, Elliot's Debates, 103, Story on the Consutution, section 1491.92, Marshal, 583.8; the object was to give the exercise of power to a single hand in the Meigs case—Mr. Attorney-General BLACK—and I presume from the eulogy passed on Attorney-General BLACK by the honorable member yesterday, that his opinion ought to be a very authoritative opinion in the case. In the Meigs case Attorney-General BLACK says, as Commander-in-Chief of the army, it is your right to decide, according to your own judgment, what officers shall perform any particular duties, and as the supreme Executive Magistrate, you have the power of appointment, and no one can take away from the President or in any wise diminish the authority conferred on him by the Constitution. Mr. NELSON quoted from Story's Commentaries, vol. 3, 1,485, and from the Commentaries of Chancellor KENT, to the same effect. He proceeded now in the case of the Unted States vs. Ellis, (16 Peters, 291.) It is said that the President had unquestioned power to establish rules for the government of the army, and the Secretary of War, as his regular organ, to administer the military establishment of the Government, and rules and orders promulgated through him must be received as the acts of the Executive, and, as such, are binding on all within the sphere of his authority; and now I ask if there is any proof shown here, in the first place, that there was any unlawful or improper conversation between the President and Gen. EMORY? Mr. Manager BUTLER, with that fertility of invention which he has so eminently displayed at every stage of this proceeding, argues that it was either to bring about a civil war by resisting a law of Congress by force, or to recognize a Congress composed of rebels and Northern sympathizers, that this conversation was had. Let us look at the circumstances under which it took place. The correspondence with Gen. GRANT occurred between from the 25th of January to the 11th of February, 1868, and the President had either charged or intimated in the course of that correspondence that he regarded Gen. GRANT as having manifested a spirit of insubordination. The suspension or removal of STANTON took place on the 21st of February. The Senate's resolution of the 21st of February disapproved of the removal of STANTON, and the President's protest occurred on the 22d of February. I have not brought any newspapers here, Senators, and I do not intend to bring any, because these facts which I am about to state are so fresh in your recollection that, without going into the minute of detail, it is enough for me to state in general terms that when this unfortunate difference of opinion—for no matter who is right or who is wrong about it, it is an unfortunate thing that there is a difference of opinion between the Chief Executive of the nation and the Congress, or any part of the Congress of the United States—it is a matter of regret that such a difference of opinion exists; but when this correspondence occurred; when these resolutions were offered in the Senate and in the House, within the short period of time that had elapsed, there was telegram upon telegram, offer upon offer, made on the one side to Congress to support them; on the other side to support the President. The Grand Army of the Republic—the G. A. R.—seemed to be figuring upon a large scale, and but for the exercise of very great prudence on the part of the President we would have had this country lit up with the flames of civil war. But I do hope, Senators, that, no matter what opinion you may entertain on that subject, and no matter what you may think was the strongest—and God forbid that the country should ever have any occasion to discover which has the greatest military power at command, the Congress of the United States or the President of the United States—I say, without entering upon such a question, which we all ought to view with horror, do you give the President of the United States the credit of believing that he has some friends in this country. He has persons in the different States who would have been willing to rally around him. How, if an unfortunate military contest had taken place in the country, it would have resulted, God, in his wisdom, only knows. All that I have claimed for him is that whether he had few or many forces at his command, your President has not told you. From the first day of your session here, your President has manifested a degree of patriotic forbearance for which the worst enemy he has on the face of the earth ought to give him credit. If he is a tyrant, or usurper; if he has the spirit of a Cæsar or a Napoleon; if his object is to wrest the liberties from this country—why, your President could very easily have sounded the tocsin of war, and he could have had some kind of a force, great or small, perhaps, to rally around him.

THE ILLEGALITY OF CONGRESS.

But instead of doing that he comes in here, through his counsel, before the Senate of the United States, although he and his counsel—or, at least, I, for one of them; I would not undertake to speak for the others—honestly and sincerely believe that, under the Constitution of the United States, organizing the Senate and the House of Representatives, as at present constituted, with fifty Representatives from the ten Southern States absent, have no power to present articles of impeachment, and, although he believes that the Senate, as at present constituted, with twenty Senators absent from this Chamber who have a right to be here, have no right to try this impeachment, yet I shall not argue this question, for, in view of the almost unanimous vote cast against the resolution of Senator DAVIS recently, I think it would be an idle consumption of time to do it, and I only advert to it so as to place it on the record. I say that the President and at least one of his counsel entertain this opinion. We think it has no right to present these charges and try them under the Constitution, which says that no State shall be deprived of equal representation in the Senate; yet the President, instead of resorting to war or arbitrary tyranny, which was resorted to by the ambitious men that have been described in this chamber, he submits this question in a peaceful and quiet manner, to be adjudged and determined by the Senate of the United States in its present organization, and now, will you not, at least, give him credit for some degree of forbearance? When gentlemen talk of his trying to turn usurper, and his having a purpose in sending for Gen. EMORY, do they prove any improper design on his part? None on the face of the earth. Was it not natural in this state of things, when the whole country was agitated and excited, when men's minds were aroused everywhere in the unfortunate conditions of parties in the United States to such an extent as that they were offering troops on the one hand to sustain Congress, and on the other to sustain the President, and when the General of the Army and the President had differed in their opinions? I maintain that the very fact that he has done nothing of a military character shows that he had no intention to do the acts which are imputed to him; but it was right, it was natural, when he saw these dispatches, when he knew that there was a difficulty between Gen. GRANT and himself, when he knew that there were persons sending dispatches through the newspapers—governors and prominent men in the various States of the Union sending dispatches—stating how they were to stand up for the Congress of the United States. In that controversy it was natural and right, and within the legitimate scope of the powers conferred upon him by the Constitution that he should send for this officer; that he should inquire what new troops were brought into the Department of Washington. He had a right to do it, and the fact that he did it is no evidence of an unlawful design on his part; but it proves that he was endeavoring to understand, as it was duty to understand as the Commander-in-Chief of the Army and Navy of the United States, what was the meaning of the introduction of these forces. What did he know but what Gen. GRANT, in the progress of this quarrel might assume the power of a military dictator? How did he know but what Gen. GRANT might be endeavoring to surround him with troops to have him arrested? Hadn't he a right to send for an officer and inquire if he knew of the introduction of these military forces here? And when he found that it was only a trivial force, when he found that there was no expressed design on the part of anybody to violate the Constitution of the United States, didn't he stop? No effort was made on his part to manage the army, or to persuade the army to go to war with the Congress of the United States;" but he retained his counsel, and comes here, by his counsel, and in a peaceful manner submits himself to the judgment of the Senate.

THE PRESIDENT'S SPEECHES.

Mr. NELSON quoted the Tenth Article in regard to the President's speeches at the Executive mansion, at Cleveland, and at St. Louis, and continued: A great deal of testimony has been taken about this. I might make an argument as to whether they are faithful representations of what the President said, or not; but I shall not worry your patience after having delayed you so long, with any argument on that point.

Mr. NELSON then quoted from the answer. He proceeded: We say, therefore, that this is a personal right in the President and in the citizen. I say, further, that those speeches were not official, like his communications to Congress, but were private and personal, and in answer to the call of his fellow-citizens. Why, ten years ago it would have struck the American people with astonishment that such a charge should be preferred against the President of the United States. Why, almost from my boyhood down to the commencement of the war, I had talked time and again about what was known as the old "Sedition law," and if there was anything that stunk in the nostrils of the American people it was that. The object of that law was to prevent the publication of matter that might affect the President or the Government of the United States. We, in this century, like to exercise the freedom of speech which our fathers guaranteed to us in the Constitution, and, like the liberty of the Press, which is also another cherished right of every American citizen, we look to have the largest liberty in the exercise of that right. The American people have been accustomed to it ever since they were a nation, and it is a great deal better to tolerate even impropriety and indecency of speech, and to tolerate the licentiousness of the Press, than it is to impose such restrictions as are imposed in other countries upon these things. Public opinion as a general thing will regulate and control the indecency of speech as it will regulate and control the licentiousness of the Press. If public opinion does not do it, why, as a general rule, in a great many cases, the arm of the law is long enough and strong enough to apply any correction that may be necessary; but the American people will suffer no restriction of the freedom of speech. Let it be known and remembered always that, powerful as Congress may be, great as the powers of the President of the United States are in a technical sense, it has always been admitted by all politicians and public men in the United States that there is a power which is the sovereign and master of both. That is the people. They are the constituency of Congress and the President. Members of Congress have the right to speak, and to speak with perfect freedom of the conduct of the President, and the President, in turn, has a right to carry the war into Africa, and speak about Congress when he is assailed; and if he does this he has just the same right to do it as any other citizen in our Government; and when you destroy the right of the President of the United States to defend himself against charges made against him, either in Congress or out of Congress, why, then, you put the President at the feet of Congress, and you destroy that independence which was intended by the Constitution to be secured to each of the coördinate departments of the Government in their appropriate sphere.

THE SOUTHERN STATES.

Mr. NELSON then quoted from the 11th article and from the President's answer, and continued: Time and again, the President, in his veto messages, has asserted these views and opinions as to the rights of the Southern States now excluded from representation; and although the phraseology is a little more courtly and elegent in the messages than in the speeches, yet, substantially, the President has, in almost every one of those communications, insisted that those States are entitled to representation in Congress. It has been the practice of members of Congress in all administrations, even in that of Gen. WASHINGTON, to assail the measures of every President. The gentleman who last addressed you (Mr. BOUTWELL) said that the President wished to obtain control of the army and navy, and to regulate the elections of 1868-69,] allowing rebels to exercise the elective franchise and excluding negroes from voting. What authority did the honorable Manager get in this case to make that assertion? He says that the South has been given up to bloodshed, and not by his policy. But is it not under the control of Congress, and under officers appointed by the President, in pursuance of a law which he attempted to veto? I live in the South, and have not the slightest doubt that, although there has been a bad state of things in some portions of the South, nine-tenths of the murders and assassinations that have been reported in the newspapers are mere sensation stories, made with a view to excitement. There is no foundation for the charge that the President has been the occasion of them. It has been said that the President takes the place of CHARLES I., and STANTON of HAMPDEN. I am glad that so much justice has been done to Mr. STANTON.

HISTORICAL CASES.

As to the President assuming powers not warranted by the Constitution, I have endeavored in my feeble way to show you that he is not guilty. I say to you, Senators, that you have a solemn responsibility. I have the same faith now that I have expressed ever since I undertook this case—the same confidence which ought to be reposed in the American Senate. I do believe that men of your character, of your position in the world, have the ability to decide this cause impartially, and to set aside all party considerations in its determination and believe that the result will show that the country has a right to believe it. Just one word, here, Sir: every lawyer in the United States is familiar with this idea, that a great many cases are put in the law books, and especially in the works on evidence, as a caution to courts and to judges and jurors, in regard to the improper and the unjust verdicts that have been rendered in times past; every lawyer knows of cases where men, especially upon circumstantial evidence, have been tried and executed, when it afterward appeared upon more careful investigation that they were not guilty. These cases are not put in the books for the purpose of frightening Judges and jurors from their propriety, but for the purpose of causing them to exercise a salutary degree of caution in the powers conferred upon them, and I think that even the Senate of the United States may look at the history of the world for the purpose of deriving the lesson intended to be impressed on the courts and juries by those books. So without going back over these things again I can say that I think even the Senate of the United States may look back to the history of the world for the purpose of deriving some instructive lessons, without undertaking to trace along the whole course of history. Some three or four examples have occurred in the history of the world that are not unworthy of a passing notice. The account which has been transmitted to us of the murder of CÆSAR by BRUTUS, has raised the question for nearly twenty centuries whether that act was an act of patriotism, and whether it was justified or not. The execution of CHARLES I. is another of the historical problems which has never been and never will be settled in the opinion of mankind. Some regard CROMWELL as a patriot, animated by the purest motives; others as an ambitious man, craving for power and property. That question still remains open. But the deeds of violence committed in the world have not always been followed by peace and quiet to those who have done them. A few short years after the execution of CHARLES I., and the bodies of CROMWELL, and BRADSHAW, and one or two others who were concerned in his execution were, in consequence of a change in public opinion, taken from their graves and hung, by the party that came into power. LOUIS XVI. was executed by the people of France, Did that act give peace and quiet to the French Kingdom? No. It was soon followed by deeds of bloodshed such as the world had never seen. The guillotine was put in motion and the streets of Paris ran with human gore. These deeds that are done in times of high party and political excitement, are deeds that should admonish us, admonish you, as to the manner in which you discharge the duty that devolves upon you. The consequences that may result from your votes no man can foresee. I have no idea that consequences such as I have described will result, but yet deeds that are done in excitement often come back in after years and cause a degree of feeling I will not attempt to describe. That has been done a great deal better than I can do it by a master-hand, who tells us:

"Forever and anon, of griefs subdued; there comes a token like a scorpion sting, scarce seen, but with fresh bitterness imbued. And slight, withal, may be the thoughts which bring back to the heart the might which it would fling aside forever. It may be a sound alone of music, Summer eve or Spring. The wind of ocean which shall sound, striking the electric chain wherewith we are darkly bound, and how or why we know not, nor can we trace home to its cloud this lightning of the mind, nor can efface the blight and blackening it leaves behind." God grant that the American Senate may never have such feelings as these. God grant that you may so act in the discharge of your duty that there shall be no painful remembrance, Senators, to come back upon you in a dying hour. God grant that you may so act that you will not only be able to look death and eternity in the face, but feel that you have discharged your duty and your whole duty to God and your country. If so, you will receive the approbation of men and angels and the admiration of posterity. I do not know, Mr. Chief Justice and Senators, that it is exactly in accordance with the etiquette of the Court of Justice for me to do what I propose to do now. But I trust the Senate will take the will for the deed, and if there is anything improper in it you will overlook it. I cannot close the remarks I have made in this case without returning my profound thanks to the Chief Justice and the Senators for the very kind and patient attention with which you have listened to me on this occasion. Insignificant and lengthy as has been the argument I have offered, you have extended a patient attention, which I had little reason to expect, and I cannot take my seat without extending to you my thanks, whether it be in accordance with usage or not.

Mr. NELSON having concluded his argument, at 4:15 o'clock the Court adjourned until 12 o'clock to-morrow, and the Senate immediately afterward adjourned till the same hour.

To help the Parisians to endure the period of fasting, mackerel have benevolently allowed themselves to be caught in numbers hitherto unknown in the annals of fisheries; 9,800 baskets of them were received in the Paris market in one day.

LOCAL INTELLIGENCE.

The Poor Who do not Beg.

One of our City missionaries has just received the following note: "Please pardon the liberty I take of addressing you, but I need your good advice that has been bought by years of experience. And I know of no other means of communication with you at the present time. I presume you have heard from Mrs. —— of my present difficulty. My husband is out of employment, and I see not the slightest prospect of his obtaining any. I have been doing plain sewing for a benevolent society, during the Winter, and still continue to do all I can get. But I find it entirely insufficient to pay my rent and provide for the wants of my family. Believe me, Mr. ——, I ask not for charity. God knows I am willing to work; to do anything that my children may have a home and a mother's care. I would be exceedingly thankful to you if you could procure me some hall or mission building, or something of the kind, where I might have house-room, in return for keeping it clean, opening, lighting, &c. I make but few acquaintances. I know of no one to whom I should or could apply. But knowing of your thorough knowledge of the City and its various missions, I have taken the liberty of addressing you upon the subject. I seem to be surrounded by a network of circumstances, from which there is apparently but this one door of escape. I have four children. The oldest nine, the youngest four years of age. They are too young to do for themselves; and I pray that I may be spared the pain of separating them. But I must do something, and that quickly. I should have made application before, but I have such a dread of family matters becoming public. Perhaps it is pride; if so, may God forgive me. I believe I am rebellious. I know I am oft despairing. My cup seems to be full to the brim, and running over. If I were sure there was no hereafter, how quickly would I exchange my present existence for oblivion. But I am speaking too plain. Forgive and forget it. I send you this missive, hoping that it may prove successful."

Of the writer of this note the missionary says: "She is an American, educated at Oberlin, Ohio; is every way a lady, is acquainted with music, is a beautiful singer, and yet she and her children are starving. Twenty dollars rent due last week and not a cent to pay."

This is but a specimen, of many cases, that lie heavily on the heart of the City missionary. Every laborer among the poor could tell of similar instances of pressing want. The Winter is past, and the days of extreme suffering with many are gone by; and yet there are not a few who are in the condition described in the foregoing note. And we should be glad to hear of anything in their favor. We desire to throw out a suggestion that may be of service to many. We believe there are many who are about moving and breaking up housekeeping, and going into the country, who will find old bonnets, boots, shoes and clothing, who would be glad to turn them over to some of our faithful City missionaries, who will see that some of their mission hands will transform these old things into good and serviceable articles that will give great comfort to the needy and deserving. We are informed by the agents of the City Mission that any goods will be sent for if information is left at the City Mission rooms, No. 30 Bible House, and any contributions in cash will be thankfully received and carefully appropriated to the relief of the suffering and worthy poor.

Private Affairs in the Newspaper Press.

NEW-YORK, Thursday, April 23, 1868.

To the Editor of the New-York Times:

An article appears in the *Galaxy*, for May, on the "Millionaires" of New-York, repeated in a condensed form by the *Evening Mail*, and more briefly noticed in this morning's *Times*.

A number of private gentlemen are thus dragged before the public, and subjected to the comments of the Press, for no reason whatever except their reputed wealth. This is another evidence of the increasing tendency on the part of the public press to invade what was formerly considered to be the sacred domain of private life, and in the end, to render private life impossible in this free country. The ordinary scandalous gossip so prevalent in private society and so mischievous, is now finding its way into the newspapers, and traveling over the United States and the rest of the world, with the advantage of being driven into general circulation by steam, and appearing respectable in print. This is no new experiment in journalism; it was fairly tried many years ago by a prominent newspaper, but soon became an intolerable public nuisance, and was unanimously condemned. Since then it has been generally supposed that the public has no concern with the life and character of a private citizen, not accused of any crime or suspected of being a candidate for any office. I ask you whether it is the present opinion of the respectable newspapers that a rich man has no rights, or, in other words, whether the mere accumulation of property by a private citizen is of itself a sufficient offence against society to call for a public exposure and justify the interference of the Press?

Yours, &c., S. WEIR ROOSEVELT.

St. Thomas' Church—Erection of a New Building.

The congregation of St. Thomas' Church, which formerly worshiped at the corner of Broadway and Houston-street, are now erecting an elegant edifice at the corner of Fifth-avenue and Fifty-third-street, with a front of 235 feet. At the corner there will a tower, a nave and dials, and a double transept. The rectory, chancel, robing and choir rooms will be built at the rear of the altar. The style of the building is "decorated English Gothic." It is of rubble-work masonry, with free-stone dressings. The tower is to be carried up square, with a handsome ornate belfry, surmounted by a lantern, capped by a spire—all measuring 250 feet from the ground. The main entrance is to be by a treble doorway, which will have gabled and canopied porches, enriched with sculptured and elaborate carvings in stone. The chancel has an apsidal termination, and the clerestory is supported by columns decorated with foliated capitals. The church will accommodate about 1,600 worshipers, comfortably seated, and has standing room for 800 more. The roof will be timpered, and the windows filled with richly-stained glass. The chancel will be tiled and the rest of the work will be of wood. There will also be galleries and a chapel and accommodations for parochial purposes, such as a vestry room, almonry, and a convenient parsonage for the rector. The chancel will be commodiously fitted up with stalls for the choir, the whole being elevated above the body of the church. The church itself will be elaborate in its character, and fitted up with memorials of the distinguished members of the Communion. The present structure, which is entirely of a temporary character, is simply the foundation for the support of a final building. The rector of the new church will be Rev. Dr. MORGAN. The architects are Messrs. R. & R. M. UPJOHN.

The Alleged Outrage at a Brooklyn Orphan Asylum.

In accordance with the warrant issued by Justice BUCKLEY on Wednesday, ANNIE CAMPBELL, an assistant matron in the Orphan Asylum in Cumberland-street, Brooklyn, was brought into Court on Thursday, and when asked what she had to say to the charge against her of committing a gross outrage on the orphan boy EDWARD FERGUSON, replied that she had perpetrated the act by order of Dr. J. W. HYDE, the attending physician, and JANE DAVIS, the matron of the institution. She is about 25 years of age, and from her demeanor yesterday it was apparent that she was utterly unconscious of having been engaged in any transaction unworthy of a Christian woman. Much displeasure was indicated by several of the persons interested in the Asylum as to the public in any way concerning itself about the children committed to their care. Justice BUCKLEY entered a plea of "not guilty" for ANNIE CAMPBELL, and required her to give bail in the amount of $1,000 for her appearance to-morrow when the examination of the case will be proceeded with. It is probable that Dr. HYDE and JANE DAVIS will be arrested. Meantime, the public are left to judge for themselves as to the status of both these persons in relation to the crime by the statements which they have made. Dr. HYDE's version of the story is as follows:

DR. HYDE'S STATEMENT.

Some time since the assistant matron said that she deemed it her duty to mention to me a matter that had troubled her a great deal, which, on account of its unpleasant nature, she had thus far kept quiet. She said she had discovered some of the smallest of the children in the indulgence of habits that are unclean and injurious, and had been unable to deter them. I expressed surprise at the statement, and could hardly believe it. On examination, however, I was convinced that the children had really been self-indulgent, and that they had in some instances injured themselves. I talked with them and endeavored to frighten them. The matron was very much troubled about it, and finally, after all moral suasion and such punishment as is there allowed had been tried in vain, I told her that it would be a good idea to make a small blister, so that further indulgence would be impossible; I told her to touch the part with the stopple of the nitric acid bottle, the effect of which would be to raise a small blister, and while causing some inconvenience, would do no permanent injury; I have not seen the boy since, but I presume she has put a little too much on. It should be remembered that we have a great many children at the Asylum, and one bad boy can do a great deal of mischief. Considering the good work done by the institution, the respectable parties at its head, and the difficulty encountered by the officers in managing the children, it is no more than fair that the intent of the Matron should be remembered, and a healthy public sentiment, rather than a partisan clamor, be invoked.

THE MATRON'S STATEMENT.

The Matron of the Asylum, JANE DAVIS, furnishes the following explanation of the matter:

Thursday, April 23, 1868.

A paragraph in the New-York TIMES and *Tribune* of this morning, stating that an arrest of the Assistant Matron of the Brooklyn Orphan Asylum, for alleged illtreatment of a boy in the Asylum, has no other foundation than this: that a vicious and incorrigible boy, who ought to have been sent to the House of Correction, was mildly punished for an offence which cannot be particularized without indelicacy. The boy has since run away. The complaint referred to is malicious. The only thing to be regretted is that injury should be done to the Asylum by long and patient endurance, and an endeavor to reclaim a boy that was irreclaimable.

J. R. DAVIS, Matron.

BENJAMIN W. DELAMATER, Esq., a member of the Advisory Board of the Asylum, became surety in $1,000 for the appearance of ANNIE CAMPBELL in Court on Saturday.

Growth of Brooklyn.

From a report by a Special Committee of the Kings County Board of Supervisors, it appears that on the 31st of July, 1867, the total indebtedness of the city and bonds out thereon amounted to $12,361,717 92, and of the county, $3,237,000, the total amounting to $15,598,717 92. Against this amount there are offsets in liens amounting to $2,443,040 61, leaving the debt $13,155,677 31. It is estimated that the assets of the city and county are worth double the bonds outstanding upon the various public improvements. The following table presents the value of real and personal estate in Brooklyn and Kings County every ten years since 1830:

Years.	Real Estate.	Personal.	Total.
1830	$6,584,020	$1,318,954	$7,902,974
1840	27,528,834	3,843,980	31,372,814
1850	39,927,316	5,051,550	44,980,866
1860	97,241,707	12,274,030	109,515,737
1867	129,493,066	21,476,981	150,975,047

The report presents some interesting comparative statements, from which it appears that in New-York there are 142,625 building lots, while in Brooklyn there are 152,762, or enough for a population of 2,000,000, with more ground to occupy still, by going in various directions throughout the county, and then be nearer the centre of business in New-York than Harlem—a fact which the Committee say adds greatly to the future aggregate value of Kings County property as security for their bonds. "Brooklyn is a city mainly owned and occupied by the enterprising and industrious middle class. It is true property does not compare in taxable value with New-York; we have neither the palaces nor the tenant-houses of that city, but our lots are fast being built up with houses owned by the occupants, and each house erected makes our percentage of indebtedness less." The report further sets forth that the security on the bonds, as well as upon all landed property, is ample, owing to the great increase of values. The rapid increase of population has called for the issue of bonds to afford accommodations for this population in streets, parks, water, sewerage, &c., and as the city fills up the taxes will be lower and the bonds more secure. The number of first-class dwellings erected in New York in 1867 was 658; in Brooklyn, 1,164; in New York, dwellings less than three stories high, 261; in Brooklyn, 1,106; in New York, manufactories and workshops, 36; in Brooklyn, 149; leaving out tenement-houses, there were finished in New York 819 dwellings and in Brooklyn 2,272.

GENERAL CITY NEWS.

NEW POSTAL TREATIES.—Besides the new postal treaties which the United States have made with England, the North German Union, Belgium and the Netherlands, all of which took effect on the 1st of January, 1868, the Government at Washington has also concluded postal treaties with Italy and Switzerland, taking effect, both of them, from the 1st of the present month. Since that date, therefore, mails for Italy and Switzerland have been regularly made up at the General Post-office in this City, and will continue to be made up under the treaties. There is one provision of these treaties, relative to the prepayment of international letters, which deserves to be generally known. Prepayment is optional; but whereas formerly when a letter was either wholly unpaid or insufficiently prepaid, the party taking it out of the Post-office was required to pay only the full postage, or the deficient postage, at present, in case of non-payment or insufficient prepayment, a fine will be imposed in addition to the full unpaid postage, or the deficiency. The fine to be levied and collected in the United States, for example, on unpaid or insufficiently prepaid international letters, received from any part of the United Kingdom of Great Britain and Ireland, is 5 cents.

FALSE PRETENCES.—JAMES VANDER ZWEIP, a native of Holland, was arrested yesterday by Detective Glynn, of the Eighth Precinct, upon several charges of swindling. It is alleged that VANDER ZWEIP has for some time past been canvassing the city for subscriptions and advertisements for the forthcoming volume of the *City Directory*, representing himself as the accredited agent of Mr. JOHN F. TROW, the proprietor of the *Directory*. Among his victims are BREWSTER & CO., No. 372 Broome-street, from whom he obtained $40; DAVID L. DOWNING, No. 711 Broadway, who paid him $2 50, and ISAAC SMITH'S SONS, No. 405 Broadway, whose book-keeper advanced him $20. Complaints were made in behalf of these parties before Justice LEDWITH at the Jefferson Market Police Court against VANDER ZWEIP, in which it is alleged that he was not authorized by Mr. TROW to make these collections, and was in no way in his service. The prisoner was committed in default of $500 bail in each case to answer a charge of obtaining money by false pretences.

PUBLIC SCHOOL EXHIBITION.—Yesterday at 9 A. M. interesting exercises were held in the Female Department of Grammar School No. 37, in Eighty-seventh-street, between Third and Fourth avenues, in the Twelfth Ward. The occasion was the retirement of the Principal, Miss HARRIET A. DUNCAN, who was presented with many valuable souvenirs by her scholars, and also by the school officers. Mr. JOHN STRAITON, Chairman of the Twelfth Ward Board, was present and delivered an address.

ALLEGED SWINDLERS.—Officer THOMPSON, of the Twenty-seventh Precinct, arrested SAMUEL KINGSTON and CHARLEY WARD, two well-known confidence men on a charge of having swindled a young Irishman named GEO. H. HOARE, out of $35. They met their victim in West-street and engaged him to go to New-Orleans, and subsequently borrowed the money from him. Before they could escape they were arrested. Justice HOGAN committed them to the Tombs for trial.

DEATH FROM INJURIES.—An inquest was held yesterday by Coroner KEENAN, at Bellevue Hospital, over the remains of WM. HABGOOD, who died from the effects of a fractured leg and other injuries received a few weeks ago at Pier No. 3 North River, in some unexplained manner. The deceased was an emigrant, and had only arrived a few days prior to the accident. He was 31 years of age, and a native of England.

ATTEMPTED SUICIDE.—MARY BROWN, aged 24, a native of Germany, jumped into the water at the foot of Whitehall-street, yesterday morning. She was rescued by the First Ward Police, and declined to state the motive for the suicidal attempt. She has been in this country only a few months.

GREAT WALKING MATCH.—The pedestrian feat of walking 1,000 miles in 1,000 consecutive hours, for a purse of $2,000, will commence to-day at 12 o'clock, between YOUNG MILES and JOHN GOULDING, at the large room of HARRIS & SON, No. 92 Chatham-street.

LYCEUM OF NATURAL HISTORY.—The Lyceum of Natural History will celebrate its fiftieth anniversary next Wednesday evening, April 29, at the Cooper Institute.

BROOKLYN NEWS.

THE ORPHAN ASYLUM OUTRAGE.—Dr. HYDE and Mrs. DAVIS were arrested yesterday on the charge of being accomplices with Miss ANNIE CAMPBELL in the indecent assault upon the boy orphan, EDWARD FERGUSON, and taken before Justice BUCKLEY who held them to appear to-day for examination. Mr. A. H. DANA, counsel for the Asylum, has published a card in which he berates Justice BUCKLEY for the part he has taken in the case. It is justice to Mr. BUCKLEY to say that all he has done in the case was to entertain the complaint. Mr. DANA, in his card, assumes that the parties have been held for trial at the General Sessions, which is not the fact; they were merely held for preliminary examination.

FIRE AT GREENPOINT.—Between 12 and 1 o'clock yesterday morning, the life-boat factory of JOHN L. BUSHEE, Greenpoint, took fire and was damaged in stock, building, &c., to the extent of $5,000; insured.

NEW-JERSEY.

THE DEATH OF OSCAR SANFORD.—The inquest on the body of OSCAR SANFORD, who was run over and killed on the New-Jersey Railroad at West End, was held before Coroner WARREN, at Hudson City, on Thursday night. The deceased had walked through the cut, when a Newark train approaching, he stepped upon the opposite track, when he was struck by the 7:40 P. M. Washington train, and instantly killed. There was quite a fog prevailing at the time. The jury rendered a verdict of accidental death, caused by the carelessness of the deceased while traveling on foot on the track of the New-Jersey Railroad contrary to the rules of said Company. The jury also recommend that the Company have a flagman stationed at the road-crossing at West End.

ARREST FOR FORGERY.—A young man named JAMES BATY, in the employ of LEVI POST, Surveyor, was taken before Recorder ALDRIDGE, of Hudson City, yesterday morning, charged with forging the name of Mr. POST to a check for $20, drawn on the First National Bank, Jersey City. The accused was arrested the night before by Officers LYNCH and HASKINS for being grossly intoxicated, and upon being searched at the Station-house the check was found on his person. Mr. POST pronounced it a forgery, and it was ascertained that he made two attempts to pass it at public houses. The accused, who admitted his guilt, was committed to jail to await the action of the Grand Jury.

WIFE BEATING.—WM. D. BENSON, a resident of Hudson City, was taken before Recorder ALDRIDGE yesterday morning, charged with beating his wife, and was put under $300 bonds to answer at the next term of Court.

LAW REPORTS.

UNITED STATES CIRCUIT COURT—SOUTHERN DISTRICT.

Before Judge Blatchford.

KINDLING-WOOD PATENT—INJUNCTION.

Jacob A. Conover vs. Henry Mers.—This was an application for an injunction to restrain the defendant from infringing a patent granted to the plaintiff on May 15, 1855, for a machine for splitting kindling-wood. The moving papers showed that the machine used by the defendant was in its material parts identically the same as a machine already enjoined by this Court on final hearing in a suit by this plaintiff against Dohrman & Pelphs.

The defendant furnished no affidavit himself that his machine was not indentical with that of Dohrman & Pelphs, but his solicitor's affidavit was furnished, stating that he believes it to be dissimilar, and believes he can show it to be so if reasonable time were allowed for the purpose.

It was further attempted to be shown that a patent to Henry O. Weatherley, granted in England in 1825, was not in evidence before the Court in the Dohrman case. But a certificate from the Judge who tried that case showed that it was in evidence before him.

An affidavit was also put in by an expert, examined on the other trial, who said that he did not prove in the other trial the practicability of the mode of feeding in the Weatherley patent, viz: by the pushing the wood along on a plate or table by the force transmitted from a quantity of wood behind it, which latter wood is carried on an apron; that that mode of feeding is practicable, and that he believed that the failure to prove that practicability on the other trial was a principal cause of the loss of the case by the defendant.

Held by the Court—That as no reason is given why the defendant does not himself swear to the dissimilarity of his machine, or why some competent machinist does not do so, nor are any dissimilarities pointed out, it must, for the purposes of this application, be regarded as established that the defendant's machine is an infringement of the plaintiff's patent. That the Weatherley machine is a different machine from the plaintiff's; that the feeding and carrying arrangement in the Weatherley machine is so widely different from the feeding and carrying arrangement in the plaintiff's machine, that it is of no consequence to show, by experiment or otherwise, that it is practicable to feed and carry the wood in the manner shown in the Weatherley patent: and if, as the witness now swears, machines are in successful use which feed the wood to the knife in precisely the manner shown in the Weatherley patent, they may be freely used, if they do not embody any of the claims of the plaintiff's patent. That though the defendant may be perfectly responsible, yet where, as here, the patent has been sustained on full hearing, and the infringement is clear, and especially where the very form of machine used by the defendant has been passed upon by the Court on the question of infringement, the plaintiff is entitled to have his rights promptly protected by injunction.

An injunction must issue as prayed for.

P. Van Antwerp for the plaintiff; G. R. Thompson for the defendant.

UNITED STATES DISTRICT COURT—SOUTHERN DISTRICT OF NEW-YORK.

Before Judge Blatchford.

At the opening of the Court yesterday morning the case of David J. Taff *vs.* The brig *Antelope* came up. This is a libel of a spar-maker against the brig *Antelope*, to recover the value of a set of spars and a foreyard alleged to have been furnished to said vessel, the owners of the *Antelope* refusing to pay for said tackle. The amount claimed is $425.

The answer denies that the spars and foreyard were furnished to the *Antelope*, and avers that they were furnished to some other vessel, and therefore the defendants were not liable for the value of the tackle as claimed.

At the conclusion of the proceedings in the above action the case of Charles Partridge et al. *vs.* The Ship *Ben Adams* was proceeded with.

This is an action to recover damages to the extent of over $7,000, for an alleged non-delivery of a certain amount of flour shipped on the *Ben Adams* at New-Orleans and consigned to Messrs. Partridge, Wells & Co., of this City.

The case was tried before Judge Betts, but no decision was rendered, and it came up yesterday to be tried again.

UNITED STATES COURT—EASTERN DISTRICT.

Before Judge Benedict.

The Court issued the following discharges under the Bankruptcy Act yesterday: Wm. G. Lane and Wm. J. Boardman, and George B. Haskell and Chas. A. Morse.

A petition in bankruptcy was filed by David McCullough.

On motion of Mr. Jesse Johnson, Mr. H. E. Peterson was admitted to practice in the United States Court.

UNITED STATES CIRCUIT COURT—EASTERN DISTRICT.

Before Judge Benedict.

A motion was made yesterday for a new trial in the case of J. T. Adatie, who was convicted several weeks ago of counterfeiting on Staten Island, on the ground that the evidence had been insufficient, and that according to decisions in similar cases the prisoner was merely an agent of Harq.

Assistant District Attorney Allen argued in support of the regularity of all the previous proceedings, and held that the evidence was abundantly sufficient to justify the conviction of the prisoner. The Judge took the papers in the case and reserved his decision.

SUPERIOR COURT—TRIAL TERM.—PART II.—APRIL 24.

Before Judge McCunn and a Jury.

AN ACTION FOR CAUSING THE DEATH OF A CHILD—INTERESTING MEDICAL TESTIMONY.

Edward Hope, administrator, &c., vs. The Knickerbocker Ice Company.—On the 9th of July, 1866, as a little boy named James E. Hope was standing on the walk in front of his father's residence, at No. 847 Third-avenue, an ice-cart of the defendants, driven by one of their servants, in starting pulled down the awning under which the boy stood. Parts of this awning fell upon him, it was claimed that he was thereby so badly injured, that after suffering in great pain until the 26th of March following, he died in consequence of the injuries thus received. The plaintiff in the action is the father of the deceased lad. He brought the suit to recover the sum of $5,000, and alleged negligence on the part of defendants' agents in allowing a hook to catch in the awning or awning post, and thus to precipitate it upon the child.

The defence was at least four-fold; First, it was claimed that there are circulating around New York, especially in the Summer season, a great number of carts bearing the words "Knickerbocker Ice Company," which do not belong to this Company, and they insisted that this was one of the bogus carts. Second, that there was negligence on the part of the parents of the child in allowing it to be on the sidewalk unattended by a discreet guardian. Third, that there was no negligence on the part of defendants' servants in allowing the hook to catch in the awning, and even if there were negligence on their part, the the negligence of the plaintiff contributed to the result, and as a matter of law there could be no recovery. But the principal portion of defendants' testimony was directed to the allegation that the child did not die of the injuries which it received on the 9th of July, 1866. To sustain the defendants' view of the case a number of prominent physicians and surgeons of this City were examined. Some of their testimony tended to show that the mother of the child had a loathsome disease, which the child had inherited; that it would have died about the time it did if there had been no accident, &c.

On the other side the plaintiff showed, by physicians who made the *post-mortem* examination and by others, that the child's death was in consequence of injuries to the spine, and other witnesses testified the injuries to have been produced by the fall of the awning.

The case was submitted to the jury, who, after a prolonged deliberation, rendered a verdict for the plaintiff for $2,650. To this amount the Court, on motion, granted plaintiff an allowance of five per cent., by way of costs.

For plaintiff, Mr. H. L. Clinton and Thomas Robinson; for defendants, Mr. Titus B. Eldridge.

DECISIONS.

SUPREME COURT—CHAMBERS—APRIL 24.

By Judge Cardozo.

Teresa A. Doyle *vs.* Chas. Magee; motion denied; $5 costs to abide the event.

Joseph Gschwind *vs.* Josephine Gschwind; judgment of divorce granted.

Sarah G. Bouton *vs.* Charles Bouton; judgment granted.

Notbohm et al. *vs.* Kruer; motion denied; costs to abide event.

By Judge Sutherland.

Conkright et al. *vs.* Conkright et al.; report confirmed and judgment ordered.

Ingersoll *vs.* Roberts et al.; report confirmed and order granted.

Mabbitt *vs.* The Mabbitt Railway-chair Manufacturing Company; reference ordered.

Wadsworth et al. *vs.* Fitch et al.; memoranda for counsel.

SUPERIOR COURT—SPECIAL TERM—APRIL 24.

By Justice Garvin.

Geo. S. Stoddard *vs.* Araminta Stoddard; report of referee confirmed without costs.

Weil et al. *vs.* Borndon; motion denied with $7 costs to abide event.

Same *vs.* Same; motion granted with $7 costs.

Harrison *vs.* Osbrey; decree settled; papers in Clerk's office.

Wagner *vs.* Quinlan; referred to G. R. Thompson to hear, &c.

Son *vs.* Hermann et al.; order of arrest granted.

In the matter of Alexander McIntire to be discharged from custody; prisoner discharged.

Kamlesky et al. *vs.* Meyer; motion granted.

COURT OF GENERAL SESSIONS.

Before Recorder Hackett.

There were but three cases presented for trial yesterday in the Court of General Sessions, and these were passed upon by juries, who, in each instance, rendered a verdict of acquittal.

Stephen Smith, a young man, was tried for stealing two packages of silk, worth $67, from the shipping department of Messrs. H. B. Claflin & Co.'s establishment in Duane-street.

Henry Law, *alias* Hamilton Rose, and Chas. Early, were tried for stealing three horses, six blankets and a lot of harness, aggregating in value to $1,270, from James Sharpe, of No. 60 Grove-street, on the 15th inst.

Harriet Taylor, a denizen of the Five Points, who, in answer to the question what was her occupation, said "everything," was tried for robbing Henry Lavelle, of the Second-avenue, between Thirty-first and Thirty-second streets, on the night of the 7th inst., in the basement saloon corner Pearl and Chatham streets.

All of the above-named prisoners were acquitted and discharged.

The following sentences were pronounced upon prisoners previously convicted: Richard Barrett, attempt at burglary, third degree, Penitentiary one year; Edward Armstrong, attempt at grand larceny, State Prison five years; Charles Myers, attempt at grand larceny, State Prison five years; Jas. Talmer, Penitentiary one year.

THE SHARP-KELLY HOMICIDE.

Mr. Edwin Kelly was arraigned for trial for the murder of Thomas J. Sharp, which took place in December last, on the sidewalk before the Fifth-avenue Theatre, in Twenty-fourth-street, near Broadway.

The prosecution was represented by Mr. Gunning S. Bedford, Jr., assisted by Mr. John Anthon; while Mr. Henry L. Clinton cared for the defendant. The panel of jurors was called, but only one of the requisite twelve was obtained, when the panel was exhausted. The trial was thereupon postponed until Tuesday morning next, until which time the Court adjourned.

COURT CALENDARS FOR SATURDAY.

SUPREME COURT—CIRCUIT—BROOKLYN.

Nos.	Nos.
119—Anger vs. Campbell, Sheriff.	155—Haggerty vs. Campbell.
12—Fogerty vs. Stratford.	156—Thorp vs. City of Brooklyn.
33½——— vs. ——	157—Gardiner vs. Colby Skirt Company.
75—Williams vs. Babcock.	158—Sparks vs. Pike.
145—Draper vs. Reed.	159—Thompson vs. Crawford.
27—Gridley vs. Granger.	160—Hill vs. Voorhies.
59—Degrauw vs. Elmore.	162—Wakeley vs. Andrews.
32—Tinney vs. Lanning.	164—Sakovaka vs. Farrell.
151—Reither vs. Brown.	67—Tobin vs. Union.
152—McLoughlin vs. McElroy.	
154—Winkle vs. Sage.	

MONETARY AFFAIRS.

Sales at the Stock Exchange—April 24, 1868.

$10,000	U. S. 6s '68, C.	142	20	Bank S. of N. Y.	116
2,000	U. S. 6s, 5-20s, C. '65	110¾	49	Ninth National	105
10,000	U. S. 5-20s, C. '65, New....b3	108⅜	200	Canton Co....b60	49
12,000	do	108⅜	12	Del. & Hud. C.	158
20,000	do....b3	108⅜	21	West. U. Tel	37
2,000	do	108⅜	100	Quick. Min	27
85,000	U. S. 5-20s, R '67 New Issue	108⅜	200	Union Nav. Co	50
150,000	do	108⅜	100	Mariposa Prf	12
11,500	do....b3	108⅜	200	Adams Ex	62¾
6,000	U. S. 5-20s, C. '67 New Issue	108⅜	50	do	62½
50,000	do	108⅜	25	do	62
140	U. S. 5s, 10-40s, R.	102⅞	300	Wells-Fargo Ex	29½
10,000	U. S. 5s, 10-40, C....b3	102⅞	10	do	29¼
157,000	Tr. Notes, 7 3-10s 2d series	107	100	U. S. Ex. Co	62
24,000	do......Small	107	50	Mer. U. Ex	32
5,000	do	107	100	do	31½
32,000	do. 3d series	107	100	Reading R.	89¾
10,000	do	107	200	do....s30	89¾
45,000	Tenn. 6s, new	68	700	do	89⅝
5,000	Tenn. 6s....x-c	68⅞	13	Ill. Cen.	143¾
20,000	N. Car 6s.x-c	61	250	Cleve. & Pitts	82
1,000	do	61¼	200	do	81¾
10,000	do	61½	200	N. Y. Cen.	124¼
8,000	do	61¾	300	do	124½
5,000	do	62	100	do....s60	124
1,000	Missouri 6s	87	700	do	124
2,000	Erie 4th M	90	500	do....b30	124½
1,000	Har. 1st M	101	100	do....s60	123⅞
4,000	Alt. & T. H. 1st	94¾	300	do....s60	123¾
2,000	Mor. & E. 1st M	99¾	600	do	124¼
1,000	do	99½	100	do....s20	124
7,000	Chic. & Alt. In. B.	92½	400	Erie R.	69¼
1,000	M. & St. P. 1st m	91	400	Bost., Hart. & E.	14½
3,000	M. & St. P. 2d	83	300	M. S. & N. I.	89⅞
2,000	N. Y. & N. H. B..6s	96¼	300	Chi. & N. W. Pf.	75
4,000	Man'tan Gas bds	107	200	do	74
10	Bank of Amer.	141	100	do....s30	73⅞
20	Merch'ts Ex. Bank	111½	16	Clev. & Tol.	104½
20	Bank of Commerce	115½	200	do	104
10	Am. Ex. Bk.	116½	300	Chic. & R. I. R.	93¾
10	Irving Bank	106¼	500	do	93⅝
10	Fourth Nat. Bk.	104¼	100	Mil. & St. P.	62¼
5	Nassau Bank	108	200	T. W. & W.	55
			17	New-Jer. Cen. R.	115½
			10	P., Ft. W. & C.	103
			500	Ohio & Miss. R.b30	31½
			600	do	31¼
			100	Rens. & Sar. R.	85½

SECOND BOARD.

$10,000	U. S. 6s, '68, C.	142	100	Canton Co.	48½
25,000	U. S. 6s, 5-20s, R. '62	105	100	Boston W. P.	21
5,000	do	104⅝	100	Adams Ex.	62½
2,000	U. S. 6s, 5-20s, R. '64	104⅝	5	Fourth National	104¼
3,000	U. S. 6s, 5-20s, C. '64	110	5	Wells-Fargo Ex.	30
2,000	U. S. 6s, 5-20s, R. '65	104⅝	100	U. S. Ex. Co.	61
184,000	U. S. 6s, 5-20s, C. '65	108⅜	200	Mer. U. Ex.	31½
30,000	U. S. 5-20s, C. '67 New Issue	108⅜	100	N. Y. Cen.	122⅞
23,500	Tr. N. 7 3-10s 2d series	107	100	do	122⅞
5,000	Missouri 6s	87¼	750	do	122⅞
1,000	Tenn. 6s, new	67¾	100	do....b30	123
1,000	M. 6s, H. & St. J. Issue	87¼	300	do	122¾
5,000	N. Car. 6s....x-c	61½	100	do....s30	122⅞
			100	Erie R.	68¾
			100	Hud. Riv. R.	135
			200	Clev. & Pitts.	80¾
			100	Chi. & R. I....s15	93
			300	Ohio & Miss. R.	30⅞
			122	Del. L. & W. R.	115½
			200	New-Jersey R.	115½

OPEN BOARD—10 A. M.

600	Adams Ex.	63	100	Mil. & St. P. Pf....c	76
100	Quick. Min....c	27½	200	P., Ft. W. & C.	103¼
200	do	27¼	100	Ohio & Miss. R. R.	31⅛
300	Pacific Mail	92¾	100	Mich. So. & N. I....b4	89⅞
200	do....b3	92¾	500	Cleve. & Pitts....x-d	81¾
400	West. U. Tel	37¼	200	Clev. & Tol.	104
100	do....c	37	1100	Chi. R. I. & P.	93¾
800	N. Y. Cen. R.	123¾	200	do....c	93⅝
200	do....c	123⅞	100	do....b10	93⅝
500	do	123⅝	100	do....s5	93⅝
200	do	123½	400	do	93½
100	Hud. Riv. R.	135⅝	200	Chi. & N. W. Pf.	74¾
200	Erie R.	69	100	do....b5	74⅝
1100	do	68⅞	200	do	74⅝
200	do....b3	69¼	400	do	74¾
300	do....c	68⅞	200	do	74⅜
1100	Reading R.	89¾	100	do....c	74¾
200	do....b10	89⅞			

OPEN BOARD—1 P. M.

100	Wells-Fargo Ex. C.	29½	1200	Erie R.	69¼
100	Mer. U. Ex.	31½	200	do....c	69
140	Adams Ex.	62½	200	do....b3	69¼
100	Quicksilver....c	26½	200	Ohio & M. R.	31
200	Mar. Pref.	11½	200	Pitt. Ft. W. & C.	102⅞
800	Pacific Mail	92¾	300	Mich. S. & N. I.	89⅞
50	do	92½	200	Clev. & Pitts.	81
100	West. U. Tel.	37½	300	do....s60	80
1100	N. Y. Cen.	123¾	300	C., R. I. & P.	93⅞
300	do	123⅞	100	do	93⅞
300	do....b3	123⅝	100	do....b10	93⅝
100	do....b5	123½	100	do	93⅝
200	Reading R.	89¼	100	do....b5	93⅜
200	do....b10	89¼	100	Chic. & N. W. Pf. b3	74¾

OPEN BOARD—3½ P. M.

100	Adams Ex.	62½	600	Reading R.	89¾
100	do	62½	500	do....s60	89⅝
50	U. S. Ex.	61	100	do	89⅝
100	do....b30	60	200	do....b10	89⅝
100	Mer. U. Ex.	31¼	100	P., F. W. & C.	102⅞
600	N. Y. Cent.	123⅝	200	O. & Miss. R.	31
300	do	123⅝	400	Mich. S. & N. I.	89¾
1200	do	124	200	Clev. & Pitts R.	81
300	do	124⅛	200	Clev. & Tol.	104
200	do....b5	124	100	Chic. R. I. & P.	93¾
200	do....s3	123¾	600	do	93⅝
500	do....b3	124	200	do	93⅝
5	Am. Ex. Co.	60	100	do....s5	93⅝
800	Pacific Mail	93	100	Chi. & N. W. R. Pf.	74⅝
2100	Erie R.	70	100	do	74⅝
200	do....b3	70¼	300	do	74⅝
100	Tol., W. & W.	52¼			

FRIDAY, April 24—P. M.

The course of the Gold market turned downward to-day ¾@1 ₱ cent. from the best sales of yesterday, and the Gold for Cash delivery appeared suddenly to ease up, so that holders, at the close of the day paid from 4 to 6 ₱ cent. interest to carry over their balances. The market was influenced, first by an impression which obtained some currency yesterday that the heavy or free purchases of Wednesday and yesterday morning at 139¾@140@140¼ were made by a prominent firm of Brokers who had either previously sold three or four millions *short* or who sold the Gold of their dealers during the recent stringency in Money by way of carrying it over the pressure. This account being closed, the anxiety to buy at or above 140 ₱ cent. seemed to be abruptly diminished in the Gold Room, and the market was further influenced to-day by the reappearance of the Treasury as a moderate seller of part of its daily Customs, and also by a decline in Exchange on London to 109¾@110 ₱ cent., the quotation this afternoon as the actual business of the day for the steamers of Saturday. The sales of Gold were made at 139⅝@139⅜@139½@139⅜@139¼ ₱ cent., 139¼@139⅜ being the quotation at the close of Bank hours.

Money worked comfortably to the Brokers at 7 ₱ cent. They lent to each other, in some instances, at the close of business as cheap as 6 ₱ cent. on U. S. Stocks.

The Public Funds were active on the January and July 5-20s of 1865-67 at 108⅜@108½ ₱ cent., the latest date having about ⅛@¼ ₱ cent. the preference. The 7-30 ₱ cents. were also active at 107 ₱ cent. and interest. The 5-20s of 1862 were a fraction easier on account of the decline in Gold and Exchange. The 1864 and 1865 May and November issues and the 10-40s were steady, the last named ⅛ easier than the best sales of yesterday.

In the Railway market there was less excitement through the forenoon on New-York Central and Erie than on Wednesday and Thursday, while the feeling was rather steadier on Northwest Preferred and some other of the Western Roads, though this department of the list is not particularly strong, owing to the impression that there has been some considerable realizing within a day or two by prominent holders. The fluctuations in the sales of New-York Central up to 3 o'clock were 123¾@123⅞@123⅝@124¼@123½@123@122⅞ ₱ cent.; Erie, 68⅞@69@69¼@69⅝@69¼@68⅞@69 ₱ cent. The rumor of a change in the Treasurership of the Erie Road is positively contradicted on authority to-day. The State Bonds were generally steady to-day, New-York Bounty 7s and North Carolina Bonds higher than yesterday's.

After the 2:30 P. M. regular Board adjourned there was an upward turn of full 1@1¼ ₱ cent. on the sales of New York Central and Erie, which partially influenced the Western Roads, and after the 3:15 P. M. Open Board of Brokers the following quotations were made as compared with Thursday night. Gold fell off to 139@139¼ ₱ cent.

	Thur.	Frid.		Thur.	Frid.
U. S. 10-40s	102⅞	102¾	Missouri	87	87¼
U. S. 5-20s, 1862	112¼	111¾	Northwest	61⅝	62
U. S. Con. 5-20s	108⅜	108⅜	N. West Pref	73⅞	74⅜
N. Y. Central	123¾	124	Rock Island	93¾	94
Erie	69	70½	Fort Wayne	102⅝	102⅞
Hudson	134	135½	W. U. Telegraph	37	37½
Reading	89⅝	90	M'chants' Union	31¼	31½
Mich. Southern	89⅝	89¾	St. Paul Pref	75⅛	75¾
Ohio and Miss.	31	31	St. Paul Com	62⅛	62⅛
Pittsburgh	81⅛	81	Pacific Mail	92⅛	92¾
Toledo	103⅝	104	American Gold	140	139
Tenn 6s, new	68⅞	67½	Bills on London	110⅛	110

The following bids were made for the various Public Funds of the United States:

6 ₱ cent. 1868	140	5-20 coup. '67	108⅛
6 ₱ cent. coupon, 1868	141	Oregon W. L., ½ yr. '81	109
6 ₱ cent. reg., 1881	112⅜	5 ₱ cent. reg. 1871	120
500 & 1,000, 1881	113	5 ₱ cent. coup., 1871	125
5-20 reg., 1862	104⅝	5 ₱ cent., reg., 1874	111
5-20 500 & 1,000, 1862	111¾	5 ₱ cent. coup., 1874	115
5-20 reg., 1864	104⅝	End coup., 1874	111¼
5-20 500 & 1,000, 1864	110	10-40 reg.	102¼
5-20 reg., 1865	104⅝	10-40 500 & 1,000	102⅝
5-20 500 & 1,000, 1865	110⅛	7 3-10 2d series	107
5-20 cou., 1865, new is.	108⅜	7 3-10 3d series	107

And the following for the State Bonds:

N. Y. Bounty 7s	109	Tennessee 6 ₱ c. ex-c.	68
N. Y. State 7s, 1870	101⅛	Tennessee 6 ₱ c. n. bds	67¾
N. Y. Canal 6s, 1872-3-4	101	Virginia 6s., ex-c.	50
N. Y. Canal 6s, 1875	111¾	Virginia 6s, new bds.	48⅛
N. Y. Canal 6s, 1877-8	102	Georgia 6s.	74
N. Y. Canal 5s, 1874	96	Georgia 7s, new bonds	90
N. Y. Canal 5s, 1875	96	North Carolina 6s. x. c.	61¾
Ohio 6 ₱ c., 1870	99⅞	North Car. 6s. n. b.	60½
Ohio 6 ₱ cent., 1875	100	Missouri 6s	87
Indiana 5 ₱ c.	90	Mo. 6s. H. & St. Jo. is.	86
Michigan 7 ₱ c. W. L.	100	Connecticut 6s	100
Tennessee 6 ₱ c., 1868	75		

And the following for the City Bank Stocks.

New-York	130	Mec. B. Association	116
Manhattan	142½	Ocean	103
Merchants'	119	American Exchange	116½
Mechanics'	125	Irving	106½
Union	115	Metropolitan	135
America	142	East River	95
Phenix	111	Shoe and Leather	116
Fulton	151	Corn Exchange	120
Butchers' & Drovers'	121	Continental	104
National	109	St. Nicholas	107
Merch'ts' Exchange	111	Commonwealth	110
Leather Manuf's	170	Park	148½
Seventh Ward	111	Central National	106¼
State of New-York	115	Fourth National	104¼
Commerce	119	Ninth National	105

And the following for the Railway Mortgages:

N. Y. Cen. 6s, 1883	96	Chic. & N. W. int. Bds.	90
N. Y. Cen 6s, 1887	93¾	Con. 7 ₱ cent. conv.	88
N. Y. Cen. 6s, R. Es.	93	Con. 7 ₱ cent. 1st M.	87½
N. Y. Cen. 6s, Sub'n	93	Tol. & W. 1st Mort.	91
N. Y. Cen. 7s, 1876	120	Tol. & W. 1st M. Ex.	91¼
N. Y. Cen. 7's con. 1876	120	Tol & W. 2d M	90
N. Y. Cen. 7s 1865-'76	120	Gt. Western 2d M. '93	77
Erie 1st M., Ex.	104¾	Gal. & Chi. Ex.	100½
Erie 7s. 4th ind., 1880	89	Gal. & Chic. 2d M.	97
Erie 7s. 5th ind., 1888	89	Morris & Essex 1st M.	99¾
Buff., N.Y. & Erie 1st '77	96	Morris & Essex 2d M.	94
Hud. R. 7s. 1st M. '69-70	101	Clev. & Tol. S. F.	101⅛
Hud. R. 7s. 2d M. S. F. '85	105	Pitts. Ft. W. & Ch. 2d M.	97¼
Hud. R. 7s. 3d M. '75	101	Cleve. & P. 2d M.	95
Harlem 1st M.	100	Cleve. & P. 3d M. conv.	92
Mich. C. 8 ₱ c. '69-'72	107	Cleve. & P. 4th M.	75
M. C. new 1st M. 8s '82	110	Chi. & Alton S. F. in.	92
Mich. So. 7 ₱ c. 2d M.	93½	Ohio & Miss. 1st M.	92
N. Ind. Goshen Line '68	95	Dub. & Sioux C. 1st M.	86
Pac. R. 7s. guar. by Mo.	89¼	Peninsula R. R. bonds	90
Ill. Cen. 7 ₱ c. 1870	112	Mil. & St. Paul 1st M.	90¼
Alton & T. H. 1st M.	94¼	Mil. & St. Paul 2d M.	83
Alton & T. H. 2d M. pf.	83¼	Chic. & Mil. 1st M.	87½
Alton & T. H. 2d M. in.	81¼	Chi. & Gt. E. 1st M.	82
Chi. & N. W. S. Fund	94½	Chi. & N. H. 8s	95

NATIONAL BANKS—QUARTERLY STATEMENT.

	Jan., 1868.	April, 1868.
Capital paid in	$419,846,790	$420,221,210
Surplus fund	70,587,910	72,342,335
Profits unappropriated	31,321,941	32,780,722
National circulation	293,998,869	295,017,089
Old local circulation	3,792,333	3,310,177
Individual deposits	531,509,102	528,774,450
United States deposits	24,205,955	22,744,035
U. S. Disbursing Officers	3,182,717	4,880,996
Due to National Banks	98,134,142	93,979,629
To other Banks and Bankers	21,867,648	21,384,364
Total liabilities	$1,498,423,093	$1,495,438,907
	Jan., 1868.	April, 1868.
Loans and discounts	$616,165,073	$647,679,856
U. S. Stocks for circulation	338,627,250	339,266,650
Other United States funds	81,401,100	83,368,800
Legal-tender money	164,260,475	149,090,738
Gold and silver	18,034,850	15,315,919
Due from National Banks	99,230,495	95,533,983
Due from other banks	16,643,654	17,077,933
Bills of National Banks	12,353,171	12,562,228
Real estate	21,067,565	22,025,253
Stocks, bonds and mortgages	19,353,171	19,854,684
Cash items for Clearing-house	109,359,336	114,635,520
Miscellaneous	7,734,435	8,436,513
Total resources	$1,498,423,648	$1,495,438,907

The relative increased strength of the whole National Bank movement in April to the January statement may be thus stated:

	January.	April.
Deposits in gross	$531,500,102	$528,774,450
Less clearing items	109,359,336	114,635,520
Net deposits	$422,140,766	$414,138,930
Net bank balances	12,331,671	12,152,167
Due Treasury	27,383,673	27,625,030
Circulation	293,998,869	295,017,089
Demand liabilities	$755,854,979	$748,933,216
Gold and greenbacks	182,394,995	164,406,657
Pro rata	24¼ ₱ cent.	21.95 ₱ cent.

The day's business at the office of the United States Assistant Treasurer was as follows: Total receipts, $1,468,613 92; payments, $503,903 89; balance, $106,782,883 14. The receipts include for Customs, $466,000; gold notes, $266,000.

A City correspondent writes as follows of the Public Credit of the State of Tennessee:

"The Bonds of the State of Tennessee appear to be daily gaining the confidence of permanent investors since the State made, at the session of the Legislature recently adjourned, such ample provision for the punctual payment of the interest hereafter to grow due—the taxes being nearly doubled, and the collecting law stringent enough to secure punctuality in the collection. Another feature which gives capitalists confidence is the determination of the Legislature and the people that the debt of the State shall not be increased. All the railroads on which the State has a lien are to be placed in the hands of a Receiver, preparatory to being sold, in case their interest is not paid fifteen days in advance of its maturity. These severe and stringent measures appear quite satisfactory to the creditors of the State, many of whom are now purchasing largely of the bonds."

Another City correspondent communicates as follows in regard to the approaching annual meeting of the Canton Land Company, of Baltimore:

"The annual election of the Canton Company, we understand, is to take place early in June next.

The Company's affairs have been under the management of some of our best men, both here and in Baltimore, and we are informed its affairs are in a most flourishing condition. Its large real estate (some 2,500 acres) is improving rapidly in value, and those well informed in regard to it think that if the lots were put up at auction it would realize to the holders of the stock far higher figures than the present market price for the stock.

The annual report of its affairs will soon be published, and we are assured it will be a most favorable exhibit.

The two new lines of steamers, one from Bremen and the other from Southampton, to Baltimore, are expected to give a great impulse to the commerce of the latter city, and the wharves and land of the Canton Company will be brought into active requisition and demand."

The week's imports at this port of Foreign Dry Goods have been to the value of $1,137,196, against $1,336,866, same time last year. The following is the summary for the week:

	CONSUMPTION DIRECT.		WAREHOUSED.		WITHDRAWN.	
	Pkgs.	Value.	Pkgs.	Value.	Pkgs.	Value.
Man. of Wool	649	$198,405	277	$93,786	672	$229,411
Man. of Cotton	904	228,791	191	46,093	403	109,925
Man. of Silk	306	251,673	23	22,123	74	81,394
Man. of Flax	531	140,950	238	51,651	328	87,907
Miscellaneous	401	106,977	44	17,242	2,644	51,994
Total	2,790	$926,801	773	231,395	4,121	$560,631
		230,395				906,801

Total entered....$1,157,196 Total marketed..$1,467,432

Internal Revenue Decisions.

TREASURY DEPARTMENT,
OFFICE OF INTERNAL REVENUE,
WASHINGTON, April 16, 1868.

SIR: In answer to your letter of the 14th inst., I have to say that section fourth of the act of March 31, 1868, imposes a tax upon the sales of every person, firm or corporation, who shall manufacture any goods, wares or merchandise—breadstuffs and unmanufactured lumber excepted—not otherwise specially taxed as such, or who shall be engaged in the manufacture or preparation for sale of any articles or compounds not otherwise specially taxed, or shall put up for sale in packages, with his own name or trade mark thereon, any articles or compounds not otherwise specially taxed.

This tax is to be assessed quarterly upon the manufacturer, or upon the person, firm or corporation who manufactures, prepares, compounds, or puts up for sale, &c.

The first return is to be made on or before the 10th day of July, and quarterly thereafter; and will include all the sales of the preceding quarter, whether made by the manufacturer himself at the place of manufacture, or at places other than the place of manufacture, or by auction or commission houses, agents, peddlers, or otherwise, and upon the excess of the aggregate amount of such sale, however made, above the rate of $5,000 per annum—$1,250 per quarter—the Assessor will assess a tax of $2 per thousand and return the same to the Collector.

The tax of $2 per thousand imposed by this act upon the sales of manufacturers is independent of, and in addition to, the tax of $1 per thousand imposed by the second paragraph of the seventy-ninth section of the act of June 30, 1864, upon the sales of wholesale dealers in excess of $50,000 annually.

The returns of the manufacturer's sale will be required to be made, and the taxes paid in the Collector's District within which the place of manufacture is located, according to the proviso to the 115th section of the act of June 30, 1864.

Manufacturers of articles, &c., heretofore exempt, are equally liable to tax on sales as are other manufacturers. The only exceptions are those named in the act, viz.: of breadstuffs and unmanufactured lumber.

A manufacturer selling his own products at any place other than the place of manufacture, under a wholesale dealer's license, will be liable to the tax of $2 per 1,000 on the excess above $5,000 per annum, and also to the tax of $1 per 1,000 on the excess above $50,000 per annum. Yours respectfully,

E. A. ROLLINS, Commissioner.

TREASURY DEPARTMENT,
OFFICE OF INTERNAL REVENUE,
WASHINGTON, April 17, 1868.

SIR: The act of March 31, 1868, having repealed sections ninety-four and ninety-five of the act of June 30 1864, and all acts and parts of acts amendatory of said sections, except so much of the same as relates to the taxes imposed on gas, illuminating, lubricating or other mineral oils, wines therein described, snuff and manufactured tobacco, including cigarettes, cigars and cheroots, it will become necessary for Assessors to balance their ledger accounts kept with manufacturers, wherein they have charged the manufacturers with the gross amount of monthly products, and credited them with the amounts of monthly returns.

This balance will be made by first crediting the manufacturers with the amount of goods on hand which have been reported as made, but which have not been sold, consumed or used, nor such a removal made of them as caused the tax to accrue at the time of removal from the place of manufacture; and then with a final assessment, which should immediately be made, or as soon as the manufacturers have had time to receive accounts of all sales made by agents or others, prior to April 1, to cover the difference between the debtor and credit pages of the ledger.

Assessors are especially enjoined to see that all sales of manufactured goods made by agents prior to April 1, but not reported to their principals on or before that date, are subsequently reported and assessed for taxation.

These assessments may be made at any time and entered upon special lists, and certified or returned to the Collector. But it is desirable that all of these old accounts should be closed up with as little delay as possible.

All goods, wares and merchandise sold by manufacturers subsequently to April 1, 1868, and during the quarter ending June 30, upon which no taxes have been assessed and paid, and which are not specially taxed, (except breadstuffs and unmanufactured lumber,) will be subject to the provisions of the fourth section of the act of March 31, 1868, taxing sales, and a return of such sales will be required to be made on or before the 10th day of July, and in like manner for every succeeding quarter. Very respectfully, E. A. ROLLINS, Commissioner.

J. W. FRAZIER, Esq., Assessor First District, Philadelphia, Penn.

Transfers of Real Estate.

NEW YORK CITY.

Bethune-st., n. s. between Washington and West sts. 88x½ block	$9,000
Broadway and 8th-av., 47th and 48th sts., (title in estate of Francis Child,) q. c.	nom.
Catherine-slip, s. s., No. 20, 20x10	1,200
Gouverneur's-slip, w. s., 25 ft. s. of Front-st., 45x63.6	13,000
Grand-st., n. s., No. 108, 25 ft. e. of Mercer-st., 25x17	40,000
Greene-st., e. s., Nos. 58 and 60, between Broome and Spring sts., 50x100	62,000
Monroe and Jefferson sts., s. e. corner, 103.2x103.7 7-10x20x10x23.1 1-6x114.6	100,250
Mott-st., n. s., No. 277, 2½ block	10,650
Rivington-st., n. s., 23.6½ ft. w. of Ridge-st., 24.11½x83.11	24,950
Stanton and Attorney sts., n. e. corner, 25.6x69.7x25.2½x30.2½x50.1½x100	26,000
11th-st., n. s., 220.4 ft. e. of 3d-av., 16.8x100	18,000
14th-st., n. s., between Avs. A and B, 25x103	21,500
20th-st., s. s., lot No. 37, Vidal's map, 25x83.3	14,650
26th-st., s. s., 75 ft. e. of 6th-av., 17.6x98.9	12,000
28th-st., s. s., 460 ft. w. of 9th-av., 20x98.9	13,000
39th-st., s. s., 120.6 ft. e. of 8th-av., 20.6x98.9	14,000
40th-st., n. s., 105 ft. w. of 2d-av., 14x98.9	8,250
41st-st., No. 234, East, 26x½ block	21,500
43d-st., s. s., 250 ft. w. of 10th-av., 25x100	nom.
44th-st., s. s., 158.4 ft. e. of Madison-av., 16.8x100.5	4,686
44th-st., n. s., 146 ft. e. of 7th-av., 21x100.5	32,600
45th-st., s. s., 100 ft. w. of 2d-av., 25x100	13,250
50th-st., s. s., 206 ft. e. of 2d-av., 19x100.5	16,200
51st-st., s. s., 550 ft. e. of 10th-av., 25x100.5	9,000
55th-st., n. s., 193 ft. w. of 8th-av., 18x100.5	21,000
56th-st., n. s., 275 ft. w. of 5th-av., 25x100.5	10,150
58th-st., n. s., 85 ft. w. of 2d-av., 20x100.5	15,000
58th-st., n. s., 400 ft. w. of 8th-av., 50x100.5	nom.
58th-st., n. s., 450 ft. e. of 8th-av., 50x100.5	nom.
59th-st., s. s., 525 ft. w. of 6th-av., 75x100.5	40,800
59th-st., s. s., 75 ft. e. of 7th-av., 25x100.5	15,100
72d-st., n. s., 110 ft. e. of 3d-av., 125x½ block	19,500
87th-st., s. s., 250 ft. e. of 2d-av., 25x102.2	7,500
93d-st., n. s., 300.2 ft. w. of 3d-av., 16.6x10.8	11,500
93d-st., n. s., 255 ft. e. of 4th-av., 50x100.8½	7,000
111th-st., n. s., 230 ft. e. of 3d-av., 25x½ blk.	6,250
116th-st., n. s., 175 ft. e. of 10th-av., 225x100.11	16,650
118th-st., n. s., 107.9 ft. w. of Av. A, 19.9x100.10	12,015
129th-st., n. s., 185 ft. w. of 3d-av., 25x199.10	4,300
Hudson-av., n. s., 50 ft. e. of D-st., 50x150	2,750
3d-av. and 51st-st., n. e. cor., 25x58	24,750
2d-av., w. s., 51 ft. n. of 80th-st., 51x101.8	7,000
3d-av., w. s., 50.5 ft. s. of 55th-st., 25x95	$62,500
3d-av., w. s., 100.5 ft. s. of 56th-st., 25x95	
3d-av. and 76th-st., n. e. cor., 102.2½x105	33,500
4th-av. and 74th st., n. w. cor., 102.2x250	42,500
5th-av., e. s., 25.10 ft. s. of 6?th-st., 25x100	24,500
5th-av., e. s., 52.2 ft. s. of 84th-st., 50x100	28,100
8th-av., w. s., between 38th and 39th sts., 24.8x100	nom.
8th-av., w. s., 49.11 ft. n. of 143d-st., 25x100	1,500

Leases Recorded.

6th-st., No. 13, 5 years, per year	$1,650
1st-av., No. 224, 5 years, per year	1,600
1st-av., No. 323, 5 years, per year	1,400
1st-av., No. 327, 5 years, per year	1,400
6th-av. and 28th-st., n. w. cor., 2 years, per year	5,500

KINGS COUNTY.

Brooklyn.

A st., n. s., 175 ft. e. of Union-av., 25x100	$1,100
Baltic-st., s. s., 35 ft. e. of Bond-st., 25x100	800
Barbey-st., w. s., 150 ft. s. of Caroline-av., 50x100	1,725
Bolivar-st., s. s., 75 ft. w. of Hudson-av., 25x50	2,675
Bushwick Boulevard and Stagg-st. (3 irregular lots)	5,300
Cheever-place, w. s., 248.9 ft. n. of De Graw-st., 88.6¼x47.4½x15.6½x88.6½	6,400
Clinton-st., e. s., 13 ft. n. of Warren-st., 34x92.7	12,500
Hamilton-st., w. s., 85 ft. s. of Gates-av., 80x10.4x10x10.8x70x21	nom.
Hamilton-st., n. s., 233.3 ft. w. of Court-st., 22.3x100	6,000
Monroe-st., n. s., 165 ft. w. of Bedford-av., 20x90	5,500
Monroe-st., s. s., 100 ft. e. of Franklin-av., 25x100	1,500
Oxford-st., e. s., 370 ft. n. of Myrtle-av., 16.8x100	5,000
Pacific-st., s. s., 50 ft. e. of Boerum-st., 80.5x25x83.10x25	2,900
Penn-st., n. s., 108.2 ft. w. of Bedford-av., 43.2x100	1,780
President-st., n. s., 92 ft. w. of 6th-av., 25x95	1,300
Quincy-st., s. s., 285 ft. e. of Marcy-av., 20x100	4,250
Raymond-st., e. s., 462.2 ft. n. of Fulton-av., 20x75	9,500
River-st., s. s., 325 ft. e. of Bedford-av., 25x75	300
Ryerson-st., w. s., 84 ft. n. of Myrtle-av., 20x100	5,250
Sackett-st., n. s., 40 ft. w. of Bond-st., 20x100	4,700
Sackett-st., s. s., 200 ft. w. of Columbia-st., 20x95	3,500
Sackett and Nevins sts., n. e. corner, 100x100	4,500
Smith-st., w. s., (lots Nos. 29 and 30, Moore's map, Bushwick)	500
Smith-st., e. s., 75 ft. s. w. of Butler-st., 25x100	3,200
St. Mark's-place, s. s., 100 ft. e. of Nostrand-av., 50.7x140	12,000
Stockton-st., n. s., 225 ft. w. of Throop-av., 25x100	2,750
Tillary-st., s. s., 25 ft. e. of Bridge-st., 25x100	4,550
Warren-st., n. s., 125 ft. e. of Buffalo-av., 25x125	150
Warren-st., s. s., 115.5 ft. w. of Nevins-st., 20.2x100	4,000
3d-st., w. s., 40 ft. s. of South 1st-st., 20x75	nom.
South 7th-st., s. s., 80 ft. e. of 4th-st., 62.6x38x14x100x20	6,000
North 5th-st., s. w. s., 218.9 ft. n. w. of 5th-st., 18.9x100	2,206
8th-st., n. e. s., 347.10½ ft. n. w. of 6th-av., 75x100	3,000
9th-st., n. s., 205 ft. w. of 5th-av., 20.6x200	6,000
South 9th-st., s. s., 206.9 ft. e. of 7th-st., 23x123x23x124	9,700
11th-st., s. w. s., 135 ft. s. of 3d-av., 17.6x100	4,000
Bushwick-av., w. s., 25.9 ft. n. of Powers-st., 106.2x25x100x25.9	4,000
Evergreen-av. and Covert-st., n. e. cor., 25x100	550
Franklin-av., w. s., 136 ft. n. of Lafayette-av., 80x90x80x20.3	11,000
Fulton and Portland avs., s. e. cor., 82x63x32x28.4½	9,000
Greene-av., s. s., 60 ft. e. of Adelphi-st., 20x100	14,000
Marcy-av., e. s., 28 ft. n. of Hart-st., 25x100	7,290
Nostrand-av., w. s., 50 ft. n. of Kosciusko-st., 25x100	3,500

New Lots.

Brooklyn and Jamaica road and Smith-av., n. w. cor., 25x100.10	$300

NEW-JERSEY.

Jersey City.

Mercer-st., n. s., 25 ft. e. of Jersey-av., 20x100	$12,000
Monmouth-st., e. s., 58.6 ft. n. of South 5th-st., 12x50, (Deed of '61)	1,100
Same property, (Deed of '68)	2,500
Lot No. 13, Block No. 37, Van Vorst Farm, 25x100	4,750
Lot No. 18, Block A, Van Vorst Map, 25x90	13,000

Hoboken.

Clinton-st., w. s., lot No. 29, block No. 33, Costar's estate, 25x100	$2,200
Grand-st., e. s., lots Nos. 5 and 6, block No. 42, Costar's estate, 50x100	1,200

Hudson City.

Summit-av., lot No. 26, block No. 2, Hespe & Weber Map, 25x105	$600
Summit-av., lots Nos. 1 and 2, block No. 3, Hespe Weber Map, 50x100	1,600

Bergen.

Bergen-av., s. e. s., 64 ft. w. of Bergen-square, (M. de Mott's premises)	$6,000

BANKING AND FINANCIAL.

HOWES & MACY, BANKERS.
(Formerly officers of the Park Bank,)
30 Wall Street, N. Y.
FOUR PER CENT. INTEREST ALLOWED ON DEPOSITS.

The business of this house is the same as an Incorporated Bank.

Persons keeping accounts may deposit and draw as they please, the same as with the City Banks, and will be allowed interest on their daily balances at 4 per cent.

Collections made on any part of the United States or Canada.

Orders for the purchase or sale of the various issues of Government and other Stocks, Bonds, and Gold, promptly executed for the usual commission.

BROOKLYN CITY LOANS.
These include Park, Water and other Improvement Six and Seven per Cent. Bonds. For sale by
JAY COOKE & CO.
Wall and Nassau sts.

GENERAL MARKETS.

NEW-YORK, Friday, April 24, 1868.

The receipts of the principal kinds of produce, since our last, have been as follows:

Ashes, bbls.	23	Barley, bushels	3,000
Flour, bbls.	6,478	Malt, bushels	12,000
Flour, bags	4,539	Peas, bushels	....
Cornmeal, bbls.	1,867	Pork, bbls.	1,885
Cornmeal, bags	1,182	Cut Meats, pkgs.	612
Wheat, bushels	37,890	Lard, pkgs.	261
Corn, bushels	55,408	Beef, tcs. and bbls.	66
Rye, bushels	3,080	Whisky, bbls.	45
Oats, bushels	11,500	Petroleum, bbls.	286

ASHES—Have been in request and firm at $8 75@$8 87½ for Pots, and $11 50@$11 75 for Pearls, ₱ 100 lbs.

BEESWAX—Has been in light supply and fair request at 45½c.@46c. for Yellow, ₱ lb.

BRICKS—Have been rather actively sought after, including common Hard at $8@11, Croton at $18@$22, and Philadelphia Front at $45@$50 ₱ thousand.

BOOTS AND SHOES—There has been a better inquiry for seasonable work, which has not been very freely offered, and which has been quoted quite firm and buoyant in prices, as follows: Men's Thick and Kip Boots at $2 50@$4 50; Boys', $1 75@$3; Youths', $1 37@$2 25; Men's Calf Pegged, $3 25@$5; Men's Calf Sewed, $4@$6 50; Boys' Calf Pegged, $3@$3 75; Youths' $2@$2 75; Men's Kip Brogans, $1@$1 75; Men's Split Brogans, 95c.@$1 35; Boys' Kip and Split Brogans 85c.@$1 30; Youths', 65c.@$1 10; Men's Split and Buff Balmorals, $1 50@$2 25; Men's Calf and Buff Balmorals, $2@$2 62; Men's Buff and Calf Congress, $2@$2 75; Boys', $1 35@$2; Youths', 90c.@$1 50; Women's Split and Kip Boots, 95c.@$1 40; Women's Split and Kip Balmorals, $1@$1 50; Women's Buff and Calf Balmorals, $1 15@$2 10; Ladies' Sewed Goat, Kid and Calf Boots, $1 75@$2 50; Ladies' Sewed Goat Balmorals, $2@$3; Misses' Pegged Buff, Goat and Kid, $1 25@$1 75; Misses' Sewed, $1 60@$2 25; Children's Sewed, 75c.@$1 25; Children's Pegged, 60c.@$1; Ladies' City-made Gaiters, $1 75@$3; Ladies' Eastern-made, $1 05@$3; Misses' Eastern-made, 90c.@$1 75; Children's Eastern-made, 70c.@$1 10; Fancy Children's S. H. and Heel Shoes, 40c.@$1, ₱ pair.

CANDLES—Have been in good demand, including Adamantine at 21c.@23c. for light weights; Plain Sperm at 45c.@48c., and Patent do., 55c.@58c. ₱ lb.

COAL—All kinds have been quiet at steady rates.

CEMENT—Has been in active request at previous figures. Rosendale, $1 75 ₱ bbl.

COFFEE—Has been firm, and in good request, including Java at 23½c.@24½c.; Maracaibo, 16c.@18c.; Laguayra, 16c.@17½c.; Rio, 9c.@13½c., in bond; Native Ceylon, 18c.@20c.; Jamaica, 15c.@15½c.; Domingo, 14½c.@15c., all in gold, ₱ lb.

COTTON—Opened briskly at a further advance of ½c. ₱ lb., but closed tamely at our quotations. Speculators were the principal buyers. The aggregate of the reported sales was 6,036 bales, including 479 bales to spinners, 1,500 to shippers, and 4,057 to speculators. Messrs. CORNWALL & ZEREGA are quoting as follows, in their circular for the current week, the

Closing Prices of Cotton:

	Upland.	Mobile.	N. O. & Tex.
Ordinary, ₱ lb.	28½	28¾	29 @—
Good Ordinary	30½	30¾	30¾@31
Low Middling	31½	31¾	31¾@32
Middling	32½	32¾	33 @33½
Good Middling	34½	34¾	35 @—

Movements of Cotton at this Port.

	Bales.
Receipts thus far this week	5,520
Receipts last week	10,662
Receipts preceding week	11,681
Receipts since Jan. 1, 1868	319,471
Receipts since Sept. 1, 1867	546,993
Receipts year ending Jan. 1, 1868	679,672
Receipts year ending Sept. 1, 1867	273,927
Receipts year ending Jan. 1, 1867	657,438
Receipts year ending Sept. 1, 1866	511,630
Exports since Jan. 1, 1868	175,560
Exports since Sept. 1	323,561
Exports year ending Jan. 1, 1868	438,119
Exports year ending Sept. 1, 1867	472,590
Exports year ending Jan. 1, 1867	381,099
Exports year ending Sept. 1, 1866	495,300
Estimated stock on hand here	97,500

Movements in Cotton at all the Shipping Ports.

Receipts at all the shipping ports of the United States from the close of the war, May 1, 1865, to Sept. 1, 1866	2,571,040
Receipts at all the ports, since Sept. 1, 1867	2,028,000
Receipts same time 1866-7	1,647,000
Receipts at all the ports year ending Sept. 1, 1867	1,331,988
Receipts preceding cotton year	2,154,476
Exports from all the ports since Sept. 1, 1867, to latest mail dates	1,439,000
Exports same time 1866-7	1,143,000
Exports from all the ports year ending Sept. 1, 1867	1,557,054
Exports preceding cotton year	1,554,664
Estimated stock on hand at all the ports Aug. 31, 1867	80,298
Estimated stock on hand at all ports, at latest mail dates	271,000
Estimated stock same time in 1867	430,000

DRY GOODS—A rather livelier inquiry has been experienced since our last for desirable fabrics, and a fair trade is now in progress, prices being favorable to buyers in most instances. The week's imports of foreign dry goods have been to the specie value of $1,137,196; total amount marketed, $1,467,432, including 560,631 of previous importation.

DRUGS, DYES AND DYEWOODS—A good inquiry prevails for the leading articles at firm and buoyant prices.

FEATHERS—Have been in limited request at from 75c.@90c. for Live Geese ₱ lb.

FIRE-CRACKERS—Have been rather more sought after at $3@$3 15 for Canton, ₱ box.

FISH—There has been a very moderate movement in all descriptions, including Dry Cod at $5 12@$6 87 ₱ cwt.; No. 1 Mackerel, $17 75@$20; No. 2 do., $14@$18; No. 3 do., $10@$12 50 ₱ bbl. Pickled Herring, $6 25@$9 ₱ bbl. Smoked Herring, 32½c.@45c. for Scale, and 20c.@22½c. for No. 1 ₱ box.

FLOUR AND MEAL—State and Western Flour has been in fair request, and generally steady in price. The home trade demand has been more animated for some days past. The export inquiry has been less urgent. The offerings of desirable lots have been quite moderate, and the principal holders have not been eager to realize at current rates. Sales have been reported since our last of 10,800 bbls., including poor to choice Superfine State and Western at $9 25@$10 00; very inferior to fair ordinary extra State at $10 25@$10 75; fair ordinary to very choice genuine Spring Wheat extra State at $10 75@$11 50, and poor to good shipping brands of round-hoop extra Ohio at $10 35@$10 85 ₱ bbl. We quote:

Superfine State and Western	$9 25@10 00
Extra State	10 25@11 50
Extra Illinois, Indiana, Michigan, &c.	10 25@14 00
Extra Ohio, round-hoop, shipping brands	10 35@10 85
Extra Ohio, trade and family brands	10 85@14 25
Extra Genesee	11 60@14 25
Common to choice extra Missouri	11 25@16 75

Southern Flour has been in moderate demand and firm. Sales have been reported since our last of 600 bbls. at $10 30@$11 20 for common to fair, and $11 20@$15 40 for fair to very superior extra, ₱ bbl. California Flour is in less demand, but firm; sales have been reported of 750 sacks at $12 90@$14 75 for extras, ₱ 196 lbs. Rye Flour is in fair demand and buoyant in price, at $8 25@$9 75 for inferior to choice, ₱ bbl.; sales 630 bbls. Corn Meal continues in good request at $5 90@$6 for Jersey; $5 15@$6 for Western; $6 for Caloric; $5 90 for City, and $6 35@$6 50 for Brandywine, ₱ bbl.; sales 850 bbls.

FRUIT—Foreign varieties have attracted more attention, including Layer Raisins at $3 90@$3 95 ₱ box; Currants at 11½c.@11½c.; Almonds at 18c.@37c., and Figs at 12½c.@25c. ₱ lb.

GRAIN—Wheat has been less abundant, and has been in moderate request, chiefly for export, at a shade firmer prices. Sales have been reported since our last of 31,500 bushels, including No. 1 Spring in store at $2 50; No. 2 do. at $2 50@$2 53; White Genesee at $3 21; Amber State at $2 95; White Southern at $3 20, and White California on private terms, per bushel. Corn has been in better supply and less demand at lower prices, closing quite heavily; sales have been reported of 58,000 bushels at $1 14½@$1 19 for New Mixed Western, in store and afloat; $1 17½ for Old Mixed Western, in store; $1 18 for poor Old do., delivered; $1 20@$1 24 for New Yellow Jersey, Western and Southern; $1 13@$1 16 for New Straw-colored and White Southern, and $1 14@$1 16 for White Western, ₱ bushel. Rye has been scarce and much wanted at advancing prices; sales have been reported, sincee our last, of 11,450 bushels at $2 05 for ordinary Western, to arrive on the opening of the Canal; and $2 25@2 28 for small parcels of Prime to Choice State, on the spot, ₱ bushel. Barley is dull at former rates, and very little offering. Barley Malt has been purchased to the extent of 2,700 bushels at $2 20@$2 25 ₱ bushel. Oats have been in slack demand and quoted a trifle cheaper; sales have been reported of 36,500 bushels Western at 85c., in store, and 86@7c.87½c., delivered, ₱ bushel.

GUNNY BAGS AND BAGGING—Have been in moderate demand at 18½c.@19½c. and 21½c.@22c. respectively.

HAY—North River Bale has been in good demand at 85c.@90c. for shipping, and $1 20@$1 50 for poor to very choice, for local use, ₱ 100 lbs. Straw is in fair request at 60c.@80c. for short and long, ₱ 100 lbs.

HEMP—Continues quiet, but steady, including American at $210@$240 for undressed, and $320@$330 for dressed; Jute, at 5c.@6½c., gold, ₱ ton; Manilla, 10½c.@10¾c., gold, ₱ lb.

HIDES—Have been in rather better demand at former rates.

HOPS—Have been in light demand, yet steady, including American at 10c.@55c. for new; older growths, 5c.@25c., and foreign at 20c.@50c. ₱ lb. We quote in detail thus: New-York State, common to fair, 10c.@20c.; good to prime, 25c.@35c.; choice to fancy, 45c.@50c. Eastern, common to fair, 10c.@20c.; prime to choice, 35c.@50c. Wisconsins, common to fancy, 30c.@55c. Michigans, common to fair, 10c.@20c.; good to prime, 30c.@40c. Yearlings of all grades, 10c.@25c.; old Olds, 5c.@15c. Foreign—Canadians, 15c.@50c.; Bavarians, 30c.@40c.; Belgians, 20c.@25c., ₱ lb. The week's business in this line Mr. EMMET WELLS notices thus: "Our market exhibits no material change from that reported during the past few weeks. The most important feature noticeable is a reshipment of 50 bales of Bavarian Hops to London. Though small, it is a beginning of what is likely to be followed by further shipments of the same kind, unless there be a better home demand, and an improvement in prices. Should the market on the other side improve sufficient to warrant the shipment of a few thousand bales of our common Hops, it would help us very much; but there are no present visible signs of our being favored in this respect, while we consider the fact that the late improvement, reported in the London market, has again been followed by a relapse and decline in values. Pole setting for the new crop is now quite general throughout our country; and although present predictions as to the coming crop may be considered premature by some people, we shall soon try to enhance the value of these weekly reviews by giving the reported condition of the root and vine throughout the Hop districts, together with such other information as will be of interest to the grower. Imports into New-York this week—from Liverpool, 67 bales; from Bremen, 10 bales—total, 77 bales. Exports for the same period—to London, 50 bales Bavarians; to British North American Colonies, 6 bales; to Canada, 12 bales; to New-Granada, 3 bales; to Brazil, 2 bales—total, 73 bales. Our last advices from London report signs of a decline in that market. Although the small stock of English growth actually on offer tended to sustain prices generally, the falling off in the demand caused values to recede from 4s.@5s. ℔ cwt., particularly on Sussex. Foreign samples were generally very firm, and, judging from the better prices then obtainable in the Continental markets, it was expected that many parcels then in the country would find their way back to their native place. Continental advices, recently received, indicate much firmness, and a more active business at slightly improved rates."

LATHS—Have been in active request at $3 75 for Eastern ℔ 1,000.

LEATHER—Has attracted more attention at firm and rising prices.

LIME—Rockland has been in pretty brisk demand at $1 25 for common, and $2 for lump, ℔ bbl.

LUMBER—Has been in more request at firm and buoyant prices. Eastern Spruce and Pine, $18@$22 ℔ 1,000 feet.

METALS—All decriptions have been very lightly dealt in since our last, including Ingot Copper at 22¾c.@23¼c. ℔ lb.; No. 1 American Pig Iron, $38@$39; No. 2 do., $36@$37; Scotch Pig, $39@$42; English and American Bar Iron, refined, $82 50@$87 50 ℔ ton; Pig Lead, $6 35@$6 87½, in gold, ℔ 100 lbs.; Foreign Spelter, 6⅜c.@6½c., in gold, ℔ lb.; Straits Tin, 24c.@24¼c., in gold, ℔ lb.; Banca Tin, 27¼c.@27½c., in gold, ℔ lb.; Zinc, 11½c.@12c. ℔ lb.

MOLASSES—Has been in very moderate request, including Porto Rico at 55c.@75c.; Cuba at 37c.@55c.; New-Orleans, 80c.@95c. ℔ gallon.

NAVAL STORES—Have been in more demand and firmer, including Spirits Turpentine at 69c.@71c. ℔ gallon; Crude do. at $4 75@$5; Resin at $3 37@$8 37 ℔ 280 lbs.; Tar at $3@$3 62½; Pitch at $3 37@$3 50 ℔ bbl.

OILS—Have been quiet but firm, including Crude Whale at 72c.@73c.; Bleached Whale at 82c.@85c.; Crude Sperm at $2@$2 05; Unbleached Whale at $2 20@$2 25; Lard Oil at $1 20@$1 55; Red Oil at 65c.@90c.; Linseed Oil at $1 15@$1 18; Olive, $2 50@$2 62½ ℔ gallon.

OIL CAKE—Has been scarce and quiet at from $51@$56 ℔ ton.

PETROLEUM—Continues in limited request at 12c.@12½c. for Crude in bulk; 16¾c.@17¼c. for do. in bbls.; 24½c.@27½c. for Refined, in bond, and 34c.@35c. for Refined, free, ℔ gallon.

PROVISIONS—Pork has been in moderate demand at rather firmer prices. Sales have been reported since our last of 3,500 bbls. in lots, at $27 87@$28 12, closing at $28 06, cash, for New Western Mess; $28 25 for New City Mess; $26 75@$27, closing at $27, for Old Mess; $26 75@$27 for Thin Mess; $25@$25 25, chiefly at $25, for Prime Mess; $22 50@$23 for Prime and Extra Prime ℔ bbl. Cut Meats have been unusually active at firmer prices. The demand has been mainly for Sweet Pickled Hams, which have advanced sharply, closing with an upward tendency. Sales equal to 1,300 pkgs. at 16¾c.@18c., chiefly at 17½c.@18c. for Hams; 20c.@22c. for bagged do.; and 12½c.@13½c. for Shoulders, ℔ lb. Bacon continues inactive, but firm; sales have been reported since our last of 150 boxes at 14½c. for Cumberlands, and 17½c.@17¾c. for Short Clear, ℔ lb. Lard has been in less demand at full prices; sales have been reported since our last of 650 tcs. and bbls., at 17⅞c.@18⅝c. for poor to prime, and small lots of choice at 18¾c. ℔ lb. Beef continues in good request, at $15@$20 50 for Plain Mess; $20 50@$24 75 for Extra do., and $9@$15 for inferior grades of barreled Mess Beef; sales have been reported of 570 bbls. Tierce Beef has been in fair demand, including Prime Mess at $34@$39 and India Mess at $41@$43 50 ℔ tierce; sales since our last 300 tcs. Beef Hams inactive; small lots changed hands at $36@$36 50 ℔ bbl. Butter has been in less request and quoted less firm, as follows:

NEW CROP BUTTER.

Fresh pails, State and Jersey, ℔ lb.	.52 @55
Pennsylvania, ℔ lb.	.52 @55
State, firkins, ℔ lb.	none.
State, half-firkin, tubs, ℔ lb.	.52 @53
Welsh, tubs, ℔ lb.	.50 @53
Western, firkins, ℔ lb.	none.
Western, tubs, ℔ lb.	.40 @45

OLD CROP BUTTER.

Low to common qualities State, ℔ lb., old	.15 @18
Low to common qualities Canada, ℔ lb., old	.13 @15

Cheese has been in good demand, especially for export. We quote:

Factory Dairies, fancy and Cheddar shapes, ℔ lb	16½@17
Factory Dairies, fine quality, ℔ lb.	15½@16¼
Factory Dairies, common to fair quality, ℔ lb.	13½@15
Farm Dairies, fancy and extra quality, ℔ lb.	15½@16½
Farm Dairies, fair to good, ℔ lb.	14 @15
Farm Dairies, common, ℔ lb.	12 @13
Orange County, Skimmed Cheese, ℔ lb.	9 @10

RICE—Continues in limited demand at former prices, including Carolina at $10 75@$11 50, and Rangoon at $4@$4 25, gold, in bond, ℔ 100 lbs.

SALT—Has been lightly dealt in, including Cadiz at 37c.@38c.; Turk's Island at 45c., by the cargo, ℔ bushel; Liverpool ground at $1 65@$1 70; do. fine at $2 50@$2 85, and Prussian at $3 25 ℔ sack.

SEEDS—Have been in limited request, including Clover at from 9¾c.@10¼c. ℔ lb.; rough Flax at $2 70@$2 80; Calcutta Linseed at $2 30@$2 35, gold; Timothy at $2 30@$2 50 ℔ bushel.

SKINS—Have been moderately sought after at uniform quotations, as follows: Honduras, Deer, at 42½c.@45c.; San Juan, 40c.@42½c.; Bolivar, 30c.@32½c.; Sisal, 45c.@46c.; Vera Cruz, 42½c.@45c.; Chagres, 42½c.@45c.; Puerto Cabello, 35c.@37½c.; Para, 47½c.@50c., in gold, ℔ lb.; Tampico, Goat, 40c.@45c.; Matamoras, 40c.@42½c.; Vera Cruz, 40c.@45c.; Buenos Ayres, 28c.@30c.; Payta, 27c.@29c., gold, ℔ lb.; Curacoa, 35c.@39c., currency; Cape, 42½c.@45c., currency; Madras, 40c.@45c., each.

SOAP—Has been in fair demand at steady rates, including Castile at 16½c.@17¼c.; Colgate's Pale, 9½c.; Family, 10c., and No. 1 at 7c. ℔ lb.

SPICES—Have been inactive but generally steady, including Mace at 92½c.@95c.; No. 1 Nutmegs at 87½c.@89c.; Cassia at 51c.@52c.; Cloves at 26½c.@27c.; Pepper at 23½c.@24½c.; Pimento at 19½c.; Ginger at 11½c.@12c., gold, ℔ lb.

SUGARS—Have been in good demand at firm rates. Sales have been reported since our last of 1,175 hhds. Cuba, &c., at from 11c.@13⅞c., and 934 boxes Havana, part at 10⅞c.@14½c. ℔ lb. Refined Sugars continue in good demand at from 14c.@17c. ℔ lb.

TALLOW, &c.—Sales, 62,500 lbs. Tallow at 12½c.@12¾c.; 66,000 lbs. Stearine at 17½c.@18⅝c. ℔ lb.; 88,000 lbs. Grease at 9c.@12½c. ℔ lb.

TEAS—Have been in rather better request, including Gunpowder and Imperial at from $1@$1 85; Hyson at from 90c.@$1 50; Young Hyson at 77½c.@$1 65; Uncolored Japan at from 87½c.@$1 25; Oolong at from 68c.@$1 60; Souchong and Congou at from 62½c.@$1 55 ℔ lb.

TOBACCO—Has been very moderately inquired for at uniform quotations.

WHISKY—Continues quite dull and unsettled in price.

WOOL—The main feature of the past three days' trade has been the auction sale, on Thursday, of Mestiza Wool, at which the attendance was good, and the bidding for such lots—chiefly of low grades—as suited manufacturers was animated. The average prices realized showed some improvement on private quotations. The lots sold comprised 1,284 bales Buenos Ayres at from 26½c.@37½c.; 345 bales Bonda Oriental at from 17½c.@39c., chiefly at 33½c.@39c., and 127 bales Buenos Ayres Pulled, cleaned, at from 60c.@83c. ℔ lb. The dealings in Domestic have been quite limited within our range:

Prices Current for Domestic Wool in New-York.

	Cents per lb.
New-York, Michigan and Vermont.	
Extra and above	50@52
½ and ¾ blood do	45@48
Common and ¼ do	40@43
Ohio, Pennsylvania and Virginia.	
Choice Saxony fleece	60@67
Extra to XX do	52@57
½ and ¾ blood do	45@50
Common and ¼	40@44
Illinois, Wisconsin, Iowa and Indiana.	
Extra and above	47@50
½ and ¾ blood fleece	42@45
Common and ¼ fleece	39@42
Kentucky, Missouri, Tennessee, Georgia and Alabama.	
Washed fleeces	43@50
Unwashed fleeces	28@33
Unwashed fleece, burry	18@23
Texas.	
Washed fleece	35@45
Unwashed fleece, medium to fine	25@33
Common fleece	20@23
Common fleece, burry	18@23
California and Oregon.	
Washed fleece, medium	37@42
Unwashed fleece, medium and fine	24@32
Unwashed fleece, coarse	20@24
Unwashed burry, coarse	15@20
Pulled fine	36@40
Pulled medium	30@38
Pulled common	24@28
Pulled Wool.	
Extra	42@50
Super	40@48
No. 1	35@40
No. 2	14@20
Lambs	38@45
Western limed, pulled	35@40
Southern limed, pulled	30@34
Tub washed	45@55

FREIGHTS—Have been quite dull to-day, owing partly to the diminished supply of room available and the advanced rates claimed by ship-owners. For Liverpool there have been taken since our last 22,500 bushels Grain, by steamer, at 6½d.@7d. ℔ bushel. For Cork and orders, a vessel with Corn, at 6s. 6d. ℔ quarter. For a Continental port, direct, a vessel with Petroleum, at 5s. ℔ bbl.

RELIGIOUS NOTICES.

REV. WM. P. CORBIT, PASTOR OF the 17th-st. Methodist Episcopal Church, between 1st and 2d avs., will preach SUNDAY MORNING and EVENING. Seats free. Prayer-meeting 3½ P. M.

MIDNIGHT MISSION.—SPECIAL SERMON on the subject by Rev. J. O. Murray, D. D., in the Brick Church, 5th-av. and 37th-st., SUNDAY EVENING, at 7½ o'clock.

TRINITY CHAPEL—WEST 25TH-ST., NEAR Broadway—Rev. Dr. Dix will deliver a course of lectures on *Subjects of the Day*, beginning April 26. Services at 7½ o'clock. Seats free.

RELIGION OF HUMANITY.—HENRY EDGER will complete his course of lectures on the *Religion of Humanity*, SUNDAY MORNING, at hall corner 6th-av. and 14th-st., at 10½ A. M.

TRINITY M. E. CHURCH, 34TH-ST., BEtween 7th and 8th avs.—Preaching by Rev. Cyrus Foss, MORNING and EVENING. Strangers invited.

WEST 53D-ST. BAPTIST CHURCH, near of 7th-av.—Rev. Wm. H. Pendleton, Pastor, will preach SUNDAY next at 10½ A. M. and 7½ P. M.

CHURCH OF THE REDEMPTION, EAST 14th-st.—This Church is closed for cleaning and repairs. Will be reopened on SUNDAY, May 3.

CHURCH OF THE MEDIATOR—CORNER of Lexington-av. and 30th-st.—Rev. James E. Homans, Rector. Services at 10½ A. M. and 3½ P. M.

BLEECKER-ST. UNIVERSALIST CHURCH, corner Downing-st.—Rev. A. C. Thomas will preach in this Church SUNDAY, at 10½ A. M. and 7½ P. M.

ADVENT CHURCH—ROOM 18 COOPER INstitute—Elder W. S. Campbell will preach on SUNDAY, at 10½ A. M. and 3 P. M.

ST. THOMAS' CHURCH—B. W. WILLIAMS, Sexton and Undertaker, No. 276 6th-av.

RELIGIOUS NOTICES.

CHAPEL OF THE HOLY SAVIOUR, East 25th-st., near Madison-av.—Services on SUNDAY the 26th inst., at 10½ A. M. and 3½ P. M. Rev. E. Y. Higbee, D. D., will officiate in the morning, and Rev. F. C. Ewer in the afternoon.

A COURSE OF LECTURES ON CHURCH Principles will be given at Trinity Chapel, 25th-st., by Rev. Morgan Dix, D. D., beginning on SUNDAY EVENING, April 26, and continuing for six Sunday evenings.

SUBJECTS:

April 26—*The Church a Supernatural and Divine System, and not a Voluntary Christian Association.*
May 3—*The Christian Priesthood a Sacred Order, and not a Human Institution.*
May 10—*Causes of Decay of Faith in the Ordinances of the Church.*
May 17—*Catholic and Protestant.*
May 24—*Catholic Unity and Sectarian Union.*
May 31—*The Religious Future of the American People.*

Hour of service 7½ o'clock. At each lecture a collection will be made in aid of the fund for the school under the charge of the Sisterhood of Saint Mary.

THE ANNUAL MEETING OF THE NEW-York Protestant Episcopal City Mission Society will be held in Calvary Chapel, adjoining the Church, northwest corner of 4th-av. and 21st-st., on THURSDAY next, 30th inst., at 8 o'clock P. M., for the election of officers for the ensuing year.
ALBERT McNULTY, Jr., Secretary.

NEW-YORK PORT SOCIETY'S MAR-INER'S CHURCH AND MISSIONS.—Preaching SUNDAY corner of Catharine and Madison sts. by the Pastor, Rev. E. D. Murphy, at 10½ A. M. and at 7½ P. M.; at corner of Water and Dover sts. at 3 P. M., and at No. 27 Greenwich-st. at 3½ P. M. Seats free.

FIVE POINTS HOUSE OF INDUSTRY, No. 155 Worth-st.—Sabbath services are held at this institution every SABBATH AFTERNOON at 3 o'clock. Short addresses and singing by a choir of more than 200 children. Strangers are invited to attend.
S. B. HALLIDAY, Superintendent.

ST. ANN'S FREE CHURCH, 18TH-ST., near 5th-av.—SUNDAY, Rev. Dr. Gallaudet will preach at 7½ and 10½ A. M., and 3 P. M.; the latter service for deaf mutes, and Rev. George C. Pennell. Rev. S. F. Holmes will preach at 7½ P.M., in the chapel, corner of 18th-st. and 8th-av.

CHAPEL OF THE HOLY APOSTLES, Rutgers College, 5th-av., above 41st-st.—Rev. R. S. Howland, D. D., Rector; Rev. T. K. Conrad, Associate Rector.—Divine service every SUNDAY at 10½ A. M. and 4 P. M. On the 26th inst. Rev. T. D. Newlin, of Philadelphia, will preach in the afternoon.

NOTICE.—ASSEMBLY ROOM, LINCOLN HALL, 33d-st., corner 8th-av.—Rev. R. C. Shimeall, Minister. Services, 10½ o'clock A. M., and 7½ o'clock P. M. Subject for evening: *Unveiling of the "Times and Seasons" of Holy Scripture* Families and others invited. Seats free.

THE EASTER FESTIVAL OF THE Sunday-school of the Church of the Holy Sepulchre, Rev. J. Tuttle Smith, Rector, will be held at the church on 3d-av., between 77th and 78th sts., SUNDAY AFTERNOON, April 26, at 3½ o'clock. Services in the morning at 10½ o'clock. Seats free.

YOUNG MEN'S CHRISTIAN ASSOCIA-TION.—Monthly meeting MONDAY EVENING, at 8 o'clock, at No. 61 5th-av., corner 22d-st. The essay by Charles H. Sweetser, of the *Evening Mail*. Young men cordially invited. LEMUEL BOLTON BANGS, Recording Secretary.

FRENCH EVANGELICAL CHURCH, No. 9 University-place, between Waverley-place and 8th-st.—Divine service every SUNDAY, at 10½ A. M. precisely. Prayer-meeting every THURSDAY, at 7½ P. M. Rev. L. C. Henriod, Pastor, from Neufchatel, (Switzerland.)

THE REFORMED DUTCH CHURCH, lately in 21st-st., Rev. Alex. R. Thompson, D. D., Pastor, will meet for worship, please God, in Lyric Hall, 6th-av., between 41st and 42d sts., on SUNDAY, at 10½ o'clock A. M., and 4 o'clock P. M. Sunday-school and children's service at 2½ o'clock P. M.

LEXINGTON-AV. METHODIST EPISCO-PAL CHURCH, corner of 52d-st.—Rev. Hiram Mattison, D. D., will preach in the morning at 10½ o'clock. The Pastor, Rev. W. H. Evans, in the evening, at 7½ o'clock. Love-feast in the afternoon at 3½ o'clock. Seats free.

ZION CHAPEL, 3D-AV., NEAR 39TH-ST.—REV. Jas. Murray, Curate.—SUNDAYS, service and sermon 10½ A. M., and 7½ P. M.; Sunday-school, 9 A. M. and 3 P. M. The Holy Eucharist on the second Sunday morning in every month. Baptism at any service. Seats free.

OLD JOHN-ST. M. E. CHURCH.—PULPIT services at 10½ A. M. and 7½ P. M. Rev. Allen T. Thompson, the eloquent temperance lecturer and preacher, will occupy the pulpit in the morning. Sunday-school at 9 A. M. and 2 P. M. Seats free. Strangers cordially invited.

FIVE POINTS MISSION, SITE OF THE Old Brewery, No. 61 Park-st.; the original Mission at the Points. Rev. J. N. Shaffer, Superintendent. Principal Sunday-school at 2 o'clock P. M.; short addresses by visitors; singing of select pieces by the children.

GREENE-ST. M. E. CHURCH, BETWEEN Broome and Spring sts.—Rev. J. S. Inskip, Pastor, will preach on SUNDAY, at 10½ o'clock A. M. and 7½ o'clock P. M. Prayer-meeting after evening service. Seats free. Strangers and others are invited to attend.

THE EVANGELICAL LUTHERAN CHURCH OF THE HOLY TRINITY, on 21st-st., between 5th and 6th avs., Rev. G. F. Krotel, D. D., Pastor. Services SUNDAY, 26th inst., at 10½ A. M. and 7½ P. M.

FREE CHURCH OF THE HOLY LIGHT—37th Regiment Armory, Broadway, between 35th and 36th sts. The Rector, Rev. Eastburn Benjamin will preach at 10½ A. M., and Rev. T. Gallaudet, D. D., at 7½ P. M. Bible class for the blind at 3 P. M.

JANE-ST. M. E. CHURCH—PREACHING at 10½ A. M. and 7½ P. M., by the Pastor, Rev. E. C. Putney. Subject for the Morning—*Pastor's Request of his People.* For evening—*Translation of Enoch.* Prayer meeting at 6½ P. M. All are invited to attend.

AT THE CENTRAL PRESBYTERIAN Church, 50th-st., between Broadway and 8th-av., the Pastor, Rev. James B. Dunn, will preach at 10½ A. M. and at 7½ P. M. deliver the second discourse in a series —*Does the Second Advent Precede or follow the Millenium?*

EBENEZER MISSION SABBATH-SCHOOL every SABBATH, at 2½ P. M. All children not connected with any other school are cordially invited. Preaching at 3½ P. M.; Rev. G. S. Chambers. All invited.

MRS. SARAH A. BYRNES WILL GIVE her closing discourses before the Society of Progressive Spiritualists at the Everett Rooms, Broadway and 34th-st., SUNDAY, at 10½ and 7½ o'clock. Children's Lyceum at 2½ P. M.

GRAND TEMPERANCE MEETING IN 17th-st. M. E. Church, between 1st and 2d avs., on MONDAY EVENING, 27th inst. The eloquent speaker Rev. Allen T. Thompson, will make the principal address. Singing by the choir. Seats free.

SEVENTH-ST. M. E. CHURCH, NEAR 3d-av.—Preaching on SUNDAY MORNING, at 10½ A. M., and at 7½ P. M. by Rev. J. L. Peck and at 7½ P. M. by Rev. A. S. Hunt. Sabbath-school at 9 A. M. and 2 P. M. Prayer-meeting at 6 o'clock P. M. Strangers welcome.

NEW-ENGLAND CHURCH, (CONGREGA-TIONAL,) West 41st-st., near 6th-av., Rev. Lyman Abbott, Pastor.—Preaching SABBATH MORNING at 10½ o'clock. In the evening at 7½. The Pastor will continue the course of lectures on the *Life of Christ*.

FIRST REFORMED PRESBYTERIAN CHURCH, 12th-st., near 6th-av., (Rev. Dr. McLeod's) Rev. David Steele, D. D., of Philadelphia, will preach on SABBATH EVENING, April 26, at 7½ o'clock.

DODWORTH HALL—DR. WEEKS ADdresses First Spiritualist Society at 10½ o'clock, and Hon. Warren Chase discourses at 7½ o'clock upon *The Spiritual side of the Spiritual movement.* The public are invited.

DUANE M. E. CHURCH, HUDSON-ST., near Spring.—Preaching at 10½ A. M. and 7½ P. M. by Rev. A. McClean. Prayer-meeting at 3 P. M. Seats free. Strangers invited.

FORSYTH-ST. M. E. CHURCH.—PREACHing at 10½ A. M. and 7½ P. M. by the Pastor, Rev. F. Brown. Monthly Temperance meeting at 3 P. M. Good speakers are expected. Seats free.

THE GENERAL JUDGMENT.—PROF. S. S. Snow, S. M. C., will preach in the University, Washington-square, on SUNDAY, at 3 P. M. Seats free. Subject—*The Manner and Time of the Judgment.*

DUANE M. E. CHURCH. — HUDSON-ST., near Spring.—Services at 10½ A. M. and 7½ P. M. Prayer-meeting at 3 P. M. Seats free. Strangers invited.

THE MORAVIAN PROTESTANT EPIScopal Congregation, Rev. A. A. Reinke, Pastor, will hold divine service at the hall No. 29 East 29th-st., between Madison and 4th avs., at 10½ A. M.

HALL OF THE HISTORICAL SOCIETY, corner of 2d-av. and 11th-st.—Presbyterian Congregation.—Preaching on SABBATH, by the Pastor, Rev. Geo. S. Chambers, at 10½ A. M. and 7½ P. M.

BLOOMINGDALE BAPTIST CHURCH, 42d-st., between 7th and 8th avs.—Preaching at 10½ A. M. and 7½ P. M., SUNDAY, by the Pastor, Rev. W. Pope Yeaman, late of Kentucky.

CHURCH OF THE REDEMPTION, East 14th-st.—The congregation are invited to attend at the church on SUNDAY MORNING at 10:30.

PERSONAL.

$10 REWARD.—INFORMATION WANTED of Capt. SYLVESTER MATTISON, late in the Liverpool trade, and was sailing master in the navy during the rebellion; when last heard from in July, 1865, he was stopping at the New-England Hotel in the Bowery; slightly paralyzed in one leg, and partially insane. Apply to H. THOMPSON, No. 70 East Broadway, New-York.

AUCTION SALES.

SIXTY-FIRST AUCTION SALE OF SCRANTON COAL, on WEDNESDAY, April 29, 1868.

NEW-YORK, April 21, 1868.

The Delaware, Lackawanna and Western Railroad Company will sell, by Messrs. JOHN H. DRAPER & CO., auctioneers, at the Company's salesroom, No. 26 Exchange-place, corner of William-st., New-York, on WEDNESDAY, April 29, at 12 o'clock, noon.

75,000 TONS

of coal, from the Lackawanna regions of the usual sizes, deliverable at their depot, Elizabethport, N. J., during the month of May, 1868.

TERMS: Fifty cents per ton, payable in current funds, on the day of sale, and the balance, within ten days hereafter, if required, at the office of the Company.
SAMUEL SLOAN, President.

ISLE ROYALE MINING CO.,
No. 44 EXCHANGE-PLACE, NEW-YORK, March 6, 1868.

IN ACCORDANCE WITH A RECENT law of Michigan prescribing the method for sales of real estate belonging to mining companies, the Isle Royale Mining Co. will offer for sale, at their business office in the City of New-York, on WEDNESDAY, May 27, 1868, certain parcels of land, with the buildings thereon, lying in the village of Houghton, north and south of Sheldon-st., including dock on Portage Lake. Said property not being needed for the use of the Isle Royale Mining Co., the stockholders of said Company have authorized the directors to make a sale of it, in accordance with law, and all parties disposed to bid for the whole or any part of said property are requested to appear at the time and place above named.
By order of directors, F. W. CAPEN, Secretary.

FERRY LEASES AT AUCTION—AT THE City Hall, on THURSDAY, the 7th day of May, 1868, at 11 o'clock A. M., will be sold at public auction to the highest bidder with adequate security, for a term of ten years from the 1st day of May, 1868.

1. The lease of the ferry as now established from the foot of James-st. to Hunter's Point, L. I.
2. The lease of the ferry as now established from the foot of Jackson-st. to Brooklyn, L. I.

Terms and conditions of sale may be had upon application at the Comptroller's Office.
By order of the Commissioners of the Sinking Fund.
RICHARD B. CONNOLLY, Comptroller.
CITY OF NEW-YORK, DEPARTMENT OF FINANCE, COMPTROLLER'S OFFICE, April 1, 1868.

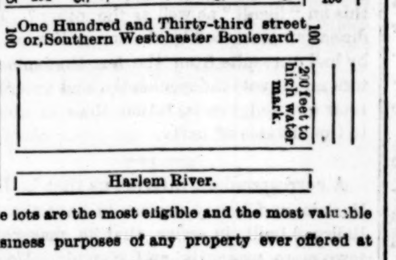
AUCTION SALES.

THE TEN MOST VALUABLE LOTS IN WESTCHESTER COUNTY AT PUBLIC AUCTION.

J. M. MILLER, Auctioneer.

will sell, by order of the Harlem Bridge, Morrisania & Fordham Railway Company, on the premises, at Mott Haven, adjoining Harlem Bridge.

ON SATURDAY, APRIL 25, 1868, at 12 o'clock, noon, ten lots of ground, including the corner opposite Harlem Bridge, of which the following is a diagram:


Third-av. or Boston road.
25
25
25
25
25
25
100
100
100
100
100
100
90
101
25
52
100
100
Lincoln-av.
One Hundred and Thirty-third street or, Southern Westchester Boulevard.
100
200 feet to high water mark.
Harlem Bridge.
Harlem River.

These lots are the most eligible and the most valuable for business purposes of any property ever offered at public auction outside of New-York Island. All of the lots front on wide avenues, and, situated as they are at the main outlet of Westchester County, and in close proximity to the new iron bridge over the Harlem River, they will be the immediate center of the great business mart of that locality. In view of the improvements contemplated by the widening of Harlem River and the construction of the Underground Railroad from Harlem to the business-center of the metropolis, the great advantages this property possesses are self-evident to every one conversant with the rapid upward growth of this City, and the more rapid increase in value of property in Westchester County.

Each lot will be sold separately.

TERMS.—Ten per cent. cash on day of sale; thirty per cent. on delivery of deed within thirty days, and sixty per cent. may remain on bond and mortgage for three or five years.

For further particulars, apply to the auctioneer, No. 28 Pine-street, New-York.

By HENRY H. LEEDS, Auctioneer.
HENRY H. LEEDS & MINER
Will sell by auction on SATURDAY, April 25, at 10½ o'clock, at the private residence No. 144 Macdougal-st., near Washington-square, ELEGANT HOUSEHOLD FURNITURE. Grand Piano, by Wm. Knabe & Co., Baltimore, in use but one year; cost $1,200; Axminster, velvet and Brussels carpets, English oil-cloths, parlor suites in black walnut; buffet, extension table, arm dining chairs, bedsteads and bureaus in black walnut; curled hair mattresses, fine line steel engravings, superb ormolu chandeliers, French-plate pier mirrors, mahogany bedsteads, bureaus, washstands; also kitchen furniture, &c.

HENRY H. LEEDS, Auctioneer.
ON SATURDAY, APRIL 25, AT 10½ o'clock, at the HOWARD HOTEL, corner Broadway and Maiden-lane, closing out sale of wines, liquors, steam boiler, pipes, &c., &c., as the house is to be altered immediately.
HENRY H. LEEDS & MINER will sell by auction on SATURDAY, April 25, at 10½ o'clock, all the kitchen utensils of the best quality and in great variety, made to order without regard to cost; also a fine large icehouse, in perfect order, a number of fine refrigerators, &c., &c.
AT 11 O'CLOCK,
the choice stock of wines, liquors, &c., consisting of very old rye and bourbon whiskies, clarets, rare and valuable brandies of superior quality. Fine champagnes, Roderer and others; 105 bottles white seal sherry, very choice; Sazarac brandy, in bottles, 1795; very old brandies and Madeiras from Duncan & Sons' stock, in magnums: Oloroso sherry, Howard March, Madeira, S. O. P. brandy, sherry bottled in Cadiz, gins, Irish and Scotch whiskies, Jamaica rum, &c., &c.
The above offers a rare opportunity for individuals and hotel and restaurant keepers desiring to purchase. Sale positive without reserve.

By HENRY H. LEEDS, Auctioneer.
HENRY H. LEEDS & MINER WILL sell by auction on SATURDAY, April 25, at 10½ o'clock, at their Salesroom, No. 93 Liberty-st.,
ELEGANT HOUSEHOLD FURNITURE.
Consisting of a general assortment, removed for convenience of sale, including parlor, dining-room, library, and chamber furniture, velvet, Brussels, and ingrain carpets, rosewood and black walnut suites in brocatel and reps, gilt frame French plate pier and mantle mirrors, rosewood, mahogany and black walnut bedsteads, bureaus, washstands, tables, chairs, carved black walnut bookcase, wardrobes, black walnut and oak extension dining tables, chairs, buffets, kitchen furniture, &c.
Also, at 12 o'clock.
A rockaway, in good order.

By HENRY H. LEEDS, Auctioneer.
ASSIGNEE SALE IN BANKRUPTCY.— HENRY H. LEEDS & MINER will sell by auction on APRIL 25, at their salesroom, No. 93 Liberty-st., the snow cases, counters, jeweler's iron safe, and valuable store-fixtures of the firm of Hungbuhlet & Linhier, now in bankruptcy. By order of
JOHN SEDGWICK, Esq., Assignee.

ROBERT SOMERVILLE, Auctioneer.
TUESDAY, APRIL 28, AT 10½ O'CLOCK,
AT NO. 18 WEST 54TH-ST., NEAR 5TH-AV.
SUPERB HOUSEHOLD FURNITURE,
MADE TO ORDER BY THE BEST CITY MAKERS.
THE CHANDELIERS, BRONZES, CLOCK, &c.,
IMPORTED BY TIFFANY & CO.
THE CARPETS, CURTAINS, &c., BY A. T. STEWART & CO.
THE MIRRORS, CARVED CORNICE, &c., BY WILLIAMS & STEVENS.
Being the entire furniture contained in the fine private residence of Capt. Wm. P. Williams.
The horses, carriages, stable furniture, &c., on the following day.
ROBERT SOMERVILLE, Auctioneer.
Office No. 39 Nassau-st.; Art Gallery, No. 82 5th-av.

By ROBERT SOMERVILLE, Auctioneer.
AT NO. 329 EAST 14TH-ST.,
MONDAY, April 27, at 10½ o'clock.
ALL THE ELEGANT FURNITURE contained in the above private residence, consisting in part as follows:
Velvet, Brussels and ingrain carpets, rosewood seven-octave piano, rich parlor and chamber furniture, lace and brocatel curtains and cornices, bookcases, wardrobes, sofas, chairs, hair and straw mattresses, bolsters and pillows, bedding, &c.; also, a large assortment of kitchen furniture, cooking utensils, &c.
ROBERT SOMERVILLE, Auctioneer, office No. 39 Nassau-st. Art Gallery, No. 82 5th-av.

By ROBERT SOMERVILLE, Auctioneer.
AT NO. 45 EAST 20TH-ST., NEAR Broadway, SATURDAY, April 25, at 10½ o'clock:
ALL THE GENTEEL HOUSEHOLD FURNITURE contained in the above private dwelling, consisting in part as follows: Brussels and ingrain carpets, rosewood parlor suite in brocatel, enameled chamber furniture, two fine French plate mirrors with slab and bracket, lace curtains, marble-top centre and side tables, black walnut extension table, bedsteads, bureaus, sofas, chairs, mattresses, pillows, bolsters, bedding, &c., together with a variety of kitchen furniture, cooking utensils, &c.
NOTICE.
The sale of furniture advertised to take place to-day at No. 329 East 14th-st., between 1st and 2d avs., is postponed until MONDAY, April 27.
ROBERT SOMERVILLE, Auctioneer; office No. 39 Nassau-st.; Art Gallery No. 82 5th-av.

ROBERT SOMERVILLE, Auctioneer.
AT NO. 21 WEST 12TH-ST., NEAR 5th-av.,
SATURDAY, April 25, 10½ o'clock.
ALL THE ELEGANT FURNITURE contained in the private residence as above, comprising as follows: Velvet, Brussels and ingrain carpets, rich rosewood and mahogany parlor and chamber furniture, pier and mantel mirrors, lace and brocatel curtains, bookcases, wardrobes, hat stands, black walnut extension table, hair and husk mattresses, feather beds, bedding, linen-ware, &c.; also, a general assortment of kitchen furniture, china and glassware, cutlery, &c.
ROBERT SOMERVILLE, Auctioneer, office No. 39 Nassau-st. Art gallery, No. 82 5th-av.

JAMES M. MILLER, Auctioneer.
WEDNESDAY, MAY 6,
AT 12 O'CLOCK, AT THE EXCHANGE SALESROOM, NO. 111 BROADWAY.
Mansion House and 50 acres of land, 1¼ miles north of the Post-office, railroad depot and steamboat landing at Poughkeepsie, between the celebrated Hyde Park or New-York and Albany Road and the Hudson River, with bathing and boating facilities, extensive gravel roads and walks, underlaid with stone; a beautiful lake near the centre of the place well stocked with fish; several never-failing springs, trout-pond and waterfall of some ten feet; a great variety of timber and evergreen, tastefully arranged; also, plenty of large and small fruits of choice varieties; the mansion is a two-story double frame house, about 45x36, filled in with brick, 18 rooms, including basement and attic; large bay window on west side, wide piazza on south and east sides; furnace and water in the house; a gardener's house, large stable and carriage-house; also, buildings for stock and farming implements. The place is one of the most beautiful on the banks of the Hudson, and must be seen to be appreciated. Map and particulars at the office.

EDWARD M. BROWN, Auctioneer.
BY T. R. MINTURN, BROWN & CO.
THIS DAY, (Saturday,) April 25, at 12 o'clock, on Pier No. 9, East River:
125 boxes fresh Sicily Oranges.
3,238 boxes fresh Sicily Lemons.
Cargo brig *Ercole*, from Palermo.

A. J. BLEECKER, Auctioneer.
TUESDAY, APRIL 28, AT 12 O'CLOCK, at the Exchange Salesroom;
SPLENDID COUNTRY SEAT AT BATH, L. I.
Three-story and basement frame house, 36x40, and 1¼ to 1¾ acres of ground, at Bath, L. I., at the termination of the plank-road, nearly opposite the Bath Hotel, on Franklin-av. House well arranged; has plenty of closets, and six feet space between third-story ceilings and roof for ventilation; the grounds are beautifully laid out with flower-beds; also fine vegetable garden and pleasure ground; abundance of shade and fruit trees and grapery; the place has two fronts—one on the principal avenue and the other within 100 feet of railway station; large stable, coach-house, ice-house, laundry, &c.; unsurpassed well; the view of the Bay is beautiful and unobstructed, while at the same time it is the safest place for sea bathing. For maps and photographic view, apply at No. 77 Cedar-st.

J. M. PHELPS, Auctioneer.
ELEGANT HOUSEHOLD FURNITURE AT AUCTION.—J. M. PHELPS & CO., No. 5½ Pine-st., will sell at auction on WEDNESDAY, April 29, at 10 o'clock, A. M., at No. 323 West 28th-st., the furniture contained in said house, consisting in part of rosewood and brocatelle parlor suites, centre tables, tete-a-tetes, elegant lace curtains, Brussels carpets, &c.; bedrooms in mahogany, a full and complete assortment; dining room in black walnut, consisting in part of black walnut extension table, buffet, &c. &c., with a full and complete assortment of dining room and kitchen furniture, with which the sale will commence. Catalogues and further particulars at office of auctioneers.

J. BOGART, Auctioneer.
MONDAY, APRIL 27, AT 10½, AT THE private residence No. 114 2d-av., corner 7th-st., all the elegant household furniture in the above house. Rich curtains, French plate mantel and pier glasses, Wilton and velvet carpets on parlors and stairs, elegant parlor suites in satin, damask and brocatel; library furniture, books, black walnut and rosewood bedroom furniture, mahogany dining-room furniture. This is a first-class sale.

AUCTION SALES.

By W. L. WALL & Co., Auctioneers, Nos. 315 and 317 Pennsylvania-av., Washington, D. C.
PEREMPTORY SALE OF MEDICAL STORES, &c., AT AUCTION.
On TUESDAY MORNING, 28th April, commencing at 10 o'clock, we will sell, at our salesrooms, without reserve, the following medical stores, comprising:
24 cases powdered opium, in half pound bottles, Philadelphia Laboratory.
24 cases powdered ipecac, in half pound bottles, Philadelphia Laboratory.
24 cases powdered soc aloes, in half pound bottles, Philadelphia Laboratory.
5 cases chloroform, in half pound tin cans, Astoria Laboratory.
50 cases ether sortior, in half pound tin cans, Astoria Laboratory.
100 cases pulverized rhubarb, in half pound bottles, Philadelphia Laboratory.
10 cases Bermuda arrow root, in five pound cans.
1,000 gross quart packing bottles.
The above goods can be seen three days before the sale, and will have to be removed within five from the day of sale.
Terms—Cash in Government funds.
W. L. WALL & CO., Auctioneers, Washington, D. C.

JOHN H. DRAPER, Auctioneer.
ASSIGNEE'S SALE OF THE "PLACE SUGAR REFINERY."
J. H. DRAPER & CO. WILL SELL, on TUESDAY, May 12, 1868, at 12 o'clock noon,
AT THE EXCHANGE SALESROOMS, NO. 111 BROADWAY, BY ORDER OF FRANCIS SKIDDY, ESQ., ASSIGNEE IN BANKRUPTCY:
The eight-story brick building No. 380 South-st., known as the "PLACE SUGAR REFINERY," 70 feet front, 140 feet deep, extending through to Front-st., with all the machinery and appurtenances of a sugar refinery in complete running order, and capable of turning out 1,500 barrels of sugar a week. Also, dock privileges and storehouse on the north side of Front-st., adjoining the refinery, built on leased ground, with unexpired lease. Also, a complete stock of boneblack, supposed to be about 500,000 pounds. For further information apply on the premises, until day of sale, to A. B. THORBURN.

By LEAVITT STREBEIGH & CO., Book Sale Rooms, and Art Galleries, Clinton Hall, Astor-place.
AMERICANA.
An extraordinary collection of
WORKS RELATING TO AMERICA,
being a second portion of the magnificent Private Library now on sale by J. W. BOUTON, No. 416 Broome-st., New-York, consisting of Local History, Biography, Voyages and Travels, Works on the Revolution and on the War of 1812-15, the American Indians, Rare Tracts, (several hundred in number,) &c., most of which are in elegant bindings, or in boards, uncut.
The whole to be sold by Auction, by LEAVITT, STREBEIGH & CO., Auctioneers, Astor-place and 8th-st., MONDAY, April 27, 1868, and following days, commencing at 4 o'clock P. M., each day.
Also an extraordinary series of books on large paper, including the works of Franklin, Adams, Washington, Webster, Bancroft, Irving, &c.
Catalogue ready; price 50 cents.

ADRIAN H. MULLER, Auctioneer.
COTTAGES AT OYSTER BAY AT AUCTION.
ADRIAN H. MULLER, P. R. WILKINS & CO. will sell at auction, on WEDNESDAY, April 29, at 12 o'clock, at the Exchange Salesroom, No. 111 Broadway:
Three new and beautiful cottages, (Swiss, French and Moresque styles,) together with about 56 acres of land, at Oyster Bay, Long Island, about 27 miles from City Hall, New-York. The cottages are built in the most substantial manner and fitted with every convenience conducive to comfort. The land will be sold in plots of from 2 to 5 acres, and so subdivided as to give each plot an eligible building site. As a Summer retreat Oyster Bay is one of the most delightful places in the vicinity of New-York, and to those fond of boating, bathing or fishing, particularly desirable. Maps at office of Auctioneers.

ADRIAN H. MULLER, Auctioneer.
ELEGANT SUBURBAN RESIDENCE AND VILLA PLOTS AT AUCTION.
MESSRS. MULLER, WILKINS & CO.
WILL SELL AT AUCTION,
At 12 o'clock, at the Exchange Salesroom, No. 111 Broadway, N. Y., ON TUESDAY, April 28,
about 55 acres of land, together with the mansion, gardeners' cottage, greenhouse, farm-house, barn, bathing and boat house, and private dock thereon, situate on the
SOUTHERN BOULEVARD,
in the township of West Farms, Westchester County, about 1¼ miles from Harlem Bridge, and about three miles from
CENTRAL PARK,
and bounded by the Hunt's Point Road and Leggett's Creek. The land being the most elevated on the East River, within several miles of New-York, has a commanding view of New-York City, East River and Long Island Sound. This property, formerly known as the
LEGGETT HOMESTEAD,
will be sold in VILLA PLOTS of from 1 to 3 acres, and has been so subdivided that each plot has a
COMMANDING VIEW.
To capitalists or persons of moderate means wishing safe investments, or healthful
SUBURBAN HOMESTEADS,
this property will be found most attractive, combining as it does all the conveniences of the city with the advantages of the country, affording fine BOATING, BATHING and FISHING; and is adjoining, or in the immediate vicinity of the property and elegant residences of Messrs. E. G. Faile, O. Bryan, Paul Spofford, Charles D. Dickey, F. Barretto, Col. Richard M. Hoe, Gilbert and Casanova. The distance from the City Hall to this property, by the
CENTRAL UNDERGROUND RAILROAD
will not exceed thirty minutes, and will be nearer Wall-st. in point of time than Brooklyn or Jersey City, without the dangers, detentions and inconveniences incident to ferry travel. It is accessible at all hours by horse and steam cars, steamboats, carriages and foot passengers.
Topographical maps ready at the office of the Auctioneers, No. 7 Pine-st.

ADRIAN H. MULLER, Auctioneer.
AUCTION SALE OF 64 LOTS ON 109TH AND 110TH STS., 9TH AND 10TH AVS., OPPOSITE THE NEW MORNING SIDE PARK—by order of the Trustees of the Leake and Watts Orphan House.
ADRIAN H. MULLER, P. R. WILKINS & CO. will sell at auction on THURSDAY, April 30, at 12 o'clock, at the Exchange Salesroom No. 111 Broadway, by order of the Trustees of the Leake and Watts Orphan House:
The entire block of land bounded by 109th and 110th sts., 9th and 10th avs. This property is diagonally opposite the New Morning Side Park, one block from the Central Park, and one and a half blocks from the new River Side Park and Grand Drive. These parks, together with the great improvements now in progress under the direction of, and contemplated by the Central Park Commissioners, all combine to render this property most attractive as an investment.
Maps may be had on application to the auctioneers, No. 7 Pine-st., New-York.

ADRIAN H. MULLER, Auctioneer.
ADMINISTRATORS' SALE OF NEW-YORK AND SOUTHERN STEAMSHIP COMPANY STOCK.
ADRIAN H. MULLER, P. R. WILKINS & CO., will sell at auction on SATURDAY, April 25, at 12½ o'clock, at the Exchange Salesroom, No. 111 Broadway, by order of Administrators:
126 shares New-York and Southern Steamship Company, $100 each.

MORRIS WILKINS, Auctioneer.
ELEGANT FURNITURE—GRAND PIANO-FORTE, REAL BRONZES, AXMINSTER VELVET AND BRUSSELS CARPETS.
E. H. LUDLOW & CO. will sell at auction on MONDAY, April 27, 1868, at 11 o'clock A. M., at the private residence No. 8 West 33d-st., near 5th-av., the furniture contained in said house, made to order by Roux, Marcotte & Co., Laun & Saile, Pottier & Stymus, consisting of elegant ebony and gilt parlor suite in satin damask, ebony and gilt arm and reception chairs, carved rosewood etagere, carved rosewood grand pianoforte, Chickering, maker, ormolu fancy stands, elegant bronze verde antique and marble clock and vases, bronze and ormolu chandeliers, crimson satin damask and lace curtains, handsome black walnut gilt cornices, carved black walnut library suite in silk reps, carved black walnut and gilt library table, black walnut bookcase, rosewood gothic and arm chairs, carved black walnut dining table, arm and side chairs, black walnut buffet, French plate pier and mantel mirrors, linen window-shades, carved black walnut bedsteads, dressing bureaus, rockers, lounges, commodes, mattresses, paillasses, bolsters and pillows; Axminster velvet and brussels carpets, oil cloths, handsome dinner set, glassware, together with kitchen furniture. Catalogues at No. 3 Pine-st.
Furniture on exhibition on Saturday.

MORRIS WILKINS, Auctioneer.
ELEGANT HOUSEHOLD FURNITURE, PIER AND MANTLE MIRRORS, SEVERS, CHINA VASES, &c., AT AUCTION.
E. H. LUDLOW & CO. WILL SELL BY AUCTION, on TUESDAY, April 28, 1868, at 11 o'clock A. M., at the private residence No. 176 5th-av., near 23d-st., the entire furniture contained in said house, consisting of elegant carved rosewood suite, one inlaid ormolu cabinet, carved rosewood etagere, one ebony and ormolu chair, yellow satin; two gilt chairs, sofa and centre tables, ormolu chandeliers and card tables, severs, china vases, pier and mantle mirrors; rich Algeria yellow silk and lace curtains, bronzes, black walnut hall chair and hat stand, one handsome library suite in crimson reps, two black walnut book cases and cabinet, black walnut escretoire, black walnut buffet, one black walnut dining room suite, black walnut bedsteads, armoire a glace, dressing table with glasses, bureaus, lounges and chairs, in green and brown reps, mattresses paillasses, bolsters, pillows, &c., Ambersson, velvet and Brussels carpets, bronze gas fixtures, linen shades, together with an assortment of kitchen utensils, with which the sale will commence.

By HENRY D. MINER, Auctioneer—Salesroom No. 37 Nassau-st., opposite the Post-office—Art Gallery No. 845 Broadway.
WILDER'S PATENT FIRE AND BURGLAR-PROOF SAFES.—H. D. MINER & BARKER will sell at auction TUESDAY, April 28, at 11 o'clock, at store No. 8 Cortlandt-st., to save expense of moving, the entire stock of the celebrated Wilder Patent Salamander Fire and Burglar-proof Safes, comprising a fine assortment of all sizes. These safes are warranted the best fire-proof safes in the world, and all warranted perfectly free from dampness.

By HENRY D. MINER, Auctioneer—Salesroom, No. 37 Nassau-st., opposite the Post-office—Art Gallery, No. 845 Broadway.
ASSIGNEE SALE OF THE ESTATE OF GEORGE R. CHOLWELL, BANKRUPT.
HENRY D. MINER & BARKER will sell at auction, by order of assignee, the entire stock and fixtures of store No. 26 Maiden-lane. The fixtures will be sold on the premises on FRIDAY, May 1, at 10 o'clock, and the stock removed to our store, due notice of sale of which will be given.

OFFICE OF ARMY CLOTHING AND EQUIPAGE,
CORNER HOUSTON AND GREENE STS.,
NEW-YORK, April 18, 1868.

SALE OF ARMY CLOTHING AND EQUIPAGE; ALSO QUARTERMASTERS' STORES.—Will be sold at public auction, at Depot of Army Clothing, corner of Washington and Laight sts., in New-York City, on SATURDAY, April 25, 1868, at noon, the following articles of clothing, camp and garrison equipage, viz.:

5 Wall Tents,
4 Wall Tent Flies,
19 Sets Wall Tent Poles,
1 Hospital Tent and Flies,
200 Spades,
91 Pickaxes,
95 Patent Picks,
39 Axes,
39 Ax-handles,
16 Common Tents,
158 Sets Common Tent Poles,
108 Shelter Tents,
1,486 Letters,
4,770 Canteens,
15,436 Tent Pins,
20 Camp Hatchets,
99 Pick-ax handles,
83 Hatchet-handles.

Also a quantity of damaged Clothing and Equipage and Quartermasters' Stores.
Terms, cash in Government funds, 10 per cent. down. Purchases to be removed within three days from date of sale.
C. G. SAWTELLE,
Brevet Brig.-Gen. and Quartermaster U. S. A.

OFFICE OF ASSISTANT QUARTERMASTER-GENERAL,
CORNER OF HOUSTON AND GREENE STS.,
NEW-YORK CITY, April 23, 1868.

I WILL SELL ON THURSDAY, APRIL 30, at 10 o'clock A. M., at the Battery Barracks, New-York City, the balance of the buildings, property of the United States, remaining on the Battery grounds, and also an assortment of condemned Quartermasters' stores, consisting of grain sacks, carts, stoves, pipe, zinc, tools, saddles, iron bedsteads, &c.
Terms—Cash, in United States funds.
Bids deemed disadvantageous to Government may be rejected.
RUFUS INGALLS,
Brevet Major-Gen. and Asst. Q. M.-Gen.

J. M. PHELPS, Auctioneer.
ATTRACTIVE SALE OF HOUSEHOLD FURNITURE at New-Brighton, Staten Island. PHELPS, FALLON & CO., No. 5½ Pine-st., will sell at auction on TUESDAY, April 28, at 10 o'clock A. M., at the late residence of Rear-Admiral Sloat, deceased, at New-Brighton, S. I., a large and varied assortment of household furniture, consisting in part of parlor, dining-room, bedroom and kitchen furniture. Particulars at office of Auctioneers.

AUCTION SALES.

JOSEPH HEGEMAN & Co., Auctioneers.
FURNITURE SALES IN BROOKLYN,
MONDAY, April 27,
at 10 o'clock A. M.,
at No. 87 Fort Green-place, between Fulton and De Kalb avenues.
Rosewood parlor suite, seven pieces, in crimson; handsome walnut chamber set, marble top; painted do.; rich velvet medallion carpet; feather beds, mattresses and bedding, pier glasses, mahogany secretary bookcase buffet, china and glass and kitchen furniture.
SAME DAY,
at 10 o'clock A. M.,
at No. 74 Sands-street, between Pearl and Jay sts., Brooklyn.
Velvet, Brussels and ingrain carpets, oilcloths, walnut and enamel chamber sets, hair mattresses, bedding, oak extension-table, chairs, china, &c.
SAME DAY.
At 12½ o'clock P. M., at No. 122 Congress-st., between Clinton and Henry sts., Brooklyn.
Mahogany piano, mahogany and enameled marble-top parlor, chamber and oak dining-room furniture, Brussels carpets, oil cloths, stoves, &c.
SAME DAY.
At 1 o'clock P. M., at No. 47 Portland-av., near Lafayette-av., Brooklyn.
Handsome rosewood parlor suite in maroon, fine walnut suite in reps, pier mirror, and console centre tables, rosewood secretary book case, walnut and chestnut marble-top sets, hair mattresses, bedding, lounges, chairs, carved marble-top buffet, pillar extension table and chairs, china, kitchen-ware, walnut hall stand, rich Axminster and Brussels carpets, large rugs, &c., as good as new.
Same day, at 1 o'clock P. M.
☞ Clinton-av., between Greene and Lafayette avs.
ELEGANT SALE OF MIRRORS, CARPETS, FURNITURE, OIL-PAINTINGS, CARRIAGES, HORSES, &c.
Seven splendid pier and mantel mirrors, rich Axminster and Brussels carpets, rosewood parlor suites, vases, chamber furniture, hair mattresses, oak marble-top buffet, pillar extension table and chairs; fine rosewood billiard table, three-quarter size, Phelan's, close carriage, park phaeton, two sets of double harness, silver mounted, robes, &c., good bay horse, fine collection of plants.
ALSO,
Fifty five valuable oil paintings. For artists' names see printed catalogue.
SAME DAY.
At 3 o'clock P. M.
At No. 138 Congress-st., between Clinton and Henry sts.
Parlor, chamber and dining room furniture, carpets, &c.
SAME DAY.
At 5 o'clock P. M.
At No. 320 Gold-st., between Willoughby-st. and Fulton-av., Brooklyn.
A small quantity of good furniture, Brussels and Ingrain carpets.

GEORGE COOK, Auctioneer.
THIS DAY, AT 10½ O'CLOCK, AT NOS. 84 and 86 Cedar-st., near Broadway, second-hand furniture, desks, Plympton bedstead, &c.
ALSO,
By order of assignees, a superb stock of fine furniture, including solid rosewood, black walnut, parlor and chamber furniture, clocks, vases, silver-plated ware, &c.
ON MONDAY,
genteel household furniture at No. 9 Abingdon-place, at 10½ o'clock, the entire contents of the four-story residence, including parlor, chamber, kitchen, &c. Catalogue at sale.

EDWARD A. LAWRENCE, Auctioneer.
CUSTOM-HOUSE SALE OF UNCLAIMED goods, by order of the Collector of the Port, Hon. H. A. Smythe, (seized for violation of the Revenue laws:)
Messrs. LAWRENCE & STRATTON
Will sell by auction, on TUESDAY next, the 28th of April, at 10 o'clock, at No. 45 Barclay-st., New-York, a large assortment of very superior brands of imported cigars, splendid silks, velvets, laces, shawls, watches and jewelry, fine liquors, &c. Terms cash, in bankable money. A deposit will be required from each purchaser. No checks taken unless certified, and no deductions made whatever after the goods are sold.

LARGE SALE OF CLOTHING, CAMP AND GARRISON EQUIPAGE.
DEPOT QUARTERMASTER'S OFFICE,
WASHINGTON, D. C., April 14, 1868.
WILL BE SOLD at public auction, on TUESDAY, May 5, under the supervision of Capt. D. G. THOMAS, M. S. K., at Depot of Army Clothing, Armory-square, this City, commencing at 10 A. M., the following described CLOTHING, &c., to wit:

15,000 pairs Bootees, hand-sewed.
3,000 Trowsers, foot.
1,500 Trowsers, m't'd.
12,873 Sack Coats, unlined.
37,816 Felt Hats.
22,000 Hat Cords.
17,000 Leather Stocks.
2,339 Leather Leggings.
3,351 Linen Leggings.
30,000 yards Worsted Lace.
62,000 Knapsacks.
17,000 Canteens.
10,000 Metallic Shoulder Scales.
6,300 Camp Kettles.
32,000 Mess Pans.
7,850 Ax Slings.
1,361 Pick Slings.
2,426 Hatchet Slings.
4,900 Pickaxes.
7,000 Pick Handles.
918 Hospital, Wall and Common Tents and Flies, (worn.)
About 50,000 N. C. Officers' Chevrons, Badges, &c.
About 250,000 numbers and letters.
Lot of Tent Pins, all sizes.
600 Wall-Tent Poles.
19,900 Common Poles, &c. &c.

Terms—Cash, in Government funds.
Every purchaser will be required to make a cash deposit on the day of sale.
Catalogues will be furnished on application.
By order of the Quartermaster-General.
J. C. McFERRAN,
Deputy Quartermaster-General,
Brevet Brigadier-General, U. S. A.

JAMES CAGNEY, Auctioneer. Office No. 515 Washington, above Spring.
GENTEEL HOUSEHOLD FURNITURE, THIS DAY, at 10½ o'clock, of the four-story dwelling, with extension, (26 rooms,) 56 Varick-st., consisting of rosewood and mahogany parlor and other furniture, rosewood corner etagere, pier mirrors, marble-top centre and side tables, Brussels and three-ply carpets, mahogany and walnut bedsteads, hair and spring mattresses, marble-top bureaus and washstands, mahogany extension-table, kitchen furniture, &c.

BANKRUPT NOTICES.

THIS IS TO GIVE NOTICE—THAT ON the 20th day of April, A. D. 1868, a warrant in bankruptcy was issued against the estate of WILLIAM TRIER, EDWARD TRIER and PHILLIPP ZALENKA, of the City of New-York, in the County of New-York, and State of New-York, who have been adjudged bankrupts on their own petition: that the payment of any debts, and delivery of any property belonging to such bankrupts, to them, or for their use, and the transfer of any property by them, are forbidden by law; that a meeting of the creditors of the said bankrupts, to prove their debts, and to choose one or more assignees of their estate, will be held at a Court of Bankruptcy, to be holden at No. 83 Nassau-st., in the City of New-York, before Edgar Ketchum, Register, on the 9th day of May, A. D. 1868, at 12 o'clock M.
R. MURRAY, U. S. Marshal,
as Messenger Southern District of New-York.
APRIL 25, 1868.

THIS IS TO GIVE NOTICE—THAT ON the 13th day of April, A. D. 1868, a warrant in bankruptcy was issued against the estate of BENJAMIN J. SCHOONMAKER, of New-York City, in the County of New-York, and State of New-York, who has been adjudged a bankrupt on his own petition; that the payment of any debts and delivery of any property belonging to such bankrupt, to him or for his use, and the transfer of any property by him, are forbidden by law; that a meeting of the creditors of the said bankrupt, to prove their debts and to choose one or more assignees of his estate, will be held at a Court of Bankruptcy, to be holden at No. 57 Broadway, in the City of New-York, before Isaiah T. Williams, Register, on the 6th day of May, A. D., 1868, at 2 o'clock P. M.
R. MURRAY, U. S. Marshal,
as Messenger Southern District of New-York.
APRIL 25, 1868.

IN THE DISTRICT COURT OF THE United States for the Southern District of New-York.—In the matter of NICHOLAS T. ROMAINE, a bankrupt.—In Bankruptcy.—The said bankrupt having applied to the Court for a discharge from his debts: By order of the Court, Notice is hereby given to all creditors who have proved their debts, and other persons in interest, to appear on the 19th day of May, A. D. 1868, at 11 o'clock in the forenoon, at Chambers of the said District Court, before Isaac Dayton, one of the Registers of the said Court in Bankruptcy, at his office, No. 202 Broadway, in the City of New-York, Room No. 4, and show cause why the prayer of the said petition of the bankrupt should not be granted and why a discharge should not be granted to the said bankrupt.
Dated New-York, 23d day of April, 1868.
ap25-law3wSa* GEO. F. BETTS, Clerk.

IN THE DISTRICT COURT OF THE United States for the Southern District of New-York.—In the matter of GARDINER SHERMAN, a bankrupt.—In bankruptcy.—The said bankrupt having applied to the Court for a discharge from his debts: By order of the Court, Notice is hereby given to all creditors who have proved their debts, and other persons in interest, to appear on the 19th day of May, A. D. 1868, at 11 o'clock in the forenoon, at Chambers, of the said District Court, before Isaac Dayton, one of the Registers of the said Court in Bankruptcy, at his office, No. 202 Broadway, in the City of New-York, Room No. 4, and show cause why the prayer of the said petition of the bankrupt should not be granted, and why a discharge should not be granted to the said bankrupt.
Dated New-York, 23d day of April, 1868.
ap25-law3wSa* GEORGE F. BETTS, Clerk.

IN THE DISTRICT COURT OF THE United States for the Southern District of New-York.—In Bankruptcy.—In the matter of HENRY KLAUBER, LOUIS ZEIMER and EDWARD BAUMAN, bankrupts.—To whom it may concern: The undersigned hereby gives notice of his appointment as assignee of the estate of Henry Klauber, Louis Zeimer and Edward Bauman, of the City of New-York, in the County of New-York, in said district, and who were, to wit, on the 21st day of October, A. D. 1867, adjudged bankrupts, upon the petition of themselves.
Dated at New-York City, the 24th day of April, A. D. 1868. DAVID KLEIN, Assignee.
ap25-law3wSa* No. 47 Walker-st.

IN THE DISTRICT COURT OF THE United States for the Southern District of New-York.—In Bankruptcy.—In the matter of JOHN B. BROWN, bankrupt.—To whom it may concern: The undersigned hereby gives notice of his appointment as assignee of the estate of John B. Brown, of the City of New-York, in the County of New-York, in said district, and who has been adjudged a bankrupt upon his own petition by the said District Court of said district.—Dated at New-York City, the 9th day of April, A. D. 1868. JOHN SEDGWICK,
ap25-law3wSa* No. 137 Broadway, New-York City.

IN THE DISTRICT COURT OF THE United States for the Southern District of New-York.—In Bankruptcy.—In the matter of JOSEPH BRADLEY, bankrupt.—Before John Fitch, Register.—To whom it may concern: The undersigned hereby gives notice of his appointment as assignee of Joseph Bradley, of the City of New-York, in the County of New-York, and State of New-York, within said district; who has been adjudged a bankrupt upon his own petition by the District Court of said district.
Dated at New-York, the 24th day of April, A. D. 1868.
JOHN SEDGWICK, Assignee,
ap25-law3wSa* No. 137 Broadway, New-York City.

NO. 1,316.—IN THE DISTRICT COURT OF THE United States, for the Southern District of New-York.—In the matter of WILLIAM BURNET, a bankrupt.—In Bankruptcy.—To whom it may concern: The undersigned hereby gives notice of his appointment as assignee of William Burnet, of New-York, in the County of New-York and State of New-York, within the said district, who has been adjudged a bankrupt upon his own petition by the District Court of said district.
Dated at New-York, the 17th day of April, A. D. 1868.
JOHN SEDGWICK, Assignee,
ap25-law3wSa* No. 137 Broadway, New-York City.

IN THE DISTRICT COURT OF THE United States for the Southern district of New-York.—In the matter of WILLIAM H. BERRYMAN, bankrupt.—No. 945.—To whom it may concern:—The undersigned hereby gives notice of his appointment as assignee of William H. Berryman, of the City of New-York, in the County of New-York and State of New-York, within said district, who has been adjudged a bankrupt upon his own petition by the District Court of said district.—Dated at New-York the 24th day of April, 1868.
JOHN SEDGWICK, Assignee,
ap25-law3wS* No. 137 Broadway, New-York City.

IN THE DISTRICT COURT OF THE United States for the Southern District of New-York.—In Bankruptcy.—In the matter of FERNANDO C. GLEASON, bankrupt.—Before Mr. Henry Wilder Allen, Register, at the City of New-York, the 21st day of April, A.D. 1868.—To whom it may concern: The undersigned hereby gives notice of his appointment as Assignee of Fernando C. Gleason of the City of New-York, in the County of New-York and State of New-York, within said district, and who has been adjudged a bankrupt, upon his own petition, by the District Court of said district.
JNO. SEDGWICK, Assignee,
ap25-law3wS* No. 137 Broadway, New-York City.

BANKRUPT NOTICES.

THIS IS TO GIVE NOTICE—THAT ON the 1st day of April, A. D. 1868, a warrant in bankruptcy was issued against the estate of JAMES H. SMITH, of Chicago, in the County of Cook, and State of Illinois, who has been adjudged a bankrupt on his own petition; that the payment of any debts and delivery of any property belonging to such bankrupt, to him or for his use, and the transfer of any property by him, are forbidden by law; that a meeting of the creditors of the said bankrupt, to prove their debts and to choose one or more assignees of his estate, will be held at a Court of Bankruptcy, to be holden at room No. 18 Fullerton Block, in the city of Chicago, County of Cook and State of Illinois, before Lincoln Clark, Esq., Register, on the 20th day of May, A. D. 1868, at 10 o'clock A. M. J. R. JONES U. S. Marshal
for the Northern District of Illinois, Messenger.
APRIL 23, 1868.

THIS IS TO GIVE NOTICE—THAT ON THE 7th day of April, A. D. 1868, a warrant in bankruptcy was issued against the estate of WALTER S. SPARKS, of the City and County of New-York, and State of New-York, who has been adjudged a bankrupt on his own petition; that the payment of any debts and delivery of any property belonging to such bankrupt, to him, or for his use, and the transfer of any property by him, are forbidden by law; that a meeting of the creditors of the said bankrupt, to prove their debts, and to choose one or more assignees of his estate, will be held at a Court of Bankruptcy, to be holden at the office of the Register, No. 202 Broadway, in the City of New-York, Room No. 4, before Isaac Dayton, Register, on the 12th day of May, A. D. 1868, at 12 o'clock M.
R. MURRAY, U. S. Marshal,
as Messenger Southern District of New-York.
APRIL 24, 1868.

THIS IS TO GIVE NOTICE—THAT ON the 30th day of March, A. D. 1868, a warrant in bankruptcy was issued against the estate of GEORGE W. KENDALL of New-York City, in the County of New-York, and State of New-York, who has been adjudged a bankrupt on his own petition: that the payment of any debts and delivery of any property belonging to such bankrupt, to him, or for his use, and the transfer of any property by him are forbidden by law; that a meeting of the creditors of the said bankrupt, to prove their debts and to choose one or more assignees of his estate, will be held at a Court of Bankruptcy, to be holden at No. 39 Pine-st., New-York City, before John Fitch, Register, on the 22d day of May, A. D. 1868, at 12 o'clock M.
R. MURRAY, U. S. Marshal,
as Messenger Southern District of New-York.
APRIL 24, 1868.

THIS IS TO GIVE NOTICE—THAT ON the 18th day of April, A. D. 1868, a warrant in bankruptcy was issued against the estate of GUSTAV ZERWECK, of the City of New-York, in the County of New-York and State of New-York, who has been adjudged a bankrupt on his own petition; that the payment of any debts, and delivery of any property belonging to such bankrupt, to him, or for his use, and the transfer of any property by him, are forbidden by law; that a meeting of the creditors of the said bankrupt, to prove their debts, and to choose one or more assignees of his estate, will be held at a Court of Bankruptcy, to be holden at No. 57 Broadway, in the City of New-York, before Isaiah T. Williams, Register, on the 9th day of May, A. D. 1868, at 1 o'clock P. M.
R. MURRAY, U. S. Marshal,
as Messenger Southern District of New-York.
APRIL 25, 1868.

THIS IS TO GIVE NOTICE—THAT ON THE 13th day of April, A. D. 1868, a warrant in bankruptcy was issued against the estate of SIMON SCHWAB, of the City of New-York, in the County of New-York and State of New-York, who has been adjudged a bankrupt on his own petition; that the payment of any debts and delivery of any property belonging to such bankrupt, to him, or for his use, and the transfer of any property by him, are forbidden by law; that a meeting of the creditors of the said bankrupt, to prove their debts, and to choose one or more assignees of his estate, will be held at a Court of Bankruptcy, to be holden at No. 161 Broadway, in the City of New-York, before Mr. Henry Wilder Allen, Register, on the 18th day of May, A. D. 1868, at 11 o'clock A. M.
R. MURRAY, U. S. Marshal,
as Messenger Southern District of New-York.
APRIL 25, 1868.

IN BANKRUPTCY.—IN THE DISTRICT Court of the United States for the Southern District of New-York.—In the matter of JAMES OWENS, bankrupt.—Notice is hereby given that a petition has been filed in said Court by James Owens, in said district, duly declared a bankrupt under the act of Congress of March 2, 1867, for a discharge and certificate thereof from all his debts, and other claims provable under said act, and that the 18th day of May, 1868, at 11 o'clock A. M., at the office of Isaiah T. Williams, Register in Bankruptcy, No. 57 Broadway, in the City of New-York, is assigned for the hearing of the same, when and where all creditors who have proved their debts, and other persons in interest may attend, and show cause, if any they have, why the prayer of the said petition should not be granted.
Dated New-York, the 24th day of April, 1868.
ap25-law3wSa* GEO. F. BETTS, Clerk.

IN BANKRUPTCY.—IN THE DISTRICT Court of the United States for the Southern District of New-York.—In the matter of OLIVER WETMORE, bankrupt.—Notice is hereby given that a petition has been filed in said Court, by Oliver Wetmore, in said district, duly declared a bankrupt under the act of Congress of March 2, 1867, for a discharge and certificate thereof from all his debts, and other claims provable under said act, and that the 22d day of May, 1868, at 12 o'clock M., at the office of John Fitch, Register in Bankruptcy, No. 39 Pine-st., in the City of New-York, is assigned for the hearing of the same, when and where all creditors who have proved their debts, and other persons in interest may attend, and show cause, if any they have, why the prayer of the said petition should not be granted.
Dated New-York, on the 23d day of April, 1868.
ap25-law3wS* GEO. F. BETTS, Clerk.

IN BANKRUPTCY.—IN THE DISTRICT Court of the United States for the Southern District of New-York.—In the matter of JOHN F. LEE and JOHN F. LEE, Jr., bankrupts.—Notice is hereby given that a petition has been filed in said Court by John F. Lee and John F. Lee, Jr., in said district, duly declared bankrupts under the act of Congress of March 2, 1867, for a discharge and certificate thereof from all their debts and other claims provable under said act, and that the 18th day of May, 1868, at 11 o'clock A. M., at the office of Isaiah T. Williams, Register in Bankruptcy, No. 57 Broadway, in the City of New-York, is assigned for the hearing of the same, when and where all creditors who have proved their debts, and other persons in interest, may attend and show cause, if any they have, why the prayer of the said petition should not be granted.
Dated New-York, the 24th day of April, 1868.
ap25-law3wSa* GEO. F. BETTS, Clerk.

IN BANKRUPTCY.—IN THE DISTRICT Court of the United States for the Southern District of New-York.—In the matter of NICHOLS K. OATLEY, bankrupt.—Notice is hereby given that a petition has been filed in said Court, by Nichols K. Oatley, in said district, duly declared a bankrupt under the act of Congress of March 2, 1867, for a discharge and certificate thereof from all his debts and other claims provable under said act, and that the 22d day of May, 1868, at 12 o'clock M., at the office of John Fitch, Register in Bankruptcy, No. 39 Pine-st., in the City of New-York, is assigned for the hearing of the same, when and where all creditors who have proved their debts, and other persons in interest may attend, and show cause, if any they have, why the prayer of the said petition should not be granted.
Dated New-York, on the 22d day of April, 1868.
ap25-law3wSa* GEO. F. BETTS, Clerk

IN BANKRUPTCY.—IN THE DISTRICT Court of the United States for the Southern District of New-York.—In the matter of OLIVER W. DODGE, bankrupt—Notice is hereby given that a petition has been filed in said Court by Oliver W. Dodge, in said district, duly declared a bankrupt under the act of Congress of March 2, 1867, for a discharge and certificate thereof from all his debts and other claims provable under said act, and that the 6th day of May, 1868, at 11 o'clock. A. M., at the office of Henry Wilder Allen, Esq., Register in Bankruptcy, No. 161 Broadway, in the City of New-York, is assigned for the hearing of the same, when and where all creditors who have proved their debts, and other persons in interest, may attend, and show cause, if any they have, why the prayer of the said petition should not be granted.
Dated New-York, on the 9th day of April, 1868.
ap11-law3wSa* GEO. F. BETTS, Clerk.

IN THE DISTRICT COURT OF THE United States for the Southern District of New-York.—In Bankruptcy.—In the matter of GEORGE S. DOUGHTY and EDWARD E. D. DOUGHTY, bankrupts.—The said bankrupts having applied to the Court for a discharge from their debts, and each of them having applied to the Court for a discharge from his debts: By order of the Court, Notice is hereby given to all creditors who have proved their debts, and other persons in interest, to appear on the 5th day of May, A. D. 1868, at 12 o'clock M., at Chambers of the said District Court, before Isaac Dayton, one of the Registers of the said Court in Bankruptcy, at his office, No. 202 Broadway, in the City of New-York, Room No. 4, and show cause why the prayer of the said petition of the bankrupts should not be granted, and why a discharge should not be granted to the said bankrupts, and why a discharge should not be granted to each of them.
Dated New-York, 10th day of April, A. D. 1868.
ap11-law3wSa* GEO. F. BETTS, Clerk.

IN THE DISTRICT COURT OF THE United States for the Southern District of New-York.—In Bankruptcy.—In the matter of YOUNG B. CHOLES, a bankrupt.—The said bankrupt having applied to the Court for a discharge from his debts, by order of the Court, notice is hereby given to all creditors who have proved their debts, and other persons in interest, to appear on the 20th day of May, A. D., 1868, at 11 o'clock in the forenoon, at Chambers of the said District Court, before Isaac Dayton, one of the Registers of the said Court in Bankruptcy, at his office, No. 202 Broadway, in the City of New-York, Room No. 4, and show cause why the prayer of the said petition of the bankrupt should not be granted, and why a discharge should not be granted to the said bankrupt.
Dated, New York, 23d day of April, 1868.
ap25-law3wSa* GEO. F. BETTS, Clerk.

IN THE DISTRICT COURT OF THE United States for the District of New-Jersey.—In the matter of JOHN SPARKS, bankrupt.—The said bankrupt having applied to the Court for a discharge from his debts: By order of the Court, notice is hereby given to all creditors who have proved their debts, and other persons in interest, to appear on the 12th day of May, A. D. 1868, at 10 o'clock A. M., before the said Court, at Trenton, New-Jersey, and show cause why a discharge should not be granted to the said bankrupt; and further notice is hereby given that the second and third meetings of creditors of said bankrupt, required by the 27th and 28th sections of said act, will be had before S. S. Morris, Register, at his office, No. 194 Broad-st., Newark, on Thursday, the 7th day of May, A. D. 1868, at 10 o'clock A. M. RALPH H. SHREVE, Clerk.
ap18-law3wSa

IN THE DISTRICT COURT OF THE United States for the Southern District of New-York.—In Bankruptcy.—In the matter of MOSES ABRAHAM, bankrupt.—To whom it may concern: The undersigned hereby gives notice of his appointment as assignee of Moses Abraham, of the City of New-York, in the County of New-York and State of New-York, within said district, who has been adjudged a bankrupt upon his own petition by the District Court of said district.
Dated at New-York, the 16th day of April, 1868.
JAMES DAVIS, Assignee,
ap18-law3wSa* No. 34 Pine-st.

IN THE DISTRICT COURT OF THE United States for the Southern District of New-York.—In Bankruptcy.—In the matter of SAMSON GOLDSMITH, bankrupt.—To whom it may concern: The undersigned hereby gives notice of his appointment as assignee of the estate of Samson Goldsmith, of the City and County of New-York, in said district, and who was on the 20th day of February, A. D. 1868, adjudged a bankrupt upon his own petition by the District Court of said district.—Dated at the City of New-York, the 15th day of April, A. D. 1868.
JOHN SEDGWICK,
ap18-law3wSa* No. 137 Broadway, New-York City.

IN THE DISTRICT COURT OF THE United States, for the Southern District of New-York.—In the matter of CHARLES IRVING, bankrupt.—In Bankruptcy.—Before Mr. Henry Wilder Allen, Register.—Southern District of New-York, ss.: At the City of New-York, the 16th day of April, A. D., 1868.—To whom it may concern: The undersigned hereby gives notice of his appointment as assignee of Charles Irving, of the City of New-York, in the County of New-York and State of New-York, within said district, who has been adjudged a bankrupt upon his own petition by the District Court of said district.
JOHN SEDGWICK, Assignee,
ap18-law3wSa* No. 137 Broadway, New-York City.

IN THE DISTRICT COURT OF THE United States for the Southern District of New-York.—In the matter of PETER V. Z. LANE, bankrupt.—In Bankruptcy.—To whom it may concern: The undersigned hereby gives notice of his appointment as assignee Peter V. Z. Lane, of the City of New-York, in the County of New-York, within said district, who has been adjudged bankrupt upon his own petition by the District Court of said district.
Dated at New-York, the 14th day of April, A. D. 1868.
ap18-law3wSa* ERASTUS F. BROWN, Assignee.

BANKRUPT NOTICES.

THIS IS TO GIVE NOTICE—THAT ON THE 11th day of April, A. D. 1868, a warrant in bankruptcy was issued against the estate of EDWARD BEHREND, of the City of New-York, in the County of New-York, and State of New-York, who has been adjudged a bankrupt, on his own petition: that the payment of any debts and delivery of any property belonging to such bankrupt, to him, or for his use, and the transfer of any property by him, are forbidden by law; that a meeting of the creditors of the said bankrupt, to prove their debts, and to choose one or more assignees of his estate, will be held at a Court of Bankruptcy, to be holden at the office of the Register, No. 202 Broadway, in the City of New-York, Room No. 4, before Isaac Dayton, Register, on the 1st day of June, A. D. 1868, at 12 o'clock M. R. MURRAY, U. S. Marshal,
as Messenger Southern District of New-York.
APRIL 24, 1868.

THIS IS TO GIVE NOTICE—THAT ON the 21st day of April, A. D. 1868, a warrant in bankruptcy was issued against the estate of EBENEZER H. BALCH, of New-York City, in the County of New-York and State of New-York, formerly a member of the firm of Balch & Lynan, who has been adjudged a bankrupt on his own petition: that the payment of any debts and delivery of any property belonging to such bankrupt, to him, or for his use, and the transfer of any property by him, are forbidden by law; that a meeting of the creditors of the said bankrupt, to prove their debts, and to choose one or more assignees of his estate, will be held at a Court of Bankruptcy, to be holden at No. 7 Beekman-st., corner of Nassau-st., Rooms Nos. 3 and 4, in the City of New-York, before Mr. James F. Dwight, Register, on the 15th day of May, A. D. 1868, at 2 o'clock P. M. R. MURRAY, U. S. Marshal,
as Messenger Southern District of New-York.
APRIL 24, 1868.

THIS IS TO GIVE NOTICE—THAT ON the 10th day of March, A. D. 1868, a warrant in bankruptcy was issued against the estate of OLIVER R. KEEP, of New-York City, in the County of New-York and State of New-York, who has been adjudged a bankrupt on his own petition: that the payment of any debts and delivery of any property belonging to such bankrupt, to him or for his use, and the transfer of any property by him, are forbidden by law; that a meeting of the creditors of the said bankrupt, to prove their debts, and to choose one or more assignees of his estate, will be held at a Court of Bankruptcy, to be holden at No. 39 Pine-st., New-York City, before John Fitch, Register, on the 8th day of May, A. D. 1868, at 12 o'clock M. R. MURRAY, U. S. Marshal,
as Messenger Southern District of New-York.
APRIL 25, 1868.

IN BANKRUPTCY.—IN THE DISTRICT Court of the United States for the Southern District of New-York.—In the matter of JOSEPH L. SMITH, bankrupt.—Notice is hereby given that a petition has been filed in said Court, by Joseph L. Smith, in said district, duly declared a bankrupt under the act of Congress of March 2, 1867, for a discharge and certificate thereof from all his debts, and other claims provable under said act, and that the 21st day of May, 1868, at 1 o'clock P. M., at the office of James F. Dwight, Register in Bankruptcy, No. 7 Beekman-st., in the City of New-York, is assigned for the hearing of the same, when and where all creditors who have proved their debts, and other persons in interest may attend, and show cause, if any they have, why the prayer of the said petition should not be granted.
Dated New-York, on the 23d day of April, 1868.
ap25-law3wSa* GEO. F. BETTS, Clerk.

IN BANKRUPTCY.—IN THE DISTRICT Court of the United States for the Southern District of New-York.—In the matter of WILLIAM L. NORTHAM, bankrupt.—Notice is hereby given that a petition has been filed in said Court by William L. Northam, in said district, duly declared a bankrupt, under the act of Congress of March 2, 1867, for a discharge and certificate thereof, from all his debts and other claims provable under said act, and that the 20th day of May, 1868, at 11 o'clock A. M., at the office of Mr. Henry Wilder Allen, Register in Bankruptcy, No. 161 Broadway, in the City of New-York, is assigned for the hearing of the same, when and where all creditors who have proved their debts, and other persons in interest may attend, and show cause, if any they have, why the prayer of the said petition should not be granted.
Dated New-York, on the 24th day April, 1868.
ap25-law3wSa* GEO. F. BETTS, Clerk.

IN BANKRUPTCY.—IN THE DISTRICT Court of the United States for the Southern District of New-York.—In the matter of HENRY MARTIN, bankrupt.—Notice is hereby given that a petition has been filed in said Court by Henry Martin, in said district, duly declared a bankrupt under the act of Congress of March 2, 1867, for a discharge and certificate thereof from all his debts and other claims provable under said act, and that the 15th day of May, 1868, at 12 o'clock M., at the office of John Fitch, Register in Bankruptcy, No. 39 Pine-st., in the City of New-York, is assigned for the hearing of the same, when and where all creditors who have proved their debts, and other persons in interest, may attend, and show cause, if any they have, why the prayer of the said petition should not be granted.—Dated New-York, on the 17th day of April, 1868. GEO. F. BETTS, Clerk.
ap18-law3wSa

IN BANKRUPTCY.—IN THE DISTRICT Court of the United States for the Southern District of New-York.—In the matter of ARCHIBALD Y. PADDOCK, bankrupt.—Notice is hereby given that a petition has been filed in said Court by Archibald Y. Paddock, in said district, duly declared a bankrupt under the act of Congress of March 2, 1867, for a discharge and certificate thereof from all his debts and other claims provable under said act, and that the 18th day of May, 1868, at 2 o'clock P.M., at the office of Mr. Edgar Ketchum, Register in Bankruptcy, No. 83 Nassau-st., in the City of New-York, is assigned for the hearing of the same, when and where all creditors who have proved their debts, and other persons in interest, may attend and show cause, if any they have, why the prayer of the said petition should not be granted.
Dated New-York, on the 16th day of April, 1868.
ap18-law3wSa* GEO. F. BETTS, Clerk.

IN BANKRUPTCY.—IN THE DISTRICT Court of the United States for the Southern District of New-York.—In the matter of HENRY C. BOLTON, bankrupt.—Notice is hereby given that a petition has been filed in said Court, by Henry C. Bolton, in said district, duly declared a bankrupt under the act of Congress of March 2, 1867, for a discharge and certificate thereof from all his debts, and other claims provable under said act, and that the 16th day of May, 1868, at 2 o'clock P. M., at the office of Mr. Edgar Ketchum, Register in Bankruptcy, No. 83 Nassau-st., in the City of New-York, is assigned for the hearing of the same, when and where all creditors who have proved their debts, and other persons in interest may attend, and show cause, if any they have, why the prayer of the said petition should not be granted.
Dated New-York, on the 17th day of April, 1868.
ap18-law3wSa* GEO. F. BETTS, Clerk.

IN THE DISTRICT COURT OF THE United States for the Southern District of New-York.—In the matter of CHAS. S. LITTLE, bankrupt.—In bankruptcy.—Before John Fitch, Register. To whom it may concern: The undersigned hereby gives notice of his appointment as assignee of Charles S. Little, of New-York, in the County of New-York and State of New-York, within the said district, who has been adjudged bankrupt upon his own petition by the District Court of said district.
Dated at New-York, the 3d day of April, A. D. 1868.
WALTER COOPER, Assignee,
ap18-law3wSa* No. 54 William-st., New-York City

IN THE DISTRICT COURT OF THE United States for the Southern District of New-York—In Bankruptcy.—In the matter of JOHN LIVINGSTON WOOLSEY, a bankrupt.—To whom it may concern: The undersigned hereby gives notice of his appointment as assignee of the estate of John Livingston Woolsey, of the City of New-York, in the County of New-York, in said district, who was, on the 9th day of March, A. D. 1868, adjudged a bankrupt upon his own petition, by the District Court of said district.
Dated at the City of New-York, 17th day of April, A. D. 1868. JOHN TODD, Assignee,
ap18-law3wSa* No. 202 Broadway, City of New-York.

IN THE DISTRICT COURT OF THE United States for the Southern District of New-York.—In the matter of GEORGE W. PAINE, a bankrupt.—Before John Fitch, Register.—To whom it may concern: The undersigned hereby gives notice of his appointment as assignee of George W. Paine, of Brooklyn, Kings County, State of New-York, doing business in the City of New-York, and County of New-York and State of New-York, within the said district, who has been adjudged bankrupt upon his own petition by the District Court of said district.
Dated at New-York, the 10th day of April, A. D. 1868.
ap18-law3wSa* THOS. M. WYATT, Assignee.

IN THE DISTRICT COURT OF THE United States for the Southern District of New-York.—In the matter of SAMUEL H. EVERETT, bankrupt.—In Bankruptcy.—Before Isaiah T. Williams, Register.—To whom it may concern: The undersigned hereby gives notice of his appointment as assignee of Samuel H. Everett, of the City of New-York, in the County of New-York and State of New-York, within said district, who has been adjudged bankrupt, upon his own petition, by the District Court of said district.—Dated at New-York, the 14th day of April, A. D. 1868.
JOHN SEDGWICK, Assignee.
ap18-law3wSa* No. 137 Broadway, New-York City.

IN THE DISTRICT COURT OF THE United States for the Southern District of New-York.—In Bankruptcy.—In the matter of WILLIAM H. WOODRUFF, a bankrupt.—Before John Fitch, Register.—To whom it may concern: The undersigned hereby gives notice of his appointment as assignee of William H. Woodruff, of New-York, in the County of New-York and State of New-York, within the said district, who has been adjudged bankrupt upon his own petition by the District Court of said district.
Dated at New-York the 3d day of April, 1868.
JOHN SEDGWICK, Assignee,
ap11-law3wSa* No. 137 Broadway, New-York City.

IN THE DISTRICT COURT OF THE United States for the Southern District of New-York.—In Bankruptcy.—In the matter of JAMES M. ALLING, bankrupt.—To whom it may concern: The undersigned hereby gives notice of his appointment as assignee of the estate of James M. Alling, of the City of New-York, in the County of New-York, in said district, and who was, to wit, on the 28th day of February, A. D. 1868, adjudged bankrupt upon the petition of himself, by the District Court of said district.
Dated at New-York City on the 28th day of March, A. D. 1868. JOHN SEDGWICK Assignee.
ap11-law3wSa* No. 137 Broadway, New-York City.

IN THE DISTRICT COURT OF THE United States for the Southern District of New-York.—In Bankruptcy.—In the matter of THOMAS WILSON, a bankrupt.—Before John Fitch, Register.—To whom it may concern: The undersigned hereby gives notice of his appointment as assignee of Thomas Wilson, of New-York, in the County of New-York, and State of New-York, within said district, who has been adjudged bankrupt upon his own petition by the District Court of said district.
Dated at New-York, the 20th day of March, A. D. 1868.
JOHN SEDGWICK, Assignee,
ap11-law3wSa* No. 137 Broadway, New-York City.

IN THE DISTRICT COURT OF THE United States for the Southern District of New-York.—In the matter of EMMOR K. HAIGHT, bankrupt.—In Bankruptcy.—To whom it may concern: The undersigned hereby gives notice of his appointment as assignee of Emmor K. Haight, of the town of West Farms, in the County of Westchester and State of New-York, in said district, who has been adjudged bankrupt upon his own petition by the District Court of said district.
Dated New-York, Jan. 15, 1868.
MARK M. STANFIELD, Assignee,
ap11-law3wSa* No. 118 Church-st., New-York City.

IN THE DISTRICT COURT OF THE United States for the Southern District of New-York.—In the matter of WILLIAM R. DEAN, bankrupt.—In Bankruptcy.—To whom it may concern: The undersigned hereby gives notice of his appointment as assignee of William R. Dean, of the town of Clarkstown, in the County of Rockland and State of New-York, in said district, who has been adjudged bankrupt upon his own petition, by the District Court of said district.
Dated New-York, Jan. 15, 1868.
MARK M. STANFIELD, Assignee,
ap11-law3wSa* No. 118 Church-st., New-York City.

NO. 845.—IN THE DISTRICT COURT OF THE United States for the Southern District of New-York.—In Bankruptcy.—Before John Fitch, Register.—To whom it may concern: The undersigned hereby gives notice of his appointment as assignee of RUTGER BIXBY and JAMES BUCKLAND, of Brooklyn, Kings County, and carrying on business in the City, County and State of New-York, within said district, who have been adjudged bankrupts upon their own petitions by the District Court of said district.
New-York, the 10th day of April, 1868.
JAMES WOOD, Assignee,
ap11-law3wSa* No. 23 South William-st., New-York.

IN THE DISTRICT COURT OF THE United States for the Southern District of New-York.—In the matter of WALKER P. JONES, a bankrupt.—In Bankruptcy.—Before John Fitch, Register.—To whom it may concern: The undersigned hereby gives notice of his appointment as assignee of Walker P. Jones, of New-York, in the County of New-York and State of New-York, within said district, who has been adjudged bankrupt upon his own petition by the District Court of said district.
Dated at New-York, the 20th day of March, A. D. 1868.
JOHN SEDGWICK, Assignee,
ap11-law3wSa* No. 137 Broadway, New-York City.

The New-York Times.

NEW-YORK, SATURDAY, APRIL 25, 1868.

Amusements this Evening.

ACADEMY OF MUSIC.
14th-st. and Irving-place.
MATINEE at 1 o'clock—MARY STUART. Leading character by Mlle. Janauschek.

WALLACK'S THEATRE.
Broadway, corner 13th-st.
HENRY DUNBAR. Characters by Messrs. J. W. Wallack, Charles Fisher, A. W. Young, B. T. Ringgold, J. C. Williamson, Miss Rosa Eytinge, Miss Annie Ward, Miss Mary Barrett and others.
MATINEE at 1 o'clock—ROSEDALE.

FRENCH THEATRE.
14th-st., near 6th-av.
MATINEE at 1 o'clock—LA BELLE HELENE. Characters by Mlle. Tostee, Messrs. Guffroy, Duchesne, Mlle. Marguerite and Mlle. Mathilde.

NIBLO'S GARDEN.
Broadway, between Prince and Houston sts.
THE WHITE FAWN.
MATINEE at 1 o'clock.

OLYMPIC THEATRE.
Broadway, between Houston and Bleecker sts.
HUMPTY DUMPTY. Characters by Mr. Geo. L. Fox, Mr. F. Lacy, Mr. C. K. Fox, Mlle. Emilie Rigl, Mlle. Schell, Miss M. Blake, Miss Lillie Whiting, and others.
MATINEE at 1½ o'clock.

NEW-YORK THEATRE.
Broadway, near 8th-st.
PARIS AND HELEN; OR, THE GRECIAN ELOPEMENT.

BROADWAY THEATRE.
Broadway, near Broome-st.
BORN TO GOOD LUCK, CONNECTICUT COURTSHIP, THE HAPPY MAN, &c. Characters by Mr. and Mrs. Barney Williams, &c.
MATINEE at 1 o'clock—FAIRY CIRCLE and IN AND OUT OF PLACE.

BOWERY THEATRE.
Bowery, near Canal-st.
CLAUDE DUVAL and LA TOUR DE NESLE.

NEW-YORK CIRCUS.
14th-st., opposite Academy of Music.
EXHIBITION OF EQUESTRIANISM AND CLASSIC OLYMPIC GAMES.
MATINEE at 2½ o'clock.

EUROPEAN CIRCUS,
Broadway and 34th-st.
AFTERNOON and EVENING—EXHIBITIONS OF EQUESTRIANISM, &c.

NOS. 954 AND 956 BROADWAY.
PANORAMA OF THE WAR, from the attack on Fort Sumter to the final surrender. Explained by Miss Sallie B. Goodrich.
MATINEE at 2 o'clock.

STEINWAY HALL.
Nos. 71 and 73 East 14th-st.
AFTERNOON at 2 o'clock—READINGS FROM SHAKESPEARE, By Mrs. FANNY KEMBLE. "Romeo and Juliet."
EVENING—Complimentary Concert to Miss Maria Somerville. By distinguished artists.

NATIONAL ACADEMY OF DESIGN,
Corner 23d-st. and 4th-av.
EXHIBITION OF PICTURES and SCULPTURES.

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We cannot notice anonymous communications. In all cases we require the writer's name and address, not for publication, but as a guarantee of good faith.

We cannot return rejected communications, nor preserve manuscripts, unless specially requested so to do.

To Advertisers.

Advertisers in the TIMES are requested to bring in their notices at as early an hour in the day as possible. If received after 8½ o'clock, it will be impossible to classify them under their proper heads.

NEWS OF THE DAY.

EUROPE.

We have startling intelligence from Australia, by way of London. An unknown person, supposed to be a Fenian, has attempted the assassination of Prince ALFRED while on a visit at Sydney. The Prince was dangerously wounded, but is slowly recovering. The assassin was immediately arrested.

The London papers of yesterday morning express great dissatisfaction with the budget presented by the Chancellor of the Exchequer. They declare that it is indefinite, and that supplementary appropriations will be required.

Intelligence from Japan represents that the Tycoon STOTSBASHI has retired from the Government, and that the Mikado offers indemnity for the French sailors murdered by the citizens of Osaca.

Lord STANLEY made a statement in the House of Commons last night to the effect that Great Britain was not prepared to recognize the independence of Crete.

The Prince and Princess of Wales sailed from Dublin yesterday for England, first having given a dinner on board the royal yacht to about forty guests.

THE IMPEACHMENT TRIAL.

On the assembling of the Senate yesterday the order offered by Mr. GRIMES on the previous day, providing that the Court for the trial of the President meet hereafter at 12 o'clock instead of 11, was adopted—yeas 21, nays 13. A proposition to admit to a seat on the floor of the Senate the reporters who are to report officially the final arguments was objected to and went over. Mr. NELSON resumed his argument for the defence, and, with the exception of a brief recess, occupied the attention of the Court until 4 o'clock, at which hour he concluded, and the Court adjourned.

GENERAL.

Gen. SCHOFIELD announces that the election on the adoption of the new Constitution will not take place on the 2d of June as ordered, unless Congress should, before that date, make an appropriation to defray the expenses. Due notice will be given when the election will take place.

An examination of the body of LA FLAMME, which was exhumed at Webster, Mass., on Thursday, revealed the fact that the wound on the right side of the head, over the ear, was apparently caused by a stone-hammer. A hammer which exactly fitted the crushed part of the skull was found at the house were DORE, one of alleged murderers, boarded.

Eleven of the crew of the British bark *Thalia*, which, with 1,090 bales of cotton, was burned in Mobile Bay, on Saturday night last, have been arrested. The officers express themselves confident that the vessel was fired by the watchman and four others of the crew. The vessel was valued at £2,500 and fully insured.

Hon. SAMUEL SHELLABARGER, of Ohio, has been entirely cured of the disease with which he has been long afflicted, and needs now only a brief interval for the recruiting of the strength and vigor necessary for the performance of his public duties.

There is still much suffering in Prince Edward's Island among the farming population, occasioned by the scarcity of fodder which has compelled them to feed grain and roots to their stock. In Bedeque, a rich and flourishing settlement, hay is selling at $48 a ton and straw at $16.

The Delaware Republican State Convention met at Dover yesterday and elected delegates to the Chicago Convention. Gen. GRANT was declared the first choice of Delaware for President. The Convention favored Mr. WADE for Vice-President but did not instruct the delegates to that effect.

A collision between a mail and a freight train occurred yesterday afternoon near Bethel, on the Vermont Central Railroad, killing Mr. HAZZARD, the baggage-master, and injuring Mr. WEBSTER, the Engineer.

The Democrats of Massachusetts will hold a Convention at Worcester May 20, to choose delegates at large to the National Convention. It is proposed to choose district delegates at the same time.

The new hotel in Brookfield, just completed, and owned by GEO. TWITCHELL and others, was destroyed by fire on Thursday night. The loss is estimated at $20,000. The property was insured for $8,000 in Worcester, Springfield and Fitchburg offices.

Membership of a base-ball club caused a young man in Fort Wayne, Ind., to neglect his business, and consequently to lose his situation. Idleness led him into evil ways, and on the 22d inst. he was detected in stealing valuable letters from the Post-office boxes, and was lodged in jail.

Eight workmen were instantly killed on Wednesday by the explosion of a boiler in a steam sawmill at Manestee, Michigan. The mill was set on fire and entirely destroyed.

The trial of the Cole-Hiscock murder case was continued yesterday at Albany. Several witnesses for the defence testified that the accused, in consequence of injuries received during the war, had become subject to fits of great mental depression and had impressed them with the idea that he was not rational. The trial will be continued to-day.

The Ohio Wool Buyers and Dealers' Association will meet in convention in Cleveland on Wednesday next, the 29th inst. A large attendance is expected.

F. A. NYE and EBEN B. MCCLOUD, grain dealers in Chicago, were arrested on Thursday, at the instance of W. H. CHANDLER, Superintendent of the Union Star Freight Line, and arraigned on the charge of forgery, he alleging that they had by some means come in possession of blank scale-cards at different elevators, and in shipping grain would fill them out, placing figures at from 800 to 1,000 pounds below the actual weight. The defendants, a dispatch says, have settled the financial part of the transaction by paying $4,600. The criminal question remains to be tried, the accused being held in $3,000 bail each. They allege that the act is in frequent practice among grain dealers, and is winked at by transportation companies.

The break in the Welland Canal is repaired and vessels are passing through.

WILLIAM M. WILSON, printer and engraver, was killed yesterday afternoon by accidentally falling from a third-story window, while assisting in lowering a heavy case of books.

A disastrous fire occurred Thursday at St. Martins, destroying twelve houses and other property. The loss is estimated at $30,000.

While a Fenian meeting was being held in Healy's Hall, Chicago, on Thursday night, the flooring gave way, and the audience were precipitated to the floor below. One person received injuries of which he subsequently died, and several others were badly injured.

Rev. FRANCIS WATERS, a venerable minister of the Methodist Protestant Church, died at his residence in Baltimore on Thursday, aged 77 years.

A. S. MANSFIELD, formerly of the First National Bank in New Orleans, was arrested in that city Wednesday, by order of United States Commissioner WELLER, on the charge of complicity in burning the steamer *Shooting Star*, on which $100,000 insurance was collected.

The Ohio Senate has indefinitely postponed a bill to allow a higher rate of interest than six per cent. on special contract.

The Massachusetts Legislature visited the Hoosac Tunnel yesterday and inspected the progress of the work.

Arrangements have now been perfected for the meeting of the National Board of Trade in Philadelphia, on the 3d of June.

Two more of the parties implicated in the Cumberland-street (Brooklyn) Protestant Orphan Asylum outrage were arrested yesterday. The prisoners were Dr. E. W. HYDE, the attending physician of the Asylum, and JANE DAVIS, head matron of the same institution. They were allowed to go on their own recognizance to appear to-day.

PATRICK PURCELL and JAMES DWYER were yesterday committed for trial on a charge of having murdered PATRICK MURPHY on the night of the 31st ult., in the vicinity of Fourth-avenue and Douglass-street, Brooklyn. The Coroner's jury brought in a verdict declaring that they had caused his death.

Mr. WATERHOUSE HAWKINS delivered the second lecture of his course on Natural History last evening to a large audience at Cooper Institute. His subject was the "Dragon," which he undertook to show was not a purely fabulous animal, as is generally supposed, and had had an actual existence on the earth.

A verdict of $2,650 was rendered yesterday in the Superior Court, Judge MCCUNN presiding, in the action entitled Edward Hope, administrator, *vs.* The Knickerbocker Ice Company. The suit was brought to recover damages for the negligent acts of the agents of the Company in pulling down an awning in front of No. 847 Third-avenue on the 9th of July, 1866, thereby causing such injuries to the plaintiff's boy that he died on the 20th of the following March.

In the line of family marketing the turn of prices was generally in favor of purchasers, on more liberal offerings of most seasonable articles; yet business was less active, and anything but satisfactory in volume to the dealers.

An active business was transacted in Cotton yesterday at a further advance of ¼c. ℔ lb. Breadstuffs were in moderate request; Wheat was firmer; Corn and Oats were cheaper. Provisions were in fair demand generally; Mess Pork and Cut Meats were quoted dearer. Groceries were salable and firm. Freights were quiet.

Congress and its Work.

It is stated from Washington that "a movement is on foot to secure an early adjournment of Congress;" that "this course is approved by many prominent Republicans of both Houses," who are represented as intending to "make an effort to effect an adjournment immediately after the Chicago Convention." The information comes through a Radical channel, and is corroborated by rumors that prevail in other quarters, equally favorable to Congress and its policy.

If in little more than a month hence Congress is to adjourn, the ordinary presumption would be that the work of the session is not far from completion. Another week will be occupied with impeachment; leaving less than three available weeks before the assembling of the Chicago Convention. The period will not admit of more than a very limited amount of business, and we must suppose that the "prominent Republicans of both Houses," who, we are told, favor the project of an early adjournment, are of the opinion that before the time named Congress will have performed its duty. Let us see, then, with what amount of service "prominent Republicans" are inclined to be satisfied.

The reduction of a large amount of internal taxation is a measure not to be estimated lightly. A load of eighty millions cannot be lifted off the shoulders of industry without reviving many drooping interests, and affording tangible relief to the great body of consumers. Such a boon, at such a time, must be a substantial addition to the electioneering capital of the party conferring it. But its efficacy, after all, depends on collateral considerations which have thus far been neglected. With a large surplus income the simple abolition of taxes might be enough. The Treasury would still be able to show a good account. It is known, however, that the reduction effected in the income of the Government will produce a deficiency unless a corresponding saving be effected in its expenditures. Retrenchment, therefore, is not a matter that can with impunity be postponed. It is an essential corollary of the measure repealing taxes on industry—a supplement, in fact, to that measure which cannot be neglected except at the cost of a deficit, which means either an increase of debt with taxation to meet the interest, or a reimposition of taxes to the full extent of the deficiency. This indispensable accompaniments Congress has failed to provide. It has down the national income, but it has net cut cut down the national expenses. It has not made a single serious effort in the direction of retrenchment. It has gone on voting appropriations for which the Treasury will not be in a position to provide, thus convicting itself of gross recklessness, and virtually undoing the reform for which it proposes to take especial credit. As the case now stands, it is sheer dishonesty to boast of reducing taxes. They are not only deferred until next year—postponed, as it were, with a view to political effect in the coming campaign. We do not believe that a trick so transparent will anywhere help its authors.

Nor has a single decided step been taken toward bringing into the Treasury revenue of which it has been robbed. The form of providing against whisky frauds has been complied with, nominally. Stringent pains and penalties have been enacted. But the system which has rendered these frauds easy, and even safe, is continued without so much as an attempt at correction. Mr. WELLS has in vain urged the reorganization of the revenue service on a basis of capacity and character, as a preliminary to any more faithful administration of the law. He has pointed out the hopelessness of legislative efforts to prevent evasions and losses, until the officers through whom the Treasury operates be selected and retained with no reference whatever to the partisan influences which at present are paramount. What then? Congress has done nothing; has not even talked of doing something. It has denounced frauds, and maintained intact the machinery which produces them. It has gone through the farce of protecting the revenue by enactment while keeping in full operation agencies which render its infraction a matter of certainty.

For the failure of the Reconstruction law in Alabama, Congress has made fair and perhaps not inadequate provision. And it has twice or thrice debated propositions to help its own measures by singling out for relief certain Southern individuals who have had wit enough to woo and win its favor. Beyond these points Congress has not advanced on the subject of reconstruction. Important questions remain to be settled. The careful revision of whatever South Carolina, Louisiana, or Alabama may submit for approval, is a task that ought not to be hurriedly performed; and for the same reason the failure of the plan in other States will necessitate action which should be undertaken deliberately, and with purposes moderated and widened by experience. A single week, we know, will be deemed sufficient for any additional legislation that may be called for. Twenty-four hours may indeed suffice for the enactment of a sweeping measure. But this is not the manner in which what remains to be done in respect of reconstruction can be done with reasonable expectations of efficiency. Nothing further may be absolutely necessary. Congress may choose to lay the whole subject over until next Winter; and that course, with all its injustice, would be preferable to any plan for rushing through the business in the interest of a party previous to the Presidential election. On the not improbable supposition, however, that further legislation will be required to complete reconstruction, we submit that the talked-of adjournment of Congress, immediately after the nomination at Chicago, cannot be persisted in without injury to the public interests. The statesmanship which is really wanted to make reconstruction thorough and lasting is seldom anxious to mount the stump. It does not forget that a party whose work is unfinished, or finished discreditably, enters a canvass at a disadvantage.

But impeachment? That may be finished within the allotted time. Congress may be able, therefore, to take a recess for the Convention, and soon thereafter to adjourn, undisturbed by anxiety concerning the Executive. If this were all that is needed or expected by the country, the "prominent Republicans" who desire an early adjournment might forthwith mature their arrangements for bidding Washington a temporary good-by. But it is not all; and an adjournment at the time mentioned will only be possible on the ground that the leaders of the Republican Party are prepared to go before the country with a courageous contempt for the fact that the work expected at their hands is still undone.

Obstructing Restoration.

The point most strongly pressed against President JOHNSON of late is, that he is "an obstacle to the pacification of the country." The *Tribune* brings this accusation against him,—declaring that he has resisted pacification "after a bloody and desolating war, *during a long period of time*, when the urgent interests of peace, and justice, and national prosperity demanded that pacification;" and this specific charge is pressed against him by the great body of the Radical Press.

Now the simplest justice compels us to say—what everybody knows—that this is a one-sided and unfair statement of the case. President JOHNSON contended earnestly and vigorously for a "pacification of the country," by the restoration of the Southern States, *for two years*, while Congress resisted and defeated it. During the two years which followed the close of the war, the main accusation against Mr. JOHNSON was that he was hurrying "pacification" too fast. The burden of all the Radical speeches in Congress was that the South was not ready for restoration;—that the States were not fit to be brought back into the Union;—that the people were still at heart *rebels*, and could not safely be trusted with self-government or with a share in the government of the nation. Congress refused even to receive the credentials of Southern members of Congress,—refused to recognize the Provisional Governments organized by the President for the purpose of paving the way to reconstruction,—refused to do anything but subject the Southern people to continued military rule.

During all this time Mr. JOHNSON was pressing restoration and pacification upon Congress. He insisted on its necessity, on the advantages to be derived from it, and on the obligations resting on the Government under the Constitution to bring it about as speedily as possible. And during all that two years it was Congress, and not the President, which was the "obstacle" to restoration and pacification. Congress opposed it, because it did not like the President's plan of bringing it about:—just as the President afterward opposed it because he did not like the plan of Congress. Both would have favored it if both could have had it in their own way. But as neither could have it just exactly as either wanted it, each in turn thwarted the other.

The President wanted the Union restored, and State Governments reëstablished, substantially under the State Constitutions which existed before secession, modified so as to meet the changes which the war had rendered necessary; and this he pressed upon Congress and the country with all the zeal, impatience and imprudence characteristic of his nature. Congress would not consent to restoration except on the basis of universal negro suffrage. This was its aim from the beginning. It resisted every attempt at reconstruction on any basis short of that. Failing to carry that at the outset, Congress contented itself with staving off reconstruction altogether, until it could carry negro suffrage. It would not allow the Southern States to be represented in Congress; it would not allow them to control their own State Governments, or to make their own constitutions and laws, until they could compel them to do it on that basis. It made itself an "obstacle"—and a very formidable and effective obstacle—to the "pacification of the country," and the restoration of the Union, so long as *that* point was unattained, and during all that time President JOHNSON was doing everything in his power (which proved to be little enough) to accomplish what he is now untruly accused of having opposed from the beginning—namely, the restoration of peace and the Union.

We say nothing now of the comparative *merits* of the two plans. Whether the President was right in trying to restore the Union on his basis, or not,—it is certain, at all events, that he is not chargeable with having "opposed restoration," from the close of the war. He did everything in his power to favor it. He was two years ahead of Congress in point of *time*, in trying to bring it about. Congress never favored it, or would permit it, until its favorite policy of universal suffrage had been secured.

Progress of the Impeachment.

We cannot congratulate Mr. NELSON on his argument in defence of the President. It was not calculated to weigh with the Senate or greatly to impress the public mind. The general tone of it was rather that of a harangue than of an argument,—an appeal to feeling, rather than judgment,—such a speech as might be addressed to a jury, rather than a court. In this respect, as well as in its general texture and tone, it was not equal either to Mr. BUTLER's opening speech or to that of Mr. BOUTWELL. Both those were close and compact arguments, indicating careful research and a wide and reasonably accurate acquaintance with the legal points involved in the trial, and appealing less to prejudice and passion than might have been expected under the circumstances of the case.

Both those speeches were written and read from manuscript, while Mr. NELSON's was *extempore*. But this has nothing to do with the merits of the respective arguments. If the Senate can listen patiently to a written speech, nobody else has a right to complain; and if a man cannot speak clearly, cogently and compactly without writing, he had better write his speech or forego speaking at all. The ability to speak well *extempore*, evinces higher talent than the ability to write a good speech; but it is much better every way to write a *good* argument than to speak a *poor* one. All the speeches in this trial are intended rather for the country than for the Senate. Senators are not likely to be greatly influenced on either side by the arguments that may be professedly addressed to them; and it is quite safe to say that they are much less likely to be influenced by appeals to prejudice and feeling than by legal argument. Mr. NELSON devoted a good deal of his attention to setting forth the patriotism and zeal of Mr. JOHNSON during the war, to his sufferings in the cause of the Union, to the practical services rendered to the country, and to the sincerity and integrity of his efforts to restore the Southern States to the Union. There is force in these suggestions, but they are scarcely in place on such a trial. They have no direct relation to the points in issue. They have nothing to do with the question whether Mr. JOHNSON in office has committed the "high crimes and misdemeanors" with which he stands charged, and for which he is on trial.

The opening speech of Mr. CURTIS was in every way far more able and effective than that closed by Mr. NELSON yesterday. It evinced a clearer comprehension of the issues involved, and a stronger grasp of the questions of Constitution and law that are involved. Mr. STANBERY, it seems, is to file a written argument, being disabled by illness from making one orally: it will necessarily lose a good deal in fullness of detail, but it will unquestionably give a clear and comprehensive statement of the legal aspects of the case.

The trial will probably be over within a week or ten days at furthest; and although, when compared with other trials of anything like equal magnitude, it has been hurried through with "railroad speed," as Manager BUTLER demanded at the outset it should be, the country will not be sorry to see it ended. There is not a little impatience in the public mind to see the contest closed one way or the other. The short remnant of the President's term would seem to render his removal, in any case, of little consequence; but it cannot be denied that he has inspired thorough distrust in the public mind by taking advantage of every decision in his favor, as in the summary and defiant removal of Mr. STANTON, for example, immediately after the decision of the House against impeachment. The result is that, so far as he is personally concerned, the public at large is comparatively indifferent as to the result.

MINOR TOPICS.

Mr. STEVENS would seem to be one of those prophets not without honor save in his own country and his own house. We find so distinguished a personage as Prof. LORIMER, the Regius Professor of Public Law and of the Law of Nature and of Nations in the University of Edinburgh, speaking of him, in a late publication, as "Mr. THADDEUS STEVENS, the venerable President of the Chamber of Representatives." If a professor of international law can thus talk of the supposed office of "President of the Chamber of Representatives," surely less well-informed men may make more striking mistakes. But why Mr. STEVENS is imagined to fill the office of Speaker or "President" of the "Chamber," we cannot imagine—unless it be that his authoritative utterances in the House and his rebukes administered to "recreants" and other unruly members, have given that impression to people across the water.

The Washington correspondent of the Charleston *Courier* says that Senator CHANDLER is pressing Mr. E. B. WARD, of Detroit, upon the coming President for Secretary of the Treasury. Aside from Mr. CHANDLER's influence with Mr. WADE, which is very great, this movement has very strong support in other quarters. It is understood that one of the objects of the coming session of the "Industrial League" in this City is to make Mr. WARD Secretary of the Treasury. He is a man of wealth and a zealous and ardent advocate of a high Protective Tariff. He is a warm personal friend of Senator WADE and his chances of appointment are supposed to be very good. At all events, if he does not get it, it will not be for lack of strong efforts on the part of those who are specially interested in an increase of the Tariff.

The Albany *Evening Journal* thinks it an "insult" to the Senate to suggest that they should vote by ballot on the impeachment trial. It says the country will "demand" that they vote openly, boldly and fearlessly! But they have already resolved to deliberate and vote *in secret*. Is not this, in point of fact, equivalent to a vote by ballot? The Senate votes secretly on a great many questions—on the ratification of treaties, the confirmation of persons nominated for office, &c. Why is not this an "insult" as well as the other? The indignation prompted by the suggestion of a vote by ballot, results from the fear that some Senators might vote independently, and according to their own judgments, rather than in obedience to the dictates of party.

A correspondent informs us that he lives at Harlem, and is very anxious to have the Arcade Railroad built, in order that he may get down town more promptly and cheaply. He cannot account for our hostility to the project except on the supposition that we are hostile to the poor, who cannot pay high rents in town, or else that we are interested in some rival road. Very well; he needn't try to account for it. He will feel better, perhaps, if he continues to indulge in his pleasing illusions. But for the sake of obliging him we are perfectly willing that the Arcade scheme should be built,—if it can be made quite certain that it won't disoblige anybody else. We are afraid, however, that he will be a good deal older than he is now before he has a chance to ride down town on the Arcade road. Perhaps he will be so rich by that time that he won't need it.

"Olivia," of the Philadelphia *Press*, out-Herods "Occasional." "The death-dealing rattle of the Kuklux Klan is borne to us on the breath of the soft south wind; the hand of palsy grasps our Southern sister States." *But* "a new day dawns—all hail! BENJAMIN F. WADE." Of Mr. WADE, "Olivia" says that Massachusetts "spared him room to be born," but in the West "his mind drank in the grand landscape of dimpled lake and sunny dew-kissed prairie;" that he is "great, just like a mathematical figure which stands to represent the distance of the sun. He may be rubbed out, like the digit on the blackboard, but the principles embodied in him are enduring." With such rhetoric, it is almost an *embarras de richesses* to have the *other* imaginative pen employed on the *Press*. With such an "Olivia," "Occasional" is superfluous—especially when he comes every day.

The details of the passage of Curupaity and Humaita, as given in the Buenos Ayres *Standard* and the *Anglo-Brazilian Times*, show that achievement to be one of the most brilliant recorded in naval history. Both in its individual gallantry and its scientific lessons, it throws Lissa into the shade, and is to be placed with our own Mobile and New-Orleans. The fleet forced a passage through a tortuous channel more difficult than either of the two latter presented, obstructed by torpedoes and chains, and defended by batteries, which, both for the number and calibre of their guns, surpassed Fort Philip and Fort Jackson on the Mississippi as they did Fort Morgan and Fort Gaines in Mobile Bay. We need hardly add that it was the American monitor principle which mainly permitted this feat to be accomplished. After the powerlessness of their batteries, even with a hot cross-fire, had become apparent, the bold Paraguayans are said to have tried that famous experiment which we used to be told would be fatal to monitors—boarding them and throwing hand-grenades down their smoke-pipes. But streams of scalding water were thrown out, and drove off the daring assailants.

The Washington correspondent of the Cincinnati *Chronicle* says, "it is well understood that Mr. STANTON will not, under any supposable circumstances, remain at the head of the War Department, except for a very brief period, or assume the charge of any other Department." Mr. STANTON, as is well known, has been desirous to escape the labors and embarrassments of the War Department for the last two years. His course in retaining office after being requested by President JOHNSON to resign, was prompted by a sense of duty, (whether mistaken or not,) rather than any personal desire to remain. And neither his personal wishes nor his sense of propriety would permit him to continue in the place after the President should be removed and Mr. WADE succeed to the office, mainly through his efforts.

The *Revolution*, which, as the Woman's organ, ought to be accurate in its statements concerning women, repeats the story that two gambling-houses are kept up in Washington for the accommodation of female gamblers. If there is any truth in the story, we venture to say that they are not devoted exclusively to purposes of gambling. But we doubt the whole story.

WENDELL PHILLIPS, in the last number of the *Anti-Slavery Standard*, lacking other subject for his venom, again attacks Mr. BEECHER, under the title of "Magnanimity—Mad." At least, Mr. PHILLIPS cannot be accused of the supposed excess of charity which he inveighs against. He once more arraigns Mr. BEECHER for "sending his eloquence round the world in behalf of that nest of vipers and cage of unclean birds, LEE's college," for "trifling with his civil duty," for lack of "instinctive sense of right and wrong," and of "the magnanimity of common sense of the New Testament." The true inference from such a tirade is, that when WENDELL PHILLIPS finds nothing worthier of assault than Mr. BEECHER, his own proper "mission" is substantially ended, and he has lived beyond his work and his worth.

M. FORCADE, the writer of the regular *résumés* of the *Revue des Deux Mondes*, is reported in Paris to be insane. He has always been a man of decided ideas and style, denouncing the Emperor's *entente* or alliance with Prussia, carping vehemently at the new Press law, and showing the grand superiority of the Press in England, where a Minister could be found (Lord STANLEY) to accept a public statement of the NEW YORK TIMES or *World* (in the case of the Alabama) as respectfully as if it came from Mr. SEWARD himself. M. FORCADE had also a habit of saying fine things of the "Marseillaise" whenever it came in his way. He recently accompanied the remains of DANIEL MANIN to Venice, and showed his insanity in the City of Lagoons by purchasing jewelry. On his return he actually proposed to M. DE MOUSTIER, Minister of Foreign Affairs, that the Prince Imperial should marry the daughter of the Count of Paris. For all these things the Poloniuses of the capital have set him down as crazy. And yet that last advice was not so very foolish after all. It would conciliate the Orleanists and blend the blood of HENRY IV.—first and best of the Bourbons—with that of the Bonaparte. Very probably M. FORCADE is only mad north, northwest, like *Hamlet*.

The Paris correspondent of the *Express* repeats the stale slander that KOSSUTH "pocketed" the money raised for the Hungarian cause in this country during his visit. There is neither provocation nor excuse for this. Those who have known anything of KOSSUTH since his visit here know perfectly well that the money in question was expended in zealous, hazardous and fruitless attempts to keep up a political organization in Hungary for the purpose of renewing, at some more propitious time, his efforts to achieve the independence of that country. The employment of secret agents, the maintenance of correspondence, and the thousand expenses incidental to such attempts, soon exhausted the comparatively small amount which he collected. KOSSUTH lived in London for a year or two after his return in seclusion and in the most humble style; he then went to Turin, where his condition was scarcely removed from destitution, and it is perfectly safe to say that not a single dollar given him in this country or elsewhere for political purposes at home was ever expended for his personal wants, or in any other cause than that which it was intended to serve.

The *Westminster Review* for April brings the heavy ordnance of a regular built "article" to bear upon that poor Irish Church. It points to the happy example of Canada, where the system of Church reserves has been done away with, for the last fourteen years. In 1840, the English Parliament checked that system and at the same time divided the Church funds between the Episcopalians, Catholics and Dissenters—a thankless and snarling kind of settlement. In 1853 the Imperial Parliament washed its hands out of the business, and bid the Canadian Legislature arrange it. The latter, in 1854, put quite out that torch of discord, and transferred the funds to the municipalities for the purposes of education. The Irish Church protests that Canada is not Ireland, and pleads that tithes were always paid in Catholic Ireland. But the merciless Reviewer, who knows history, shows that the old Irish never paid tithes to Pope or priest, before the time of STRONGBOW, and afterward only paid them reluctantly, and when they were forced to do so. Poor Irish Church! SPURGEON is at her too!

There is a great evil under the sun. It is the refusal of housekeepers to have any children in the house—the discomfiting assurance—"We do not let our rooms to a family having children." This is the natural result of another great evil. The boys and girls are generally allowed to grow up independent, rude, forward and careless of all control. On consideration, a person finds it hard to blame those grim housekeepers who do not wish to have a set of little Ishmaelites ramping and racketing in and out of their dwellings, notching the bannisters and keeping a dog in the cellar. It is a sign that something is wrong in our way of life, when society begins to put the children under the ban of orderly households; and it bodes no good to the next generation, for the boys and girls are the fathers and mothers of the men and women. After all, it may be a good thing that parents should receive these disconcerting lessons at the door from "the lady of the house."

A man in New-Haven is said to have committed suicide because his rent was raised. If the same cause should produce similar effects here, New-York would be depopulated.

WASHINGTON.

WASHINGTON, Friday, April 24.

GEN. SCHOFIELD NOMINATED AS SECRETARY OF WAR.

The President to-day withdrew the nomination of THOMAS EWING, Jr., as Secretary of War, sending to the Senate the following communication:

To the Senate of the United States:

I have nominated JOHN M. SCHOFIELD to be Secretary of the Department of War, in place of EDWIN M. STANTON, to be removed.

The President also nominated ROBERT L. FARR to be Surveyor of Customs for Peoria, Ill.

CANCELLATION OF REVENUE STAMPS.

The Committee which has been engaged for some time past in examining the various kinds of revenue stamps, and the various methods of cancellation proposed for adoption by the Internal Revenue Department, have reported that in their opinion no plan that has been submitted for examination, which is fit for adoption, has any such claim for novelty as should authorize the Department to give a compensation for it as a plan. The principle recommended by the Committee is simply this: To use either alone, or combined with other printing, a fine design, capable of production on the most minute scale, and by the highest appliances of art, as a ground spreading over the whole surface of the paper upon which the stamp is to be printed, and colored with the ordinary coloring matter of common writing inks. Upon the ground thus prepared the stamp is to be printed. The value of this plan lies in the fact that the same agents which, when applied, will remove the cancellation marks, will also so effectually destroy the groundwork of the stamp itself as to protect the Government against losses by re-use.

DESTITUTE INDIANS.

Several communications were sent to the House of Representatives to-day from the Secretary of the Interior, inclosing official papers, showing an immediate necessity for an appropriation to furnish supplies to destitute Indians at and near Fort Cobb in the Indian Territory, the Big Bend of the Arkansas River and North Platte City, Nebraska, and in Kansas and Dacotah Territory.

REVENUE CUTTERS WANTED.

The Secretary of the Treasury, in a communication to the House of Representatives, says there is special need of four steamers for marine cutter service, namely, one at Alaska, one on the Columbia River and the coast of Oregon, one for Charleston, S. C., and one for Mobile, the aggregate cost of which would be $350,000.

TRIAL OF SURRATT.

The second trial of JOHN H. SURRATT is fixed for Tuesday, May 12. It is understood that Judge BLACK, MERRICK and BRADLEY, Jr., will appear for the defence.

THE NATIONAL BANKS.

Following is an abstract of the quarterly reports of the National Banking Associations of the United States, showing their condition on the morning of the first Monday of April, 1868:

Resources.

Loans and discounts, including overdrafts	$627,669,886 54
United States bonds deposited to secure circulation	339,266,650 00
United States bonds and securities deposited to secure depositors	37,426,000 00
United States bonds and securities on hand	45,942,800 00
Other stocks, bonds and mortgages	19,854,684 10
Due from National Banks	95,533,983 09
Due from other banks and bankers	7,677,933 35
Real estate, furniture and fixtures	22,025,252 52
Current expenses	5,411,219 45
Premiums	2,659,086 45
Checks and other cash items	114,635,520 03
Bills of National Banks	12,562,228 00
Bills of other banks	196,106 00
Specie	15,315,919 19
Fractional currency	1,824,938 29
Legal-tender notes	83,926,780 00
Compound interest notes	39,084,020 00
Three per cent. certificates	24,255,000 00
Clearing-house certificates	170,000 00
Aggregate	$1,495,438,007 01

Liabilities.

Capital stock	$420,221,210 00
Surplus fund	72,342,335 00
Undivided profits	32,780,721 97
National Bank notes outstanding	295,017,089 00
State Bank notes outstanding	3,310,177 00
Individual deposits	528,774,450 40
United States deposits	22,744,034 65
Deposits of United States Disbursing officer	4,880,995 71
Due to National Banks	93,979,628 81
Due to other banks and bankers	21,384,364 47
Aggregate	$1,495,438,007 01

TYPHUS FEVER IN AFRICA.

Our Consul at Port Mahon, under date of March 31, reports that information has been received there that the typhus fever has appeared on the coast of Africa in addition to the famine. This information causes great anxiety, as it is a well-known fact that plague usually follows famine. Quarantine is restricted to three days' observation, to be performed at various Spanish ports.

OFFICE-SEEKERS.

In response to the resolution of Congress, passed recently, requiring a report of the applications made to the Treasury Department for official positions since the 20th of February, it has been found by actual count, that the number of applications made between that date and the 20th of the present month, aggregate 1,166, and during that time the number of appointments has not been over 100, 50 of which were made in the Second Auditor's office by special law, and the remainder to fill vacancies, caused by resignations or removals.

THE SOUTH CAROLINA ELECTION.

The following has been received at Gen. GRANT's headquarters from Gen. CANBY:

CHARLESTON, S. C., April 23.

Total vote in South Carolina so far as reported, 85,843: majority for the Constitution, 43,161. Three districts not heard from. Six incomplete. Nothing from North Carolina.

STOCK IN BANKS.

In answer to the inquiry from a Collector of Internal Revenue to the Secretary of the Treasury, as to whether he would be allowed to hold stock in a National Bank Depository where he deposited public moneys, the reply has been made that he could not, a standing rule of the Department forbidding it.

RECEIPTS OF CUSTOMS.

The receipts of customs at the ports below mentioned, from April 13 to the 18th inclusive, were as follows: Boston, $395,660; New-York, $2,528,000; Philadelphia, $218,078. Total, $3,141,738.

QUARANTINE REGULATIONS.

General Order No. 19, has been issued by command of Gen. GRANT. It instructs the Commanding Generals of the Military Districts, comprising the States of Virginia, North Carolina, South Carolina, Georgia, Florida, Alabama, Mississippi, Louisiana and Texas, to cause:

First—All vessels arriving at ports within their commands from ports infected with the yellow fever, cholera or other epidemic disease, but having had no case during their passage, to be quarantined for fifteen days and thoroughly fumigated. *Second*—All such vessels which have had yellow fever, cholera or other epidemic disease on board during the passage, and after arriving at quarantine, to be quarantined for fifteen days after the termination of the last case, and thoroughly fumigated.

In carrying out this quarantine District Commanders are to consult and ask the assistance of officers of the navy in their vicinity, and correspond direct with the Secretary of the Navy in reference to such assistance and coöperation.

AMUSEMENTS.

Academy of Music—German Drama.

Dr. LAUBE's play of "The Count of Essex" was acted at the Academy of Music last evening, by the Germany company, and Mlle. JANAUSCHEK gave us her conception of *Elizabeth*, as far as the limited character of the drama permitted its expression. There is little or no resemblance between the German "Elizabeth" and the Italian, as we have seen her in GIACOMETTI's works. They both love *Essex*, and there the likeness seems to cease. The conduct of both stories is different, and although in each *Essex*, despite his Queen's love, meets the headsman, the causes that prompt his Royal sweetheart to send him to the block vary. In the one it appears to be offended majesty; in the other it is downright jealousy. We have read in an old class-book the old scandal of ESSEX's supposed secret marriage with the Countess of Rutland and of the Queen's jealousy of her, which seems to be the foundation of the German drama, but we believe no English author has thought of preserving it in a play. The effect of Dr. LAUBE's piece is not inviting of a trial. It is less active, although much less diffuse than the Italian piece; but we can sometimes excuse unity, if we get enlivening culmination instead. The character of *Elizabeth* that Mlle. JANAUSCHEK presents, therefore, is altogether unlike the Italian Elizabeth, for the reason that while in the latter the Queen of England is exhibited in several stages of life, the other is seen only in a single phase—that in which *Essex* was supposed to be the centre. Of course, in that, the actress may picture her heroine under many emotions, and she does. Haughty rebellion with her counselors for suggesting anything; concealed and repressed passion in the presence of her younger and successful rival; ill-concealed affection when *Essex* disarms her suspicions; and fierce outbreaks when the worst of her jealous fears are realized;—in these particular features of the character Mlle. JANAUSCHEK was strong and unmistakable. There being nothing delicate whatever about the character of *Elizabeth*, as she is presented in this play, we naturally excuse the actress for making no effort to suggest delicacy, and the representation must go with the recommendation of being forcible to a fault.

The other performances were good. A mild and canary-like personation was given by Mlle. LIEBE as the *Countess of Rutland*. Mr. SCHERENBERG's *Essex* was heavy and declamatory, and Herr WAGGENER's *Cecil* was scarcely otherwise. Mr. CRELINGER as *Sir James Ralph*, and Mlle. SINGER in the part of *Lady Nottingham* gave admirable pictures that might have fitted any court gallery. To-day at 1, Mlle. JANAUSCHEK is to appear as *Mary Stuart*.

Matinees.

Day performances will be given at Wallack's Theatre, Niblo's, the Olympic, the Broadway, the New-York, the Circus in Fourteenth-street, and the Circus in Thirty-fourth-street, at the Panorama, and, in short, at every place of amusement in town now regularly open.

THE COLE-HISCOCK MURDER.

Continuation of the Testimony for the Defence—The Evidence of the Insanity of the Accused.

From Our Own Correspondent.

ALBANY, Friday, April 24, 1868.

Several witnesses were called to-day for the defence whose evidence tended to show that the defendant, in consequence of certain injuries received in the South during the war, had become subject to fits of great mental dejection. Mr. EDWIN R. FOX, of Rochester, testified to having been a private in COLE's company, at Washington, in 1861. COLE was then in good health; but he was injured on two occasions by the falling of his horse—first, late in the summer of 1862, and the second time about a year afterward, when his horse stumbled and fell upon him, striking him across the breast. He then went home on sick leave, having been so badly injured that he was frequently delirious. Witness met him next at Fortress Monroe; he was then in fitful spirits, sometimes jovial, and at others melancholy; had to remain in his tent at times from affection of the breast and costiveness; he continued so until the last of October: at times when apparently jovial, he would become melancholy, and would leave the room; all this time he was subject to constipation of the bowels, interrupted by occasional homorrhage. Witness never knew him to be excused from duty during this time. In October, 1865, witness met him in Texas and found him still to be in fitful moods, jovial at times, and then melancholy; his dejection would continue for one and two days; his health was poor; his constipation continued; his melancholy was more frequent; he was always on duty when an order came. From that time witness had not seen him until now.

Mr. Frank B. Garrett, of Syracuse, was then examined, and testified substantially to the same effect as the preceding witness. Garrett was a Sergeant in Cole's company; during a raid in the direction of Weldon, in the Spring of 1863, Cole was fifty-four hours in the saddle, and on the conclusion of the march fell exhausted from his horse, and was found by witness lying asleep on the ground; he was very much prostrated, and could not mount a horse for two months after the raid: in answering questions he appeared very childish; at times would not answer at all, and some answers would be foreign to the subject; his mind did not appear to rest on any particular subject; after returning home, witness noticed that he had lost the jovial, hearty disposition that he had in the service; he would sit still in witness store and not speak, and witness would have to arouse him; he would walk out abruptly; he spoke of different projects he had in view; about where to go; his mind was unsettled as to what he would do; he was often despondent, but would not tell why he was so; he said that his wound had used him up so that he was of no more good to himself or family; he spoke highly of Mr. Hiscock once or twice while in the service; witness did not know whether or no they were friends.

Nothing of material value was elicited on the cross-examination of these witnesses. Guy Davis of Syracuse testified that he had conversed with the accused after his return from the war, and had thought that he was irrational.

Gen. Godfrey Weitzel testified that the accused was in his command when witness had command of the Eighteenth and Twenty-fifth Corps; he considered him a perfect gentleman; his character was first-rate. On his cross-examination Gen. Weitzel said he had seen nothing to make him think Gen. Cole was at all irrational.

Geo. Rayner, of Onondaga, testified that he had known the accused before the war; thought him changed when he returned from the war; he was dejected and absent-minded; the impression on his mind was that he was not rational.

Several other witnesses were examined, but their evidence was to the same general purport. The Court adjourned until 11 o'clock Saturday morning.

TELEGRAMS.

Startling Intelligence from Australia.

Prince Alfred Shot and Dangerously Wounded by a Supposed Fenian.

Continuation of the Trial of the Clerkenwell Conspirators.

Great Britain Refuses to Concede the Independence of Crete.

AUSTRALIA.

Attempted Assassination of Prince Alfred by a Fenian.

LONDON, Friday, April 24—Midnight.

Late and startling intelligence has just been received in this city from Australia. Prince ALFRED, who is visiting Sydney, was shot and dangerously wounded by an unknown person.

The would-be assassin, who was said to be a Fenian, was promptly arrested.

The Prince, according to the last advices, was slowly recovering.

GREAT BRITAIN.

Continuation of the Trial of the Alleged Clerkenwell Conspirators.

LONDON, Friday, April 24—Evening.

The trial of the Fenian prisoners, accused of having caused the recent explosion in Clerkenwell, was resumed at the Old Bailey at 10 o'clock this morning. After the examination of a few more witnesses, whose testimony was merely corroborative of that already given, the case for the prosecution was rested. At this stage of the proceedings, Mr. WILLIAMS, the counsel for O'KEEFE, moved for the entry of a *nolle prosequi* in the case of his client. Mr. STRAIGHT agreed that none of the proof adduced by the prosecution connected his client, TIMOTHY DESMONDS, with the Fenian plot. Messrs. KEOGH and GREEN also spoke at length for their clients, ENGLISH and BARRETT.

Mr. GREEN was quite certain that BARRETT was not implicated in the remotest degree in the Clerkenwell crime. He sifted the evidence against his client, showing a mass of contradictions. He would prove that BARRETT was in Glasgow on the 13th of December, the day on which the explosion occurred. A shoemaker of that city, named MCNAUGHTY, had already sworn that he saw him on the 12th, 13th and 14th, and heard him read an account of this very explosion in his shop. Other witnesses from Glasgow would swear to the same facts.

On the conclusion of Mr. GREEN's remarks the Court adjourned till to-morrow.

The Independence of Crete not to be Conceded by Great Britain.

LONDON, Friday, April 24—Midnight.

In the House of Commons, this evening, Lord STANLEY, in reply to a question, admitted that the Emperor of Russia had made secret proposals to the British Government with regard to the Cretan difficulty, but which, without the consent of the Czar, could not properly be made public. The plain solution of the reply is, that proceedings looking to the independence of Crete, (which the Sublime Porte will not concede without compulsion,) is a policy which it is impossible for Great Britain to pursue.

The Annual Budget—Complaints of the Press.

LONDON, Friday, April 24.

The budget, which was introduced in the House last evening by the Chancellor of the Exchequer, forms the chief topic of editorials this morning with the London Press.

The *Times* and most of the Liberal journals are dissatisfied with the estimates of the Chancellor, and say that the budget is indefinite and unsafe. The *Times* predicts that supplementary estimates will be found necessary to meet deficiencies, and thinks that the new burden ought to fall on customs, and not on incomes.

Sailing of the Prince of Wales for England.

DUBLIN, Friday, April 24.

The Prince of Wales embarked for England to-day. Before sailing he gave a dinner on the Royal yacht. There were about forty guests present. The utmost good feeling and enthusiasm prevailed.

JAPAN.

Retirement of the Tycoon—Indemnity for the Murder of French Sailors.

LONDON, Friday, April 24.

Late and important intelligenre has been received from Japan *viâ* Shanghae. The Tycoon, STATSBASHI, had retired from the Government. The Mikado offers indemnity for the murder of the French sailors at Osaca.

SPAIN.

The New Cabinet.

MADRID, Friday, April 24.

The following is the new Cabinet:

BRABO MURRILLO, President, (*vice* NARVAEZ deceased,) and Minister of the Interior; RANCALI, Minister of Justice and Foreign Affairs; MAYNALDE, Minister of War; OROBIA, Minister of Finance; CATALANA, Minister of the Public Works, and MARFORI, Minister for the Colonies.

The Outbreaks in the Country Subdued.

PARIS, Friday, April 24.

Dispatches received from various parts of Spain to-day report that the disorders have been repressed.

SOUTHERN ELECTIONS.

The North Carolina Election.

RALEIGH, N. C., Friday, April 24.

The following majorities are reported against the Constitution: Catawba, 800; Iredell, 1,000; Orange, 600; Almance, 300; Cleveland, 700; Cumberland, 200; Gaston, 200; Rowan, (official,) 477; Lincoln, 200; Davie, 250; Duplin, 400; Sampson, 600. New-Hanover, Craven, Edgecomb and Halifax are largely Radical by decreased majorities. Carteret has gone Conservative, but no figures have been received. Franklin is doubtful. Chatham is reported against the Constitution. Wayne, 213 for the Constitution, (official;) Wake, between 800 and 900, including Raleigh, (804, official,) for the Constitution.

NEWBERN, Friday, April 24.

The Republicans claim Craven County by 1,944 majority, and Lenoir by 300 majority. It is rumored that Greene gives 150 majority for the Republicans. Jones (official) 148 majority for the Republicans. Carteret gives 26 majority against the Constitution.

WILMINGTON, N. C., Friday, April 24.

Columbus County, complete, gives 373 Conservative majority. Bladen and Robeson Counties give small majorities for the Radicals. Richmond County is doubtful, with chances in favor of the Radicals. Duplin County gives 487 majority for the Conservatives. Brunswick will give a small Conservative majority. Halifax, complete, gives 1,650 majority for the Radicals. Edgecomb is reported about 1,300 Radical majority.

Returns thus far received indicate the vote on the Constitution to be very close, and that the extreme western counties will decide the result.

NEWBERN, N. C., Friday, April 24.

Catawba County gives 1,200 Conservative majority; Iredell, 850; Coldwell, 290; Stanley, 200, and Alexander 300.

Burke and McDowell Counties are Radical by a small majority.

The Georgia Election.

AUGUSTA, Ga., Friday, April 24.

The counting of the votes is progressing slowly, and it will be several days before the result will be officially known.

It is believed that the Radicals have carried this District by electing PRINCE to Congress and giving a majority for the Constitution and for BULLOCK.

The Democrats claim five out of seven Congressmen elected, and a majority of the Legislature.

The Republicans are confident of the election of BULLOCK, and the Democrats are equally sure of the election of GORDON; but all of this is conjecture. The official count will show a close vote.

A negro man was bayoneted by a soldier in a row yesterday. He was buried this afternoon. The body was followed to the grave by a large procession of men and women. All is now quiet.

MACON, Ga., Friday, April 24.

The vote has not yet been counted. To-day was spent in assorting and comparing with the registers. Accounts from Southwestern Georgia are still more favorable to the Democrats. Nearly every County has gone against the Constitution and elects the full Democratic ticket.

SAVANNAH, Friday, April 24.

The Board of Registration commenced counting the votes at 4 o'clock this afternoon, having been delayed on the question of admitting challenges and on other points. The city vote, as counted up to 7:30 P. M., gives 326 Conservative and 261 Radical. The large boxes are yet to be counted. The Conservatives claim a majority, and the general opinion is that they are ahead in the city by a large majority.

The Louisiana Election.

NEW-ORLEANS, Friday, April 24.

The *Republican* foots up the returns from the thirty-four parishes, giving 20,000 majority in favor of the ratification of the Constitution. The remaining fourteen parishes will probably increase these figures. The *Republican* claims 24 out of 36 Senators, and 40 members of the House as far as heard from.

NEW-ORLEANS, Friday, April 24.

Further returns increase the majority in the parishes for the Constitution. It will be some days before the result is officially promulgated. The Constitution is ratified and the Radical State ticket elected beyond doubt. The *Republican* says the seat of MANN, the Democratic Congressman-elect from the First District, will be contested by the defeated Republican candidate. Frauds are charged on the Radicals, and a case is cited of one precinct in this city where over one thousand more votes were polled than were registered. One of the Registers reports officially to the Commanding-General that one of the ballot boxes bears marks of violence, and shows conclusively that it has been tampered with.

A grand Masonic procession took place here to-day, the occasion being the consecration of the Masonic cemetery. All the grand officers of the State were present, and organizations of the highest degree were represented.

The Tennessee Election.

NASHVILLE, Tenn., Friday, April 24.

Gov. BROWNLOW, at the request of the candidates for Congress, has consented to postpone the elections until November.

The Virginia Election.

RICHMOND, Friday, April 24.

Gen. SCHOFIELD issued an order this morning that Congress having made no appropriation to defray the expenses of the election in Virginia for the ratification or rejection of the Constitution, the election will not take place on June 2, unless Congress should make an appropriation before that date. If the election does not take place on that day Congress will substitute a later day, of which due notice will be given.

Delaware Delegates to the Chicago Convention—Gen. Grant for President.

WILMINGTON, Friday, April 24.

The Republican State Convention of Delaware met at Dover yesterday, nearly full delegations being present from all the counties.

The following delegates were elected to the Chicago Convention: Joshua T. Heald, Lewis Thompson, R. B. Smithers, Thomas Coursey, C. S. Layton, Isaac J. Jenkins.

Resolutions were adopted to nominate Gen GRANT, and indorse impeachment. Two of them are as follows:

Resolved, That we approve of the plan adopted by Congress for the reorganization of the rebel States; that its vital principle, impartial suffrage, is just, as well as politic, and that in view of the action of Congress already had, as well as natural justice, we express the hope that such an amendment of the Constitution of the United States will be made as will secure the application of the principle throughout the Republic.

Resolved, That we give our voice to, and pledge our assistance in the maintenance of the national faith and credit, insisting that on the payment of the debt, the spirit of the contract shall be truly and honorably observed.

The first of these resolutions was warmly discussed.

EDWARD G. BRADFORD, HOWARD M. JENKINS and others supporting it, and Hon. N. B. SMITHERS, Major LOFLAND and others opposing it.

The resolution was finally adopted, amid great enthusiasm and cheering, by a test vote of 75 to 37.

The delegates have not been instructed in regard to the candidate for Vice-President, but the opinion of the Convention is generally favorable to Mr. WADE.

Testimonial Proposed for the Family of D'Arcy McGee.

OTTAWA, Ontario, Friday, April 24.

The McGee Testimonial Committee have sent circulars to the Mayors of the several cities in the Dominion, asking them to initiate a movement in aid of the fund to discharge the liabilities against the estate of the late D'ARCY MCGEE. The subscription list for the same purpose among the Senators and members was opened to-day.

The Militia bill, after a long discussion, was read the second time in the House last night.

The Nova Scotia members will hold a meeting to-day to consider the means to be taken to have resolutions protesting against the Confederation entered upon the journal of the House of Commons. It is understood that these resolutions will be milder in tone than those adopted by the Nova Scotia.

Whisky Seizures in Cincinnati.

CINCINNATI, Friday, April 24.

This morning the First District United States Assessor effected the largest seizure of illicit whisky ever made in the West. After midnight the City Police accidentally discovered some parties unloading barrels from a canal-boat under suspicious circumstances, and reported the fact to the Assessor, who proceeded to make investigation. They found men at work, and 300 barrels of whisky unloaded and rolled into the rectifying establishment of R. D. ROCKHILL on the canal. The barrels were without mark or Government brands of any kind. The officers took immediate possession of ROCKHILL's establishment and the canal-boat containing the remainder of the whisky. The 300 barrels were placed in a bonded warehouse.

A Lady and Three Men Drowned in the James River.

RICHMOND, Va., Friday, April 24.

Miss PUTZUL and Mr. MORTIMER COX, of this city, a ferryman and a negro were drowned on Wednesday night while crossing the James River at Jude's Ferry.

A Republican meeting, this afternoon, composed of three thousand negroes, was addressed by Mr. HUNNICUTT.

Eight Men Killed by an Explosion in Michigan.

CHICAGO, Friday, April 24.

The steam saw-mill of Green Brothers, of Chicago, at Manistee, Michigan, was completely destroyed by fire on Wednesday night. The fire was caused by the explosion of a boiler. Eight workmen were instantly killed, and four others seriously injured.

Gen. Sherman at St. Louis—Indian News.

ST. LOUIS, Friday, April 24.

Gen. SHERMAN arrived here to-day.

A Cheyenne dispatch says the Indians attacked a party of laborers in Black Hills yesterday and killed four of them. They also captured six teams belonging to the train.

New-Mexican papers report the Indians in the vicinity of Fort Stanton to be very troublesome. They have killed several settlers, and run off a large number of cattle.

Fatal Shooting Affray in Chicago.

CHICAGO, Friday, April 24.

THEODORE CAMERON, a gambler of this city, and JOSEPH BRUCE, a gas-fitter from Philadelphia, became involved in an altercation to-night which terminated in the shooting and killing of BRUCE. CAMERON surrendered himself to the authorities.

Fatal Casualty at a Fenian Meeting in Chicago.

CHICAGO, Ill., Friday, April 24.

Last night, while a Fenian meeting was being held in Healy's Hall, the flooring gave way, precipitating the audience to the floor beneath. Several persons were seriously injured, and one has since died.

Rossini's sweetest opera air is not more ravishing than the opera air perfumed (as it is every evening) by PHALON'S new perfume, "FLOR DE MAYO," is to the nose. Sold by all druggists.—*Advt.*

One Ounce of Gold

Will be given for every ounce of adulteration found in "B. T. BABBITT'S LION COFFEE." This Coffee is roasted, ground and sealed "*hermetically*," under letters patent from the "United States" Government. All the "Aroma" is saved, and the Coffee presents a rich, glossy appearance. Every family should use it, as it is fifteen to twenty per cent. stronger than other pure "Coffee." One can in every twenty contains a ONE DOLLAR GREENBACK. For sale everywhere. If your grocer does not keep this coffee, and will not get it for you, send your orders direct to the factory.

B. T. BABBITT,
Nos. 64, 65, 66, 67, 68, 69, 70, 72 and 74 Washington-st., New-York.—*Advertisement.*

Ask for the Waltham Watch.

It is the best; it is the cheapest. T. B. BYNNER & CO., No. 157 Fulton-st., New-York.—*Advertisement.*

This season of the year Nature demands that morbific matter retained in the system should be eliminated and thrown off—if it is retained, Spring coughs, violent bilious attacks, &c., supervene, and alarming debility frequently sets in, rendering the person so suffering miserable, and costing hundreds of dollars for trips to watering places, &c.

SWAIM'S CELEBRATED PANACEA, the Great Purifier, introduced by the medical profession about fifty years ago, is THE remedy to take now. It is an excellent detergent, pleasant to the taste, and of great value in Scrofula, and diseases allied to this hydra-headed monster. For sale by all druggists.

Chickering & Sons, Manufacturers of Grand, Square and Upright Piano-fortes, were awarded at the Paris Exposition the First Grand Prize, the Legion of Honor and a Grand Gold Medal, making 63 first premiums during the past 45 years. Warerooms, No. 652 Broadway.

Durno's Catarrh Snuff.

Twenty-five cents per box. By all druggists.

Iron Stable Fittings, Mangers, Hay-racks, partitions, &c., wholesale and retail.

JANES, KIRTLAND & CO.,
Nos. 8 and 10 Reade-st., corner Centre.

Janes, Kirtland & Co.,

Nos. 10 and 12 Reade-st., corner of Centre.
FOUNTAINS AND VASES,
AT WHOLESALE AND RETAIL.

Iron Bedsteads of Superior Quality, for private residences; also, bedsteads for institutions.

JANES, KIRTLAND & CO.,
Nos. 8 and 10 Reade-st., corner Centre.

The Singer Manufacturing Co.

SEWING-MACHINES.
No. 458 Broadway, New-York.

An Albany Editor, Mr. Hoy, No. 33 South Pearl-st., the gentlemanly agent of Dr. WOLCOTT'S PAIN PAINT, relieved a young lady, friend of mine, who was in extreme agony from inflammatory rheumatism, in fifteen minutes by the application of Pain Paint, so that she was entirely free from pain. For any further particulars please inquire of Wm. R. Prentice, editor of the Albany *Argus*.

Dickens a Young Man Again.—See his photographs on his arrival in America, and when he departed for old England. CHEVALIER'S LIFE FOR THE HAIR did its work quickly; and it never fails where there is weak, falling-out or gray hair. See Chevalier's "Treatise on the Hair;" sent free by mail, and given away at the drug-stores. SARAH A. CHEVALIER, M. D., No. 1,123 Broadway.

Ladies, Cultivate Physical Beauty.—Mme. JUMEL'S MAMMARIAL BALM AND DEVELOPER positively improves the bust healthfully and scientifically, and is pronounced by physicians the greatest reform of the age. Depot No. 907 Broadway. Request circular. Sold everywhere.

Hair Dye, Hair Dye, Hair Dye.—The genuine W. A. BATCHELOR'S Hair Dye is the best in the world—the only perfect dye—harmless, reliable, instantaneous, black or brown. Sold everywhere, and properly applied at BATCHELOR'S Wig Factory, 16 Bond, N. Y.

Fleming's Cure for Tender Heads; his gents' light and durable 3 oz. silk hats are indeed a specialty; the best silk hat manufactured $7, a splendid article for $6. FLEMING, Jr., No. 146 Fulton-st., near Broadway.

Trusses, &c.—MARSH & CO.'S Radical Cure Truss Office, only at No. 2 Vesey-st. Also supporters, bandages, silks, elastic stockings, &c. A lady attendant.

An Extensive Stock of Ladies', Misses', Boys' and Infants' Hats—prices reduced—at GENIN'S, No. 513 Broadway.

For Moth Patches, Freckles and Tan on the Face, use PERRY'S "Moth and Freckle Lotion." Sold everywhere.

Stop at No. 661 Broadway, opposite Bond-st., and examine the Self-lighting GAS-BURNER.

Terhune & Brett, No. 141 Fulton-st.—Window Shades, Venetian Blinds.

Stimpson's Scientific Gold and Steel Pens. Sold by all stationers, and at No. 111 William-st.

Dundas, Dick & Co.'s Soft Capsules.—For sale by all first-class druggists.

MARRIED.

BETTS—DOMINICK.—On Thursday, April 23, by Rev. A. H. Partridge, Mr. GEO. W. BETTS and Miss MAGGIE E. DOMINICK, youngest daughter of the late James W. Dominick, all of this City.

COX—MCCULLOUGH.—On Tuesday, April 21, by Rev. William Adams, D. D., EDWIN M. COX to ALIDA, daughter of James McCullough, all of this City.

CARPENTER—WHEELER.—On Monday, April 20, by Rev. Samuel D. Burchard, Mr. JOHN H. CARPENTER to SARAH WHEELER, all of this City.

DE MOTTE—CAMPBELL.—On Thursday, April 23, at the Central M. E. Church, by Rev. Geo. S. Hare, D. D., THOMAS G. DE MOTTE, of Chicago, to ANNIE TERESE, daughter of A. J. Campbell, of this City.

FORD—WILEY.—On Thursday, April 23, at the residence of the bride's parents, in Orange, N. J., by Rev. Geo. B. Bacon, Col. GEO. W. FORD, of New-York, to MARY S., daughter of John Wiley.

KNIGHT—FOWLER.—On Thursday, April 23, at the Church of the Restoration, by Rev. H. Blanchard, WALTER MATHEWSON KNIGHT to MARY HALSTED FOWLER, of Brooklyn, N. Y.

LAWRENCE—LEMON.—In Brooklyn, on Wednesday evening, April 22, by Rev. R. B. Van Kleeck, D. D., ELIJAH C. LAWRENCE, of Council Bluffs, Iowa, to JULIET M., daughter of James M. Lemon, of Brooklyn.

NICHOLS—BAKER.—On Thursday, April 23, at the residence of the bride's parents, by Rev. Drs. Gallaudet and Aastburn Benjamin, CARMAN NICHOLS, Jr., to MAMIE A., eldest daughter of Henry O. Baker, Esq., all of this City. No cards.

SPOONER—SHERMAN.—On Thursday, April 23, at the Church of the Transfiguration, by Rev. Dr. Houghton, FREDERICK B. SPOONER, of Boston, to CARRIE M. SHERMAN, of this City.

DIED.

BEESLEY.—On Friday, April 24, JOSEPH W., son of Joseph and Eliza Beesley, in the 34th year of his age.

The friends and acquaintances are invited to attend the funeral on Sunday afternoon at 2 o'clock, from Yorkville Baptist Church, 83d-st., between 2d and 3d avs.

CROCKER.—At Clifton, S. I., on Thursday, April 23, in the 68th year of her age, FRANCES CHURCH, wife of Wm. A. Crocker, and daughter of the late Isaiah Thomas, Jr., of Worcester, Mass.

The relatives and friends of the family are invited to attend her funeral at St. John's Church, Clifton, on Sunday, April 26, at 2 o'clock. Her remains will be taken to Greenwood for interment.

DESMOND.—On Thursday, April 23, DANIEL DESMOND, in the 59th year of his age.

Funeral from the M. E. Church, Morrisania, on Sunday at 3½ o'clock.

JONES.—On Thursday, April 23, at 1:20 P. M., of scarlet fever, HALLOCK DONOHOE JONES, aged 8 years, 4 months and 25 days.

Friends and relatives are respectfully invited to attend the funeral at 10 A. M. this day, (Saturday,) April 25, from the residence of Mr. L. Jackson, No. 27 West 18th-st., between 5th and 6th avs., without further notice.

JULIEN.—On Thursday afternoon, April 23, DENIS JULIEN, in the 62d year of his age.

The friends of the family are invited to attend the funeral from his late residence, No. 129 East 23d-st., this (Saturday) afternoon, April 25, at 1 o'clock.

LABAGH.—On Friday morning, April 24, ARTHUR W., youngest son of William O. and Henrietta Labagh.

The relatives and friends of the family are invited to attend the funeral this (Saturday) morning at 11 o'clock, at the residence of his grandmother, Mrs. J. D. Hill, No. 249 West 25th-st. The remains will be taken to Hackensack, N. J.

LEWIS.—On Tuesday, April 21, after a lingering illness, MARIA L., wife of Charles V. Lewis, in the 37th year of her age.

The relatives and friends of the family are respectfully invited to attend the funeral from the church, corner of Bleecker and Downing sts., on Saturday at 1½ P. M., without further notice.

METCALFE.—At New-Orleans, on Thursday, April 23, EDITH C., daughter of John T. Metcalfe, of this City, aged 13 years.

RANKIN.—On Friday, April 24, JANE S., daughter of John Rankin, Esq.

Relatives and friends are invited to attend her funeral from No. 350 Clinton-st., Brooklyn, on Sunday, April 26, at 2½ o'clock, without further notice.

WHITE.—On Friday, April 24, GEORGE H. WHITE, aged 7 years, youngest son of Joseph and Charlottee White.

Funeral at the residence of his parents, No. 28 Rutgers-st., this (Saturday) afternoon at 3½ o'clock.

WRIGHT.—At Astoria, on Friday, April 24, in the 7th year of her age, LYDIA ELIZABETH WRIGHT, only daughter of Jacob F. and Lydia H. T. Wright.

The funeral will take place at the house of her parents, on Sunday, the 26th inst., at 2 P. M.

MISCELLANEOUS.

THE UNION PACIFIC
RAILROAD COMPANY
Offer a limited amount of their
FIRST MORTGAGE BONDS
AT PAR.
PRINCIPAL AND INTEREST
PAYABLE IN GOLD.

The Union Pacific Railroad Company are building a railroad from Omaha, on the Missouri River, *West*, to connect with the Central Pacific of California, building from Sacramento, *East*, and these roads, when completed, will be THE ONLY GRAND RAILROAD BETWEEN THE ATLANTIC AND PACIFIC COASTS.

The Union Pacific Company have already
COMPLETED 550 MILES,
and trains are now running over the highest point of the Rocky Mountains that will be traversed by the line. The Company will have a much larger force employed this year than ever before, and it is expected that between
800 AND 900 MILES
will be in operation during 1868. There seems to be no reasonable doubt that the 1,721 miles between Omaha and Sacramento will be finished in 1870.

The means provided for the construction of this great National work are ample. The United States grants its Six Per Cent. Bonds at the rate of from $16,000 to $48,000 per mile, for which it takes a *second lien* as security, and receives payment to a large, if not to the full extent of its claim in services. These Bonds are issued as each twenty-mile section is finished, and after it has been examined by United States Commissioners and pronounced to be in all respects a first-class road, thoroughly supplied with depots, repair-shops, stations, and all the necessary rolling stock and other equipments.

The United States also makes a donation of 12,800 acres of land along the line to the mile, which will be a source of large revenue to the Company.

The Company is also permitted to issue its own First Mortgage Bonds to an amount equal to the issue of the Government and no more. Hon. E. D. Morgan and Hon. Oakes Ames are Trustees for the Bondholders, and deliver the Bonds to the Company only as the work progresses, so that they always represent an actual and productive value.

The authorized capital of the Company is One Hundred Million Dollars, of which over eight and one-half millions have been paid in upon the work already done.

Contracts for the construction of 914 miles west from Omaha, comprising much of the most difficult mountain work, have been made with responsible parties at the average rate of sixty-eight thousand and fifty-eight dollars ($68,058) per mile. This price includes all necessary car-shops, depots, stations, and all other incidental buildings, and also locomotives, passenger, baggage and freight cars, and other requisite rolling stock, to an amount that shall not be less than $7,500 per mile.

It is not doubted that when the road is completed the through traffic of the only line connecting the Atlantic and Pacific States will be large beyond precedent, and, as there will be no competition, it can always be done at profitable rates, and
THE EARNINGS FROM LOCAL OR WAY BUSINESS ARE NOW THREE TIMES THE INTEREST ON THEIR BONDS.

It will be noticed that the Union Pacific Railroad is, in fact, A GOVERNMENT WORK, built under the supervision of Government officers, and, to a large extent, with Government money, and that its bonds are issued under Government direction. It is believed that no similar security is so carefully guarded, and certainly no other is based upon a larger or more valuable property.

The Union Pacific Bonds are for $1,000 each, and have coupons attached. They have thirty years to run, and bear annual interest, payable on the first days of January and July at the Company's office in the City of New-York, at the rate of six per cent. in gold. The principal is payable in gold at maturity.

At the present rate of gold, these bonds pay an annual income on their cost of
NEARLY NINE PER CENT.,
AND IT IS BELIEVED THAT THEY WILL SOON BE AT A PREMIUM.

The Company have but a very limited supply of their Bonds remaining on hand—but it is expected that the first installment of the New Bonds to be issued on that portion of the road to be completed this year, will be ready in May.

Any subscriptions accepted to a greater amount than can be filled from Bonds now in the Company's possession, will be supplied from the New Bonds in the order in which they are received.

The Company reserve the right to advance the price of their bonds to a rate above par at any time, and will not fill any orders or receive any subscriptions on which the money has not been actually paid at the Company's office before the time of such advance.

Parties subscribing will remit the par value of the bonds and the accrued interest in currency at the rate of six per cent. per annum, from the date on which the last coupon was paid. Subscriptions will be received in New-York
AT THE COMPANY'S OFFICE, NO. 20 NASSAU-ST.,
AND BY
JOHN J. CISCO & SON, BANKERS, 59 WALL-ST.,
And by the Company's advertised Agents throughout the United States.

Remittances should be made in drafts or other funds par in New-York, and the bonds will be sent free of charge by return express. Parties subscribing through local agents, will look to them for their safe delivery.

A PAMPHLET AND MAP FOR 1868 has just been published by the Company, giving fuller information than is possible in an advertisement, respecting the Progress of the Work, the Resources of the Country traversed by the Road, the means for Construction, and the value of the Bonds, which will be sent free on application at the Company's office, or to any of the advertised agents.

JOHN J. CISCO, Treasurer, New-York.
APRIL 10, 1868.

FURNITURE
OF THE LATEST STYLES, CONSISTING OF PARLOR, DINING-ROOM AND CHAMBER SUITES,
AT F. KRUTINA'S
MANUFACTORY AND WAREROOMS,
Nos. 96 and 98 East Houston-st.,
Between Bowery and 2d-av.
Retailing at manufacturers' prices.
All goods warranted.

NO. 7 PINE-ST., NEW-YORK, Nov. 18, 1867.

DR. J. H. SCHENCK—DEAR SIR: I CAME to your office last February in a very bad condition of health. I had that awful complaint, dyspepsia, in its worst form; could not eat, had sour stomach, nervous, bad pain in the head; and, in fact, I was really miserable. You told me it was all caused by a deranged state of the liver and stomach, creating such an inactive state of the system the stomach could not act, consequently everything soured that I ate. You recommended your (Schenck's) Mandrake Pills and Seaweed Tonic. I took them, and called twice to see you a short time since, and can say now I am well and in better health than I have been for ten years. I cannot speak too highly of your medicines. Use this letter as you see fit.

Yours truly,
R. M. JONES, General Broker,
No. 7 Pine-st., New-York.

We would recommend those complaining with Liver Complaint, Dyspepsia, constipated bowels, sallow complexion, and having tried everything without benefit, to call on Mr. Jones, for such ones are generally in low spirits and need a little buoying up or encouragement, to try Dr. Schenck's Medicines in sufficient quantities to unlock the ducts of the gall bladder, and get the liver to secrete healthy bile.

Patients can consult Dr. Schenck professionally at his rooms, No. 32 Bond-st., New-York, every Tuesday, from 9 A. M. to 3 P. M. All advice free of charge; but for a thorough examination with his Respirometer, $5. Price of the Pulmonic Syrup and Seaweed Tonic, each, $1 50 per bottle, or $7 50 the half dozen. Mandrake Pills 25 cents per box. Sold by druggists everywhere. A full supply can always be obtained at his rooms, No. 32 Bond-st., New-York.

TO THE WEAK, THE WORN AND THE weary, the editor of the Boston *Recorder* says: "We can most unhesitatingly recommend the PERUVIAN SYRUP, a protected solution of the protoxide of iron, to all the weak, the worn and the weary, having richly experienced its benefits. It possesses all the qualities claimed for it by its proprietor.

THE VERMONT SPRING WATER IS the most reliable remedy known for Cancer, Scrofula, Kidney Diseases, and all impurities of the blood. Address SAXE & CO., Sheldon, Vt., or No. 417 Broome-st., New-York.

MISCELLANEOUS.

THE GRAND ROMANCE OF THE YEAR.
THE WHITE WIDOW;
OR,
BATTLING FOR THE INHERITANCE,
BY
PERCY B. ST. JOHN,
the distinguished English novelist,
author of "Ellen Dalton; or, England in Secret," "The Pet Heiress," &c., &c.,
WILL OPEN
IN THE
SUNDAY MERCURY OF TO-MORROW.

This remarkable serial, which, in its conception and details is unquestionably one of the most vigorous and heartstirring specimens of
SENSATIONAL FICTION
ever written, might not inappropriately be called a
TALE OF TWO CITIES,
as it will be published simultaneously in New-York and London. The
ADVANCE SHEETS
are obtained of the author, at a price scarcely short of the cost of the
ENGLISH COPYRIGHT,
and the work will be given to the reading public through the columns of
THE GREAT SUNDAY JOURNAL

To lift the curtain from the Plot would be a thankless task, but it may be briefly stated thus:—A criminal desire to obtain possession of a rich landed inheritance is the animus of a terrible conspiracy which forms the main subject of the romance. Covetousness that does not shrink from murder to compass its object; subtlety and cruelty worthy of a Lucretia Borgia, embodied in the form of a beautiful intriguante; love developed in its fiercest intensity in the heart of a wayward and ignorant youth, contrasted with pure affection and the most determined courage as displayed by the heroine of the tale, the "White Widow," constitute the motives and suggest the acts of some of the leading characters in the narrative. The scene is laid in England, and the incidents and adventures introduce the reader into every variety of company and bring him in contact with almost every imaginable phase of human character. The fascinating but fiendish Carlotta Ponsonby, the shrewd and faithful dwarf, Paul Ushant, the daring and desperate young Gipsy, Dark Will, and the calm highminded woman who is the avenging spirit of the story, are among the most striking impersonations that have ever figured in an exciting work of fiction.

The prestige of the SUNDAY MERCURY as the most enterprising, able and comprehensive weekly newspaper on this side of the Atlantic, has been acquired by indefatigable exertion, and by an unprecedented outlay of capital; and as "nothing succeeds like success," its popularity, founded on this solid basis, is continually on the increase. The people, not alone of the City of New-York, but of the whole country, have discovered that it is a paper that they cannot do without. It presents on the leisure-day of the seven FIFTY-SIX COLUMNS in condensed type, embracing every topic that concerns the business of the commercial and professional world, or is connected with the amusements and social enjoyments of the masses. No paper in the United States publishes such copious, accurate, and graphic reports of public proceedings or
SWEEPS THE TELEGRAPHIC CIRCLE
so completely. Its special telegraphic dispatches are the latest, fullest, and most authentic that appear in print. Its MARKET REPORTS and COMMERCIAL NEWS generally are standard authority. It is the faithful chronicle of all that transpires in the THEATRICAL and SHOW WORLD and in the SPORTING ARENA. In the field of IMAGINATIVE LITERATURE, including ORIGINAL SERIALS and NOVELETTES, by the best authors, HUMOROUS SKETCHES and POEMS, it is confessedly without a rival. To these causes and the fearless energy with which it
COMBATS PUBLIC WRONGS,
and fights the battles of the people against every species of fraud and oppression in its Editorial Columns,
THE SUNDAY MERCURY
OWES ITS
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NEW-YORK, April, 1867.

MR......

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1 Spring Overcoat	$26 00
1 Cassimere Sack	20 00
1 Pair Pants	12 00
1 Cass. Vest	5 00
1 Linen Duster	4 00
1 Linen Coat	3 00
1 Linen Vest	2 00
1 White Vest	4 50
1 Alpaca Coat	8 00
1 Pair White Duck Pants	9 00
1 Striped Seer Sucker Coat	5 50
	$99 00

NEW-YORK, April, 1868.

MR .....

Bought of Kirtland, Babcock & Bronson,
Nos. 45 and 47 Chambers-st.

1 Spring Overcoat	$10 00
1 Cassimere Sack	7 00
1 Pair Cassimere Pants	4 00
1 Cassimere Vest	2 00
1 Linen Duster	1 25
1 Linen Coat	1 00
1 Linen Vest	87
1 White Vest	1 75
1 Alpaca Coat	3 50
1 Pair White Duck Pants	4 50
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	$38 37

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HOUSTON GAS COMPANY BONDS.

The undersigned offer for sale $40,000 of mortgage bonds of the Houston Gaslight Company, State of Texas. These bonds are part of an issue of $50,000, by the Company, and are secured by a mortgage on their franchise and the entire property of the Company to P. N. Spofford, Trustee.

Interest at 10 per cent. per annum is payable semi-annually at the office of the Company, in Houston, or in this City at the office of the undersigned.

SPOFFORD, TILESTON & CO.

BROWN BROTHERS & CO.
NO. 59 WALL-ST.,
ISSUE COMMERCIAL AND TRAVELERS' CREDITS FOR USE IN THIS COUNTRY AND ABROAD.

ST. LOUIS AND IRON MOUNTAIN
RAILROAD COMPANY'S
SEVEN PER CENT.
FIRST MORTGAGE BONDS.
FEBRUARY AND AUGUST COUPONS.

The title of the St. Louis and Iron Mountain Railroad having been confirmed by act of the General Assembly of the State of Missouri, and the bonds declared valid, the work of extending the same to a connection with the Southern system of roads at Columbus, Ky., is now going rapidly forward. Ninety-one miles being in profitable operation, forty-five miles of new work graded, with rails enough on hand for forty-seven miles, it is expected that the whole line, from St. Louis to Belmont, 193 miles, will be opened for business early next year, so that there will be a continuous line from St. Louis to Mobile, New-Orleans and other Southern cities. A very large traffic is anticipated.

The old part of the road (91 miles) already earns enough to secure all the interest on the whole mortgage debt, and the extension completed, will vastly increase the earnings. The proceeds of these bonds going into the extension of the road adds to the security, and a projected branch, southwestwardly from Pilot Knob, for which a cash subsidy of $15,000 per mile is granted by the State, as a free gift to the Company, will add very much to the value of their property.

THOS. ALLEN, President, St. Louis, Mo.

We, the undersigned, cordially recommend these seven per cent. mortgage bonds of the St. Louis and Iron Mountain Railroad as a good security. The revenue of the road will be large, and the administration of the affairs of the Company is in capable and experienced hands, and is entitled to the greatest confidence of the public.

JAMES S. THOMAS, Mayor of St. Louis.
JOHN J. ROE, Pres. Union Merchants' Exchange, St. Louis. (Chamber of Commerce.)
E. W. FOX, Pres. St. Louis Board of Trade.
BARTON BATES, Pres. North Missouri Railroad.
J. H. BRITTON, Pres. Nat. Bank of the State of Mo., in St. Louis.
WM. L. EWING, Pres. of the Mer. N. B. of St. Louis.
GEO. H. REA, Pres. Second National Bank, St. Louis.
JAS. B. EADS, Chief-Engineer St. Louis and Illinois Bridge Company.
GEO. R. TAYLOR, Pres. Pacific Railroad, (of Missouri.)
WM. TAUSSIG, Pres. Traders' Bank, St. Louis.
JOHN R. LIONBERGER, Pres. Third National Bank of St. Louis, Mo.
ADOLPHUS MEIER, Vice-Pres. Union Pacific Railway, (E. D.)
ROBERT BARTH, Pres. German Savings Institution.
ALLEN, COPP & NISBET, Bankers, St. Louis.

NEW-YORK REFERENCES.

E. D. MORGAN & CO.,	S. GANDY,
J. H. SWIFT,	W. T. BLODGETT,
ISAAC N. PHELPS,	A. R. ENO.
W. V. BRADY,	

Bonds for sale, and pamphlets with details can be had at the New-York Agency.

H. G. MARQUAND, Vice President, No. 43 Wall-st.

CLEVELAND, COLUMBUS AND CINCINNATI RAILROAD COMPANY,
CLEVELAND, Ohio, April 20, 1868.

THERE WILL BE A MEETING OF this Company at its office in Cleveland, Ohio, on THURSDAY, the 14th day of May, 1868, between the hours of 9 and 12 A. M., to take into consideration and vote upon the consolidation of the stock, property and effects of this Company, with that of the Bellefontaine Railway Company, and any other business pertaining thereto.

The transfer-books will be closed from the evening of May 1 until May 15.

By order of the Board of Directors.

GEO. H. RUSSELL, Secretary.

OFFICE OF THE CHICAGO AND NORTHWESTERN RAILWAY COMPANY,
NEW-YORK, April 18, 1868.

THE ANNUAL MEETING OF THE Stock and Bondholders of the Chicago and Northwestern Railway Company for the election of a Board of Directors, and the transaction of such other business as may be brought before them, will be held at the office of the Company, in the city of Chicago, on Thursday, the 4th day of June next, at 1 o'clock P. M.

The transfer books will be closed on the afternoon of Saturday, the 2d of May, and reopened on the morning of Monday, the 8th of June.

JAMES R. YOUNG, Secretary.

OFFICE OF THE DUBUQUE AND SIOUX CITY RAILROAD COMPANY, NO. 12 PINE-ST.,
NEW-YORK, April 21, 1868.

DUBUQUE AND SIOUX CITY SINKING FUND BONDS.—Notice is hereby given that we have this day designated by lot ten bonds, numbered as follows: Nos. 213, 301, 303, 497, 742, 570, 901, 903, of $1,000 each, and Nos. 76 and 127 of $500 each, for redemption. By the terms of the sinking fund, interest thereon will cease May 1, 1868.

The bonds designated will be paid with interest, so far as accrued, at the office of Messrs. M. K. JESUP & CO., No. 12 Pine-st., on presentation and surrender.

ISAAC H. KNOX,
THEO. ROOSEVELT, Commissioners.

OFFICE OF THE DELAWARE AND HUDSON CANAL CO.,
NEW-YORK, April 7, 1868.

THE ANNUAL MEETING OF THE stockholders of this Company, for the election of Managers, and for the transaction of such other business as may come before them, will be held at their office, No. 7 Nassau-st., on TUESDAY, the 12th day of May next, at 12 o'clock, noon.

The transfer book will be closed from the morning of the 4th until the morning of the 13th day of May next.

By order of the Board.

ISAAC N. SEYMOUR, Treasurer.

NATIONAL TRUST COMPANY OF THE CITY OF NEW-YORK,
NEW-YORK, April 17, 1868.

ELECTION NOTICE.—NOTICE IS HEREBY given, that the annual meeting of the Stockholders of the National Trust Company of the City of New-York, for the election of Trustees, and also for the election of three Inspectors of Election for the ensuing year will be held at the office of the Company, No. 336 Broadway, on TUESDAY, the 28th day of April, 1868, at 12 M. Polls open from 12 to 1 o'clock.

JAMES MERRELL, Secretary.

CAMDEN AND AMBOY RAILROAD AND TRANSPORTATION COMPANY,
CAMDEN, N. J., March 30, 1868.

NOTICE.—THE ANNUAL MEETING OF THE stockholders of the Camden and Amboy Railroad and Transportation Company will be held in the City of Camden, in the West Jersey Railroad office, on TUESDAY, the 28th day of April, 1868, at 12 o'clock M., for the election of seven directors to serve for the ensuing year.

SAMUEL J. BAYARD,
Secretary C. & A. R. R. & Tr. Co.

LOST—TWO CERTIFICATES, EACH 100 shares, of the stock of the New-York Central Railroad Company, viz.: No. 66,796, in name of Cammann & Co.; No. 61,831, in name of Underhill, Hewen & Co. Transfer has been stopped. A suitable reward will be paid for the return of the above certificates. B. L. SMYTH, No. 46 Broad-st.

MACON AND BRUNSWICK RAILROAD seven per cent. first mortgage bonds, guaranteed by the State of Georgia, for sale low. MANNING & DE FOREST, Bankers, No. 19 Wall-st.

FINANCIAL.

THE NATIONAL TRUST COMPANY
OF THE CITY OF NEW-YORK,
NO. 336 BROADWAY.
CAPITAL,
ONE MILLION DOLLARS.
CHARTERED BY THE STATE.
DARIUS R. MANGAM, President.
JAMES MERRELL, Secretary.
RECEIVES DEPOSITS AND ALLOWS
FOUR PER CENT. INTEREST
ON DAILY BALANCES,
SUBJECT TO CHECK AT SIGHT.

SPECIAL DEPOSITS for Six Months, or more, may be made at five per cent.

The Capital of ONE MILLION DOLLARS is divided among over 500 Shareholders, comprising many gentlemen of large wealth and financial experience, who are also personally liable to depositors for all obligations of the Company to double the amount of their capital stock. As THE NATIONAL TRUST COMPANY receives deposits in large or small amounts, and permits them to be drawn as a whole or in part by CHECK AT SIGHT and WITHOUT NOTICE, allowing interest on ALL DAILY BALANCES, parties can keep accounts in this Institution with special advantages of security, convenience and profit.

VERMILYE & CO.,
NO. 44 WALL-ST.,
BANKERS AND DEALERS
IN
GOVERNMENT STOCKS.
WE GIVE SPECIAL ATTENTION TO
FUNDING 7.30 TREASURY LOANS.

All series taken in exchange for 5-20 BONDS. Returns made to correspondents without delay, and on favorable terms.

CLOSING PRICES.
NEW-YORK, April 24, 1868—3 P. M.

	Bid.	Ask		Bid	Ask
Registered '81	112¾	113¼	5-20 Coupon, '67	108⅞	109
Coupon, 1881	112¾	113¼	10-40 Registered	10[illegible]	102⅞
5-20 Regist'd '62	104½	105	10-40 Coupon	102¾	102⅞
5-20 Coupon, '62	111⅞	112	Gold	139⅜	139⅝
5-20 Coupon, '64	110	110⅛	June 7.30	107	107⅛
5-20 Coupon, '65	110¼	110⅜	July 7.30	107	107⅛
5-20 C. '65, Jan July	108¼	108⅜			

ALL CLASSES OF UNITED STATES FUNDS

Credited or Remitted for on Receipt, at Market Rates, FREE OF ALL COMMISSION CHARGES.

HATCH, FOOTE & CO.
BANKERS
AND DEALERS IN
GOVERNMENT SECURITIES, GOLD, STOCKS
&c.
Buy and Sell all issues of
U. S. BONDS
at MARKET RATES, and EXCHANGE
[illegible] April 24, 1868, as follows:
For JUNE NOTES we give the NEW 5-20 BONDS, and pay $6 83 DIFFERENCE.
For JULY NOTES we give the NEW 5-20 BONDS, and pay 6[illegible] cents DIFFERENCE ON EACH $1,000.
No. 12 Wall-st., New-York.

$10,000 REWARD.—STOLEN FROM THE Canal Bank, this day, a package made up for the "Southern Express Company," addressed M. Morgan's Sons, New-York, containing FIFTY THOUSAND DOLLARS ($50,000) in Legal-tender Notes of $1,000 each, all of letter C, and dated March 10, 1862, and numbered as follows: 2,775, 3,119, 3,515, 3,907, 4,047, 4,567, 5,227, 5,363, 6,727, 7,2[illegible]5, 8,029, 8,591, 8,903, 10,015, 10,203, 10,219, 11,493, 12,019, 12,147, 13,019, 13,903, 14,235, 15,211, 16,543, 16,731, 16,847, 18,043, 19,131, 19,195, 23,135, 23,423, 25,959, 26,323, 28,415, 28,487, 30,423, 30,463, 31,879, 34,511, 37,829, 38,339, 38,747, 39,307, 39,343, 40,653, 40,619, 40,831, 41,851, 41,999, 45,551. The public are cautioned against trading for the same, and the above reward is offered for the recovery of the money and the arrest of the thief. Apply to M. MORGAN'S SONS, No. 29 William-st., New-York, or CH. JUMONVILLE, Cashier, Canal Bank, New-Orleans.

NEW-ORLEANS, March 26, 1868.

MILWAUKEE AND ST. PAUL RAILWAY COMPANY'S OFFICE, NO. [illegible] William-st.

THE ANNUAL MEETING OF THE stockholders of the Milwaukee and St. Paul Railway Company, for the election of Directors, and for such other business as may properly be done at the annual meeting of the stockholders, will be held on MONDAY, the 8th day of June next, at 12 o'clock M., at the Company's office in the City of Milwaukee.

The transfer books will be closed on the 9th day of May, and reopened on the 10th day of June next.

C. P. GILPIN, Assistant Secretary.

NOTICE.—ST. LOUIS, ALTON & TERRE HAUTE RAILROAD COMPANY.—The annual meeting of the bondholders and stockholders of this Company will be held at their office, in the City of St. Louis, on MONDAY, the 1st of June next, at 3 o'clock in the afternoon of that day, for the election of thirteen directors for the ensuing year, and for the transaction of any other business which may be brought before them. The transfer books of the Company will be closed on FRIDAY, the 1st of May next, and will be opened on TUESDAY, the 2d of June.

Dated ST. LOUIS, April, 1868.

By order, H. C. BRYANT, Secretary.

CITY OF KEOKUK 8 PER CENT. NEW BONDS.—Interest and principal payable at the Central National Bank, New-York. Total issue only $300,000.

These bonds UNDER GUARANTEES and a THREEFOLD SECURITY, held by Henry A. Smythe as trustee, may be regarded as amply secured, and a safe first-class investment. A small amount for sale. Apply to

WM. H. SANDFORD, Cashier.
Central National Bank, New-York.

INTEREST ON CITY STOCKS.—THE INterest on the bonds and stocks of the City and County of New-York, due and payable May 1, 1868, will be paid on that day by Peter B. Sweeny, Esq., Chamberlain of the City, at the Broadway Bank.

The transfer-books will be closed SATURDAY, April 4, 1868. RICHARD B. CONNOLLY, Comptroller.

DEPARTMENT OF FINANCE, COMPTROLLER'S OFFICE, NEW-YORK, March 25, 1868.

OFFICE OF THE SAGINAW VALLEY LAND SALT AND MINERAL CO., No. 10 WALL-ST., ROOM NO. 43.
NEW-YORK, April 28, 1868.

THE ANNUAL MEETING OF THE Stockholders of this Company for the election of Trustees, will be held at their office TUESDAY, May 5, between the hours of 12 M. and 2 P. M., and for such other business as may come before them.

JOHN C. MALLORY, Secretary.

MORRIS AND ESSEX RAILROAD COMPANY,
TREASURER'S OFFICE,
HOBOKEN, N. J., April 23, 1868.

THE COUPONS DUE MAY 1, 1868, ON the first mortgage bonds of this Company will be paid on and after that date at the Fourth National Bank in New-York. WM. H. CONNETT, Treasurer.

MEMPHIS AND CHARLESTON RAILROAD COMPANY,
April 23, 1868.

NOTICE.—THE COUPONS FALLING DUE ON May 1st, prox., on the First Mortgage Bonds of this Company, will be paid on that date, at the office of WINSLOW, LANIER & CO., Nos. 27 and 29 Pine-st., New-York. GEORGE ROBERTSON, Treasurer.

THE ANNUAL MEETING OF STOCKHOLDERS in the Evergreen Bluff Mining Company, (deferred from March 18,) will be held at No. 44 Exchange-place, New-York, on WEDNESDAY, May 13, at 2 o'clock. By order:

F. W. CAPEN, Secretary.

DIVIDENDS.

THE MICHIGAN SOUTHERN AND NORTHERN INDIANA RAILROAD CO., OFFICE 18 WILLIAM-ST.,
NEW-YORK, April 23, 1868.

A STOCK DIVIDEND OF TEN PER Cent. has been declared upon the common capital stock of this Company, payable May 15, at this office to the stockholders of record on the 2d proximo. Fractions to be payable in cash at seven per cent. The transfer-books for the common stock will close at 2 P. M. on the 2d, and reopen on the 18th proximo at 10 A. M. D. P. BARHYDT, Secretary.

CINCINNATI, HAMILTON AND DAYTON R. R. CO.,
NEW-YORK, April 14, 1868.

A STOCK DIVIDEND OF EIGHT (8) per cent. has been declared upon the capital stock of this Company, payable May 1, at American Exchange National Bank, New-York. Fractions to be payable in cash at six per cent. The transfer books will be closed for ten days from this date.

F. H. SHORT, Secretary.

MECHANICS AND TRADERS' NATIONAL BANK,
NEW-YORK, April 13, 1868.

A DIVIDEND OF FIVE PER CENT. ON the capital stock of this institution has been declared payable on and after the first day of May next, free of Government tax. The transfer-books will be closed from the 20th inst. to May 1. By order,

GEO. W. YOULE, Cashier.

UNION NATIONAL BANK,
NEW-YORK, April 21, 1868.

DIVIDEND.—A DIVIDEND OF FIVE (5) PER Cent. has been declared by this Bank, free from taxation out of the earnings of the last six months, payable on the 1st day of May next, to which date the transfer books will remain closed.

JAS. M. LEWIS, Cashier.

THE CLEVELAND AND PITTSBURG Railroad Company have this day declared a stock dividend of Ten Per Cent., payable on the 2d proximo, at the office of the Farmers' Loan and Trust Company to the stockholders of record on the 20th inst.

The transfer-books will close on the 20th inst. and open on the 2d proximo.

GEO. A. INGERSOL, Secretary.

NEW-YORK, 16th April, 1868.

ATLANTIC AND GREAT WESTERN PETROLEUM COMPANY, OFFICE NO. 122 BOWERY, CORNER OF GRAND-ST., April 20, 1868.

A DIVIDEND OF FIVE PER CENT. has this day been declared, payable on May 1. The transfer books will remain closed until that date.

W. A. HALL, Treasurer.

CARPETS.

CARPETS AND OIL-CLOTHS,
RICH DESIGNS.
SPRING SALES, 1868.
GREAT REDUCTION IN PRICES.

VELVETS, TAPESTRY, BRUSSELS, three-ply and ingrain, from the best foreign and domestic manufactories, suitable to every style of furnishing.

SMITH & LOUNSBERY,
NO. 456 BROADWAY, NEAR GRAND.

PROPOSALS.

NAVAL SUPPLIES.

PAYMASTER'S OFFICE, UNITED STATES NAVY,
No. 29 BROADWAY,
NEW-YORK, April 25, 1868.

Proposals will be received at this office until the 30th inst., inclusive, for the following supplies, which must be of the *very best quality*, delivered free of expense, at the New-York Navy-yard, and subject to the *usual inspection thereat*, viz.:

BUREAU OF EQUIPMENT AND RECRUITING.

16,584 feet of six-strand fine wire rope, (ungalvanized,) from 1¾ to 6½ inches, with a *hemp* heart of Roebling's manufacture, for standing rigging.

BUREAU OF STEAM ENGINEERING.

25 barrels of sperm oil.

Responsible security required for the prompt and faithful delivery of supplies awarded. Further particulars, with blank forms for bidders, to be had at this office.

GEO. PLUNKETT, Paymaster.

SEALED PROPOSALS WILL BE RECEIVED by the Trustees of the Twentieth Ward, at the office of the Clerk of the Board of Education, corner of Grand and Elm sts., until Wednesday, the 6th day of May, 1868, at 3 o'clock P. M., for "Additions and Alterations," and for furnishing Primary School No. 27, situated on the north side of West 37th-st., near 10th-av., in said Ward. Plans and specifications can be seen at the office of the Superintendent of Buildings and Repairs, No. 146 Grand-st., third floor.

Proposals must state the estimate for each branch of the work separately, and be endorsed "Proposal for Mason Work," "Proposal for Carpenter Work," "Proposal for Painting," "Proposal for Furniture."

Two responsible and approved sureties will be required from each successful bidder, and no proposal will be considered in which no sureties are named. The School Trustees reserve the right to reject any or all of the proposals, if deemed for the public interest to do so.

JAMES G. DIMOND,
JOHN HOLZDERBER,
PETER TRAINER,
DANIEL EARLY,
Board of Trustees Twentieth Ward.

Dated APRIL 21, 1868.

SEALED PROPOSALS WILL BE RECEIVED by the Trustees of the Twenty-second Ward, at the office of the Clerk of the Board of Education, corner of Grand and Elm sts., until MONDAY, the 4th day of May, 1868, at 3 o'clock P. M., for the building and furnishing of new wings, &c., for Grammar School No. 28, on the north side of 40th-st., near 8th-av.; also, for furnishing Grammar School No. 58, on 52d-st., near 8th-av., in said Ward. Plans and specifications can be seen at the office of the Superintendent of Buildings and Repairs, No. 146 Grand-st., third floor.

Proposals must state the estimate for each branch of the work separately, and be indorsed "Proposal for Mason Work," "Proposal for Carpenter Work," "Proposal for Painting," "Proposal for Furniture."

Two responsible and approved sureties will be required from each successful bidder, and no proposal will be considered in which no sureties are named. The School Trustees reserve the right to reject any or all of the proposals offered, if deemed for the public interest to do so.

W. H. DOHERTY,
JOHN M. HEALCK,
S. N. SIMONSON,
TERRENCE RILEY,
A. H. UNDERHILL,
Board of Trustees Twenty-second Ward.

Dated APRIL 20, 1868.

SEALED PROPOSALS WILL BE RECEIVED by the Trustees of the Seventh Ward, at the office of the Clerk of the Board of Education, corner of Grand and Elm-sts., until MONDAY, the 4th day of May, 1868, at 3 o'clock P. M., for the erection and furnishing of new wings, &c., for Grammar School No. 12, on Madison-st., near Jackson-st., in said Ward. Plans and specifications can be seen at the office of the Superintendent of Buildings and Repairs, No. 146 Grand-st., third floor.

Proposals must state the estimate for each branch of the work separately, and be indorsed "Proposal for Mason Work," "Proposal for Carpenter Work," "Proposal for Painting," "Proposal for Furniture."

Two responsible and approved sureties will be required from each successful bidder, and no proposal will be considered in which no sureties are named. The School Trustees reserve the right to reject any or all of the proposals offered, if deemed for the public interest to do so.

DENNIS J. TWIGG,
WM. H. THRALL,
JAMES COLLINS,
THOMAS SHEILS,
DENNIS DUNN,
Board of Trustees Seventh Ward.

Dated April 20, 1868.

SEALED PROPOSALS WILL BE RECEIVED by the Trustees of the Fourth Ward at the office of the Clerk of the Board of Education, corner of Grand and Elm sts., until TUESDAY, the 5th of May, 1868, at 3 o'clock P. M., for the seats, desks and other furniture, required for the new Primary School on Roosevelt-st., near Cherry-st. Specifications can be seen at the office of the Superintendent of Buildings and Repairs, No. 146 Grand-st., third floor.

Two responsible and approved sureties will be required from each successful bidder, and no proposal will be considered in which no sureties are named. The School Trustees reserve the right to reject any or all of the proposals offered, if deemed for the public interest to do so.

MORRIS FRIEDSAM,
WM. KENNEDY,
EDWARD SWEENEY,
THOMAS DRISCOLL,
A. J. FULLERTON,

APRIL 20, 1868. Board of Trustees Fourth Ward.

SEALED PROPOSALS WILL BE RECEIVED by the Trustees of the Fourteenth Ward, at the office of the Clerk of the Board of Education, corner of Grand and Elm sts., until TUESDAY, the 5th day of May, 1868, at 3 o'clock P. M., for the erection and furnishing of new wings, &c., for Grammar School No. 5, on Mott-st., near Prince-st., in said Ward. Plans and specifications can be seen at the office of the Superintendent of Buildings and Repairs, No. 146 Grand-st., third floor. Proposals must be indorsed "Proposal for Erecting New Wings, &c." "Proposal for Furniture." Two responsible and approved sureties will be required from each successful bidder, and no proposal will be considered in which no sureties are named. The School Trustees reserve the right to reject any or all of the proposals offered, if deemed for the public interest to do so.

MICHAEL BURKE,
JOHN BUSH,
S. R. KIRKHAM,
PATRICK BRENNAN,
HENRY MANRON,
Board of Trustees Fourteenth Ward.

Dated APRIL 21, 1868.

SEALED PROPOSALS WILL BE RECEIVED by the Trustees of the Twelfth Ward, at the office of the Clerk of the Board of Education, corner of Grand and Elm sts., until TUESDAY, May 5, 1868, at 3 o'clock P. M., for the seats, desks and other furniture required for Grammar School No. 57, on 115th-st., near 3d-av.

Plans and specifications can be seen at the office of the Superintendent of Buildings and Repairs, No. 146 Grand-st., third floor.

Two responsible and approved sureties will be required from each successful bidder, and no proposal will be considered in which no sureties are named. The School Trustees reserve the right to reject any or all of the proposals offered, if deemed for the public interest to do so.

T. E. B. HAWKS,
LEWIS N. FULLER,
JOHN STRAITON,
CHARLES PLACE,
DAVID H. KNAPP,
Board of Trustees, Twelfth Ward.

Dated APRIL 20, 1868.

SEALED PROPOSALS WILL BE RECEIVED by the School Trustees of the Fifth Ward, at the office of the Clerk of the Board of Education, corner of Grand and Elm sts., until WEDNESDAY, the 6th day of May, 1868, at 3 P. M., for altering and repairing, also for furnishing Grammar School No. 44, corner of North Moore and Varick sts., and Wing on West Broadway, pursuant to plans and specifications to be seen at the office of the Superintendent of Buildings and Repairs, No. 146 Grand-st., third floor.

Proposals to be indorsed "Proposal for Painting," "Proposal for Altering and Repairing," "Proposal for Furniture."

Two responsible and approved sureties will be required from each successful bidder, and no proposal will be considered in which no sureties are named. The School Trustees reserve the right to reject any or all of the proposals offered, if deemed for the public interest to do so.

W. H. JOHNSTON,
JOHN HEWITT,
CLAUS PUCKHAFER,
ZIMRI WEST,
W. H. BURRAS,
Board of Trustees Fifth Ward.

Dated APRIL 21, 1868.

DRY GOODS

MACKENZIE'S MANTILLAS.—THE VICTORIA, $30; Argyle, $25; Duchess of Sutherland, $3[illegible]. A. T. STORMS, THURBER & CO., 751 Broadway.

MILLINERY.

SPRING BONNETS AND CHILDREN'S HATS, this day, very cheap, to reduce stock. Straw Hats and Straw Bonnets. L. BINNS' Millinery, largest in the world, No. 577 Broadway, opposite Metropolitan Hotel.

MISCELLANEOUS.

MATS, BROOMS, MATTRESSES,

Constantly on hand at the New-York Institution for the Blind, 9th-av., between 33d and 34th sts. Mattresses made to order, or made over at short notice. All orders promptly executed. Work sent for and delivered free of charge to any part of the City.

GUERLAIN,
PERFUMER,
Paris, No. 15 Rue de la Paix, Paris.

WAR DEPARTMENT,
SURGEON-GENERAL'S OFFICE,
WASHINGTON, D. C., March 2, 1868.

ADVERTISEMENT.—AN ARMY MEDICAL Board, to consist of Surgeon J. B. Brown, Brevet Brig.-Gen., U. S. A.; Surgeon H. R. Wirtz, Brevet Lieut.-Col., U. S. A.; Surgeon John Moore, Brevet Col., U. S. A.; and Assistant-Surgeon A. A. Woodhull, Brevet Lieut.-Col., U. S. A., will meet in New-York City, on the 1st of May next, for the examination of Assistant-Surgeons U. S. Army, for promotion, and of candidates for admission into the Medical Staff of the U. S. Army.

Applicants must be between 21 and 30 years of age, physically sound, and graduates of a regular medical college.

Applications for permission to appear before the Board should be addressed to the Surgeon-General U. S. Army, and must state the full name, residence and date and place of birth of the candidate.

Testimonials as to character and qualifications must be furnished. If the applicant has been in the medical service of the army during the late war, the fact should be stated, together with his former rank, and date and place of service, and testimonials from officers with whom he has served should also be forwarded.

No allowance is made for the expenses of persons undergoing examination, as it is an indispensable prerequisite to appointment.

The number of vacancies now existing in the Medical Corps of the Army is thirty-nine.

J. K. BARNES, Surgeon-General U. S. A.

THE URETHROTOME.—THIS IS THE term selected to designate six instruments, one of which is adapted to each variety of stricture of the urethra. Any case, however aggravated, can be instantly relieved and consecutively permanently cured by the patient himself, in two months, without further interference. See SCALPEL, No. 46, for three lectures on stricture, to his private surgical class, by Edward H. Dixon, M. D. For sale by EVERARDUS WARNER, No. 1 Vesey-st., Astor House. Price 50 cents. Office hours, for consultation, from 1 to 3, and 7 to 9 evenings, at No. 42 5th-av. The instruments are not for sale, and can be used personally by the inventor only.

ROUND-CORNERED PLAYING CARDS at all stationers and fancy goods dealers. These cards will not split, and cost no more than the ordinary sharp-pointed cards commonly used. Wholesale at the manufacturers', SAMUEL HART & CO., No. 43 John-st., New-York.

SHADE TREES, GRAPEVINES, ROSES and greenhouse plants for sale. Grassplots and rose-decked gardens fixed up and taken care of during the season, by FRED. E. GAISS, Florist, 49th-st., between 8th and 9th-avs.

BRUSHES OF EVERY DESCRIPTION, at reasonable prices, at the Brush Factory, No. 329 Pearl-st., New-York, Harper's Building.

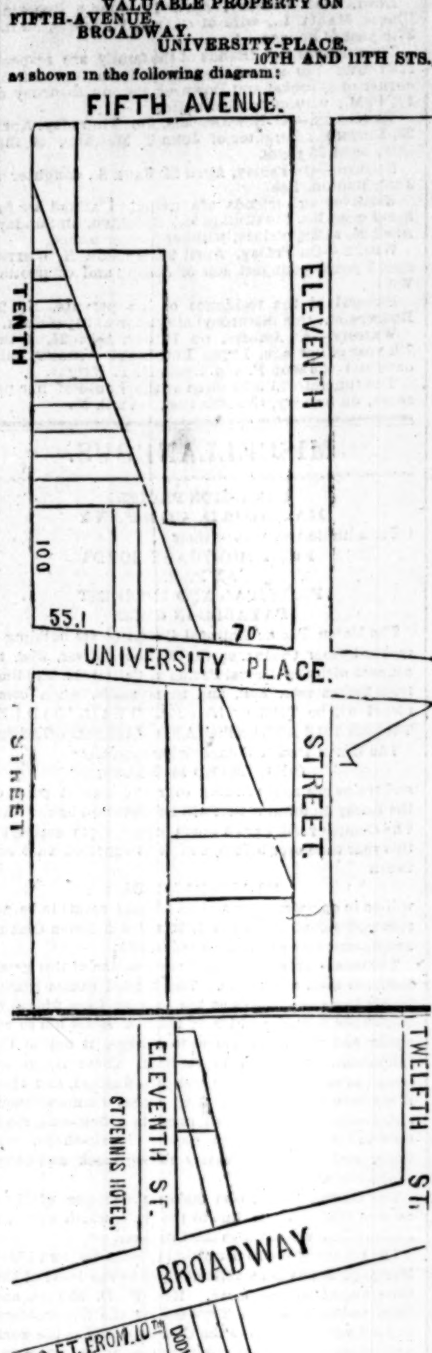
JOHN K. HOPPEL.

CORNS, BUNIONS, BAD NAILS, &C., cured by Dr. J. BRIGGS, No. 28 Broadway, corner Fulton-st. Briggs' Curative, a reliable remedy. Sold everywhere. By mail, 60 cents.

KEEP COPIES OF ALL YOUR LETters in the Penn Letter-book. No press or water used. Office, No. 39 Park-row (Room No. 11,) New-York.

CITY REAL ESTATE.

JAMES M. MILLER
Will sell at auction on
WEDNESDAY,
April 29,
at 12 o'clock, at the Exchange Salesroom, No. 111 Broadway,
Under the direction of D. P. Ingraham, Jr., Esq., Referee:
VALUABLE PROPERTY ON
FIFTH-AVENUE,
BROADWAY,
UNIVERSITY-PLACE,
10TH AND 11TH STS.,
as shown in the following diagram:



STUYVESANT SQUARE.—FOR SALE, THE very elegant four-story brown-stone house, No. 1 Rutherford-place, southwest corner of 17th-st., near Dr. Tyng's Church; house is 20.4 feet wide, fronts the park, and has side lights; one of the finest locations in the City. Apply to HOMER MORGAN, No. 2 Pine-st.

A NICE SMALL FOUR-STORY AND basement brown-stone high-stoop house for sale or rent, No. 132 East 27th-st., near Lexington-av.; all improvements and in good order; possession immediately; may be seen without permit from 11 to 3.

JOHN FOLEY, No. 169 Broadway.

FIFTH-AVENUE.—FOR SALE, THE ELEgant brown-stone house, No. 528 5th-av., corner of 44th-st., 28.4x84; lot 125 feet; with stable on 44th-st.; both house and stable are equal if not superior to any heretofore built in this City. For permits inquire of JOHN H. SHERWOOD, No. 522 5th-av., from 8 to 11 A. M.

THIRTY-SIXTH-ST.—FOR SALE, A VERY fine full size brown-stone house in West 36th-st., near 5th-av., in complete order; to be sold with or without the furniture; size 24.4x62; immediate possession can be had. Apply to HOMER MORGAN, No. 2 Pine-st.

FOR SALE—THE FINE THREE-STORY HOUSE No. 28 Irving-place; put in complete repair last year; size, 20 by about 50x8; will be sold with or without furniture; possession at any time. Permits of HOMER MORGAN, No. 2 Pine-st.

FOR SALE—5TH-AV., MURRAY HILL, A FOUR-story brown-stone house, in prime order, elegantly furnished, with stable, horses, carriages. Possession immediately. For permits apply to MULLER, WILKINS & CO., No. 7 Pine-st.

A BARGAIN IN BROOKLYN.—IMMEDIate possession; only $1,000, cash, balance very easy terms; genteel Gothic cottage, No. 391 Carlton-av.; seven rooms; gas and water. H. MACOMBER & SON, No. 321 Fulton-st., Brooklyn.

EIGHTH-AV.—FOR SALE, FOR $7,500, 2 LOTS, each 25x100, east side 8th-av., 50 ft. north of 129th-st. Apply to No. 5 Beekman-st., Room No. 8, first floor.

FOR SALE—FINE BUILDING LOTS ON 73D and 74th sts., between 1st and 2d avs., 2 x102[illegible]. Inquire of S. LANE, Jr., No. 205 Canal-st., New-York.

FOR SALE OR TO LET—THE EXTRA fine finished house No. 308 West 28th-st. Inquire at No. 75 Reade-st.

FOR SALE—THREE FIRST-CLASS HOUSES, Nos. 11, 13 and 15 East 42d-st. Inquire of JOHN SNIFFEN, on the premises.

STORES, &C., TO LET.

OFFICES TO LET IN TIMES BUILDING.

A portion of the room now occupied by the Surrogate, which will be divided to suit applicants, or rented entire.

Also offices in Nos. 38, 39, 40 and 41 Park-row, *Times* Building, on the second, third and fourth stories, large and spacious, being splendidly lighted from front and rear. Further improvements will be made at the expiration of the Surrogate's lease, the 1st of May next. These buildings are thoroughly fire proof, thereby saving all charges of insurance and hazards incident to fire.

Inquire of JOHN IRELAND, Cashier, *Times* Office.

TO LET—IN THE ELEGANT NEW FIRE-PROOF MARBLE BUILDING NOS. 59 AND 61 WALL-ST., OFFICES ON THE SECOND, THIRD AND FOURTH FLOORS, SUITABLE FOR BANKERS, BROKERS OR LAWYERS, AT LOW RENTS. APPLY TO THE JANITOR, NOS. 59 AND 61 WALL-ST.

TO RENT—IN PLIMPTON'S NEW BUILDING, intersection of Stuyvesant and 9th sts., rooms suitable for savings bank, insurance company real estate, dentists' and other offices; splendid location for drug store, clothing, &c. Also, large halls for masonic societies and other purposes. Apply upon the premises from 4 to 6 P. M.

NO. 194 FULTON-ST.—TO LET—FIRST loft, 25x80, half of second loft, 25x40, basement and sub-basement, 25x80 each, together or separately, with or without steam power; first rate business location, and newly painted, &c. Apply to the New-York Economical Printing Company, No. 92 Nassau-st.

TO LEASE—BALLROOM, (WITH DRESSING-rooms,) No. 212 5th-av., corner of 26th-st. and opposite Madison-square, at present occupied by Mr. Allan Dodworth; the locality being central and fashionable, makes those rooms very desirable for a variety of uses. Apply to WILLIAM S. DUKE, No. 77 Cedar-st.

TO LET—FOR 1 OR 3 YEARS, A LARGE AND recently-refitted room on the first floor, 22x60 feet and ceiling 15 feet high, on the southeast corner of 17th-st. and Union-square, suitable for an insurance office, or any first-class business. Apply to HOMER MORGAN, No. 2 Pine-st.

TO LET—LEONARD-ST., NEAR BROADWAY, stores Nos. 109 and 111, corner of Benson-st., separately or together, each 22x65. Apply to WILLIAM S. DUKE, No. 77 Cedar-st.

STEAM POWER AND MANUFACTORY TO RENT—Three floors, 25x125, well lighted and located. Apply at office of the Metropolitan Collar Co., No. 307 Broadway.

ELIGIBLE CORNER ROOMS AND FURNISHED OFFICE TO LET—On second floor of Nos. 817 and 819 Broadway, corner of 12th-st. Apply as per bills.

TO LET—PART OF HOUSE NO. 282 4TH-AV., between 21st and 22d sts., three floors, together or separate; bath and gas. Location good for any light business.

TO LET—THE NEW FIVE-STORY MARBLE store, No. 738 Broadway, size 25x110 feet; immediate possession given; would be divided if desired. Apply to GEO. L. OSBORN.

BROADWAY LOT TO LEASE.—THE LOT No. 426 Broadway, about 50 feet south of Howard-st., about 25x98, will be leased for twenty-one years at $10,000 ground rent. Apply to HOMER MORGAN, 2 Pine-st.

TO LET—SPLENDID LIGHT LOFTS IN NO. 21 Fulton-st., near Fulton Ferry, with steam power. Apply at No. 209 Water-st.

TO LET—NO. 580 HUDSON-ST., FOR STORE and factory. Apply to WM. WEST, No. 142 West 12th-st.

AN OFFICE TO RENT.—FRONT PART OF basement office No. 14 Pine-st. Apply to D. M. SEAMAN, No. 14 Pine-st.

ONE SIDE OF A LARGE STORE TO LET on Broadway, between 11th and 12th sts. S. CANTRELL, No. 813 Broadway.

LAW OFFICES AND DESK ROOM TO LET—Two offices, part of a suite, with use of library. Inquire at No. 152 Broadway, Room No. 4.

TO LET—WELL-LIGHTED LOFTS AT NO. 110 Grand-st., two doors west of Broadway. Apply to GEORGE L. OSBORN, No. 182 Grand-st.

STORE AND BASEMENT TO LET, 25X50, strong, light and airy; cheap to a good tenant.

L. CHAPMAN, No. 9 Cedar-st.

TO LET—THE BASEMENT OF THE BUILDING No. 18 4th-av.; also two lofts for storage of furniture. Apply on the premises to CONKLINS & BAYLES.

TO LET—STORES AND CELLARS 137 AND 139 Reade-st. at a low rent. Inquire at No. 140 Reade-st.

DESK-ROOM TO LET—IN OFFICE NO. 8, No. 5 Beekman-st., first floor over Park Bank.

TO LET—NO. 27 WATER-ST., NEAR FULTON Ferry, with steam power. Apply at No. 209 Water-st.

COUNTRY REAL ESTATE.

RUTHERFORD PARK, N. J.
First station on the
ERIE RAILWAY.

Guides may be had free on application to BLAUVELT & OGILBY, No. 157 Broadway, CHARLES BLAKISTON, No. 26 Liberty-st., agents for the Mount Rutherford Company, or to R. H. BARROWS, General Superintendent Rutherford Park, N. J.

FOR SALE—A BEAUTIFUL FARM, LOCATED in the suburbs of Plainfield, N. J., containing 104 acres. This farm is in good condition every way, well fenced and nicely divided; ten acres of heavy timber, all the rest under cultivation; watered by two never-failing streams; 100 apple, 200 peach trees; 700 blackberries; also, pears, grapes, plums, cherries; the garden is well stocked with roots. There are 12 buildings, barns, stables, carriage-house, corn crib, pig-pen, cowhouse, &c.; also, a fine large house, containing 15 rooms, and all in perfect order; a small fish-pond, well stocked with fish. I offer this farm with all the improvements as low as unimproved land adjoining. The stock and utensils will be sold with the farm if desired; price $21,000; terms easy. Address O. R. JACKSON, Box No. 218, Plainfield, N. J.

A SPLENDID COUNTRY SEAT FOR SALE BY EXECUTORS.—It is situated on North Hempstead Harbor, L. I. The house is large and commodious, is heated with hot air, and contains gas and water conveniences throughout. On the premises are a farmhouse, all the necessary outbuildings, in good order, a greenhouse, grapery and trout pond. In front of the mansion is a fine lawn and a beautiful grove of locusts, evergreens and other choice trees; there is an abundance of fruit of many varieties on the place. Communication with the City easy and quite frequent by steamboat and rail. For particulars apply to HOMER MORGAN, No. 2 Pine-st.

AN ELEGANT COUNTRY RESIDENCE for sale, within driving distance of New-York; the house is new, very large, and finished in the most expensive and perfect manner, having every modern improvement; grounds comprise twelve acres, all improved and handsomely laid out in lawn, walks, drives, gardens, &c., &c., with a very fine shrubbery and choice variety of fruit. Everything appertaining to house and grounds is of the most modern and elegant description. Will be sold for very much less than cost, and on easy terms.

A. D. MELLICK, Jr., & BROTHER,
No. 26 Pine-st.

$12,000.—COUNTRY SEAT FOR SALE OR TO LET.—Situated on south end of City Island, Westchester County, fifteen miles from New-York; about 1¼ acres of land, including lawn and superior vegetable garden. The house is a double one, with handsome front, and contains 19 rooms, halls, cupola, &c.; commanding an extensive view of Long Island Sound. For further particulars inquire of HARRY R. MILLER, Esq., No. 155 Maiden Lane, or of S. PELL, on the place. Steamer *Ella May* for the above place every afternoon from Catharine-slip at 4 o'clock.

FOR SALE AT MORRISTOWN, N. J.—The country place of the late E. Boonen Graves, containing about 75 acres, about 1¼ miles from the depot. There are on the premises a very large and costly mansion-house, with all modern improvements, farmhouse, barns, grapehouse, greenhouse, and icehouse filled, with all other necessary outbuildings. The buildings and grounds in excellent order. For further particulars apply to R. S. EMMET, executor, No. 54 William-st., or at the farmhouse on the premises.

FOR SALE, NEAR SING SING—A FURnished country residence, commanding a beautiful view of the river; a fine roomy house, cool and healthy, furnished throughout; crockery, glass, &c., and all in perfect order; has a bath-room and laundry; large garden, fruit trees, gardener's cottage, stables, two cows, garden implements, &c.; 36 acres of land, half wood.

EDMUND COFFIN,
No. 73 Cedar-st., New-York.

FOR SALE OR TO LET—HUNTER'S Island, containing 200 acres of land in fine order, with the splendid stone mansion, 100 feet front, handsomely furnished; also, the necessary outbuildings, including grapery, hot houses, &c., requisite for a gentleman's residence, and having a view of the Sound and country for 20 miles around; connected by a causeway of 400 feet from the Pelham Road, situate 16 miles from the City Hall. For terms, apply to A. C. KINGSLAND & SONS, No. 55 Broad-st.

DESIRABLE COUNTRY RESIDENCE at Dobbs' Ferry.—A first-class frame house, filled in, 14 rooms, gas and water throughout, billiard-room, conservatory, &c.; 2 acres of ground, very tastefully and beautifully laid out in lawn and garden; fine fruit of great variety, shade and ornamental trees, excellent kitchen garden, hop-beds, &c.; good stable for 4 horses; views up and down the river, unsurpassed; one of the most delightful seats on the Hudson, and offered very reasonably. Apply to HOMER MORGAN, No. 2 Pine-st.

FOR SALE OR TO LET—AT NEW-ROchelle, on the banks of the Sound, a first-class place of about 20 acres; two-story double house with outbuildings; also a dock and shore front, with buildings thereon. Should the property not be sold by the 25th inst., the whole or part will be let at a low figure. Apply to CYRUS LAWTON, Counselor-at-Law, No. 134 Nassau-st., or DAVID HARRISON, New-Rochelle, N. Y.

FOR SALE AT POUGHKEEPSIE—A valuable property, the late residence of Hon. Chas. H. Ruggles, containing 9 acres of ground in high cultivation, covered with forest trees and fruit of every variety; a large well-built house, verandahs, greenhouse, carriage-house, stable, &c.; gas, furnace, excellent water. If not sold, it will be rented furnished. Apply to HOMER MORGAN, No. 2 Pine-st.

FOR SALE—AT NEW-ROCHELLE, ON LATHer's Hill, an elegant house with 16 rooms, four acres of ground, gardener's house and stable; house has hot and cold water throughout, laundry, stationary tubs, bathroom, dumb-waiter, butler's pantry; is ten minutes from depot; furniture can be had with the house, if desired. Apply to JNO. O. HIGGINS, No. 7 Pine-st., New-York.

WESTCHESTER COUNTY RESIDENCE and three acres of ground; house, French roof, 30x23, seven rooms; barn 24x36, with stalls and carriage-room; abundance of fruit; splendid view; healthy; 20 miles from City Hall, 1½ from Harlem Railroad, 3 from Hudson; near new boulevard; $5,000; terms easy.

AVERY J. SMITH, No. 243 Broadway.

FOR SALE—IN EAST ORANGE, N. J., A large and commodious country residence, barn, stables, icehouse, &c.; fruit and berries in abundance; two minutes' walk from depot, and one hour from City Hall; price $16,000; also, very desirable building lots for sale. Address J. E. HEDDEN, Box No. 4,583 Post-office, New-York City.

FOR SALE AT PRIVATE SALE—HOUSE and five acres of land, on line of Staten Island Railroad, near Annadale Railroad Station; fine fruit on the place. If not sold on or before the 27th of April, the property will be sold at auction, by A. JOURNEAY, at the Merchants' Exchange Salesroom, No. 111 Broadway, at 12 o'clock M., on the 27th day of April.

AT MOUNT VERNON—A HOUSE REPLETE with conveniences, ten rooms, plenty of closets and pantries, good cellar, &c.; grounds half acre, running through from 2d to 3d avs., small barn; place adorned with shade trees and flowering shrubs; all small fruits in profusion. Apply to WM. HOWE, No. 46 Leonard-st., or on the premises, Mount Vernon.

ORANGE, N. J.—VILLAS, VILLA SITES AND farms, a great variety, beautifully situated, one hour from New-York, for sale low. Also, country seats and houses to let for the season, or year, by BLACKWELL & SMITH, No. 43 Broadway, New-York, 9 to 11 A. M.; Orange, corner Main and Cone sts., 1 to 5 P. M.

HOBOKEN.—FOR SALE, A THREE-STORY and basement brick house, modern improvements; tiptop order; business street; house 18x40; price $13,000; carpets, &c., will be sold if wanted. Inquire on the premises, of THEODORE F. PRUDEN, No. 236 Washington-st., Hoboken.

FOR SALE—IN MILFORD, CONN., ON THE New-Haven Railroad, in the centre of the town, a very fine house, large and nearly new, with six acres of ground highly cultivated and ornamented; price $21,000. Apply to HOMER MORGAN, No. 2 Pine-st., New-York.

THREE NEW BUILDINGS—FRENCH roof and gothic, at Forest Grove, Morrisiana, located on high ground; three minutes from horse and eight from steam cars, and twenty minutes from 42d-st.; will be sold very low; 70 per cent. on mortgage. Inquire at No. 87 Bowery.

FOR SALE—AT ENGLEWOOD, N. J., TWO minutes' walk from depot, a desirable house of 12 rooms, with hot and cold water, bath, gas-pipes, &c.; good garden, fruit trees, &c. Inquire of S. LANE, Jr., No. 205 Canal-st., New-York.

WORTH $5,000, WILL SELL FOR $4,000; $300 allowed for repairs; terms easy; cottage of 11 rooms; all necessary outbuildings, fruit, garden, &c., on Staten Island. CALLENDER & LAURENCE, No. 30 Pine-st.

AT GARRISON'S, OPPOSITE WEST POINT—For sale, a beautifully situated house and five acres of land, three-fourths of a mile from the depot. Inquire at CULBERT BROTHERS', No. 777 Broadway, or of G. F. & W. D. GARRISON, at Garrison's.

MONTCLAIR, N. J.—A FINE RESIDENCE, with 2½ acres; ornamental and fruit trees in great abundance and variety; commodious stables and modern conveniences; to be sold with or without furniture. Call on J. H. PRATT, No. 86 Chambers-st.

COTTAGE AND THREE ACRES FOR SALE—Seven rooms, well, cistern, outbuildings, plenty of fruit; near Somerville; only $2,50[illegible].

C. H. OLIVER, No. 7 Beekman-st.

FOR SALE—COUNTRY HOME AT PASSAIC, 35 minutes from City by Erie Railway.

C. A. BREMNER, No. 167 Broadway, basement.

BROOKLYN REAL ESTATE.

JOHNSON & MILLER WILL, BY ORDER OF the Executors of the late Hon. John A. Cross, sell at auction, at 12 o'clock, on TUESDAY, April 28, at Exchange salesroom, No. 111 Broadway, the splendid new mansion erected by Mr. Cross for his own home, situated on the northeast corner of Clinton and Myrtle avs., Brooklyn, adjoining residence of John Halsey, Esq., with the fine stable and beautiful grounds. This is one of the most magnificent mansions in Brooklyn. Built without regard to cost. Sale peremptory. See auction advertisement. Apply for further particulars to JOHNSON & MILLER, No. 25 Nassau-st.

FOR SALE—A FINE LOT, 25x100, ON TAYLOR-st., near Bedford-av., one of the best locations in Brooklyn. Inquire of S. LANE, Jr., No. 205 Canal-st., New-York.

PRICE $11,000—$3,000 CASH; BALANCE $1,000 per annum, will buy a handsome marble front three-story house in South Brooklyn. Apply to VAN TUYL & CO., No. 268 Cherry-st., New-York.

HOUSES & ROOMS WANTED.

WANTED—BY AN AMERICAN FAMILY, AT moderate rent, in New-York, west of 3d-av., or in Brooklyn, adjacent to the ferries, a floor of about four rooms, with conveniences for housekeeping. Address, with terms and other particulars, C. B. H., Box No. 4,604 New-York Post-office.

WANTED—A COUNTRY RESIDENCE, WITHin four hours of New-York, containing not less than 14 rooms, suitable for a young ladies' boarding-school. Address Miss ROBERTSON, No. 49 East 20th-st., New-York.

SUMMER RESORTS.

HEATH HOUSE,
SCHOOLEY'S MOUNTAIN SPRINGS,
New-Jersey,

opens 15th of June with terms reduced. For particulars, route, &c., address S. T. COZZENS.

COUNTRY BOARD.

SUMMER BOARD AT CLAVERACK, Columbia County, N. Y.; three miles from Hudson, from July 6 to Sept. 9. ALONZO FLACK.

DENTISTRY.

ARTIFICIAL TEETH INSERTED IN the best manner. Terms and prices to suit all. Ladies who wish to avoid exorbitant prices for dental work will find it to their advantage to call before engaging work elsewhere. To persons whose means are limited, a deduction will be made.

No. 235 6th-av., New-York, No. 933 Arch-st., and No. 103 North 10th-st., Philadelphia.

DR. CHARLES A. WHITE,
Manufacturer and Inserter of Artificial Teeth.

DWELLINGS TO LET.

TO LET.

No. 21 Clinton-place, 4-story, h. s., near Broadway.
No. 14 St. Mark's-place, 3-story, &c., h. s.
No. 19 St. Mark's-place, 3-story, &c., h. s.
No. 149 East 27th-st., 3-story, &c., h. s.
No. 52 Crosby-st., 2-story and attic, h. s.
No. 10 4th-Fourst., near Broadway, 2-story, &c.
2d floor No. 49 John-st.
2d and 3d floors, No. 859 Broadway.
Floors Nos. 48 and 50 Cortlandt-st.
Offices Nos. 5 and 7 William-st.

Apply at No. 192 Broadway, from 11 to 12 o'clock, or at No. 147 East 27th-st., of PETER A. H. JACKSON.

FURNISHED COUNTRY SEAT FOR RENT.—Will be leased for one or more years, the family residence of the late Thomas H. Leggett, in the village of Flushing, L. I. The dwelling is a large two-story double house, with wing attached. The grounds are ample and richly ornamented, comprising over six acres, with large gardens, lawns, &c., a good barn, carriage-house, work-shop, hennery, icehouse, and in fact all the surroundings of a first-class private residence. The furniture will also be let with the place, and early possession given. With best of schools, churches and society, and easy access to the City, this offers a rare opportunity to a gentleman of leisure or business. Apply to J. F. FRANKLIN, No. 112 Broadway, New-York.

$500.—COUNTRY HOUSE TO LET, furnished—Hazlewood Cottage, situate on the borders of the romantic Lake of Luzerne, N. Y.; contains parlor, saloon, dining-room, six bedrooms, ante-kitchen, &c.; two acres of ground. Also, ice, wood, garden, planted, and stabling if required. Also, three suites of furnished rooms, comprising parlor and two or three bedrooms each; piazzas. Price for the season to strictly first-class $200 each suite. Refer by permission to JAS. L. DUNHAM, Esq., corner 23d-st. and 4th-av., Rev. SYLVANUS REED, corner 38th-st. and 4th-av., or by letter to B. C. BUTLER, Luzerne, Warren Co., N. Y.

FURNISHED COUNTRY SEAT—FOURteen miles from City Hall by Hudson River Railroad; stylish Gothic house, large, handsomely furnished; full supply of pure spring water, with natural flow, throughout the house; stationary washstands and tubs, bath, gas, &c.; good and extensive outbuildings; six acres of land, with beautiful lawn, croquet-ground, fountain, &c.; fruits and vegetables; excellent neighborhood, near churches and schools; will be rented for the Summer or a longer period. Apply to WILLIAM S. DUKE, No. 77 Cedar-st.

SUBURBAN VILLA TO LET, PARTIALLY furnished, lately the residence of DANIEL DEVLIN, Esq., deceased, situate on the heights beyond Manhattanville, 1½ miles north of Central Park; entrance on the Bloomingdale road; six acres, secluded, handsome lawn, shade, shrubbery and greenhouses; good vegetable gardens; superb views of North and East Rivers, and landscape of part of Westchester Co.; fine house with modern improvements, commodious brick stable. This place combines the advantages of a healthy City and country home; will be let for two or more years. Apply to WM. S. DUKE, No. 77 Cedar-st.

TO LET OR LEASE—THE "HAMILTON Grange," built by Gen. Hamilton, a fine residence at 145th-st., on Kingsbridge-road; 13 rooms, kitchen, dairy, gas and water throughout; 33 acres of land, gardens, gardener's house, coach-house and stable, all in good order. For permits apply to A. P. SMITH & BRO., No. 1,304 Broadway.

TO LET—IN THE VILLAGE OF HUNTER, A few miles from Catskill, a furnished mansion, containing 16 rooms, with 20 acres of improved land, large lawn, with ample shade, orchard, vegetable garden, with large beds of strawberries; with fruits in abundance; one of the most desirable residences in the country; possession immediately. Apply to ALFRED E. LEWIS, No. 153 Montague-st., Brooklyn.

TO RENT—"EVERTON," A FURNISHED AND roomy villa on Throg's Neck, Westchester County, near two daily steamboat landings and about three miles from Harlem Railroad station; it is a pleasant and healthy place; bounded on the Sound with fine water views; there is a good carriage-house and garden. For rent, &c., apply to VAN RENSSELAER & CRUGER, No. 182 Grand-st.

TO LET—ON THE SHREWSBURY RIVER, TWO miles from Highlands, a fully furnished cottage, containing nine rooms, kitchen and woodhouse; one acre of land, good vegetable garden, fruit and shade trees; house situated on high ground, 300 feet from steamboat landing; fine water-front; splendid beach; salt water bathing, boating and fishing; rent, for six months, $600. Apply at No. 206 East 17th-st., near 2d-av.

FARM TO LET—FOR THE SUMMER OR TILL November next; possession immediately; the farm is 100 acres, four miles from Summit, N. J., an hour's ride on Morris and Essex Railroad; numerous buildings, good house and abundance of fruit, water cresses, &c.; room for a large family, and exceedingly healthy; daily mail stage from Summit depot passes by the farm.

PRESCOTT & SON, No. 75 Chambers-st.

$150 PER MONTH.—FURNISHED HOUSE, Fordham, 15 rooms, with cottage and stable, 2½ acres, abundance of fruit and shade; horse cars every ten minutes; Harlem rail cars almost every half hour. Inquire NELSON & KRONBERG, No. 4 Pine-st., or L. M. STENTON, on the premises, at the large brown-stone house one block east of the depot.

TO LET OR LEASE—THE CORNER STORE and dwelling No. 76 6th-av., corner Waverley-place; has been occupied as a drug-store for three years; antiliquor.

THORNTON M. RODMAN,
Real Estate Agent,
No. 863 Broadway, corner 11th-st.

TO LET—AT MANHATTANVILLE, WITHIN one minute's walk of 8th-av. cars, the upper part of a house; house has fine grounds; stable and vegetable garden if desired; rent reasonable to a responsible tenant. For terms, &c., address A. B. C., Box No. 149 *Times* Office.

TO LET, FURNISHED—AN ELEGANT RESidence at Inwood, on the Hudson; large grounds, extending across the ridge to the river; stable, greenhouse and vegetable garden. All city conveniences through the house. Apply to ALFRED E. LEWIS, No. 153 Montague-st., Brooklyn.

TO LET—A DESIRABLE COUNTRY SEAT AT Fordham, containing thirteen acres of land, large house, with modern improvements, stables, carriage-house, &c.; garden, with all varieties of fruit; within convenient distance of railroad. Apply to

H. H. CAMMANN, No. 31 Pine-st.

COUNTRY RESIDENCE TO LET—FURnished; located seven miles north of Central Park; house located in the centre of 12 acres; fine garden, greenhouse, grapery, icehouse, carriage-house; every way suitable for a gentleman to occupy. Apply to NORMAN PECK, No. 4 Jauncey Court.

TO LET—FURNISHED, ON DEAN-ST., BEtween Smith and Hoyt sts., Brooklyn, a three-story and basement brick dwelling, 22x40, lot 22x100 feet, 13 rooms, all improvements, handsomely furnished. Permits and particulars of WYCKOFF & LITTLE, No. 151 Montague-st., Brooklyn.

IRVINGTON ON THE HUDSON—TO LET, furnished, a fine residence, with modern conveniences and barn; fine river views, and near depot and steamboat landing; rent $250 per month. Address F. D., Box No. 179 *Times* Office.

PLAINFIELD, N. J.—FURNISHED HOUSE to let for five months or longer, containing twelve rooms, with gas, &c.; five minutes' walk from depot; will be rented cheap. Address W., Box No. 320 New-York Post-office.

TO LET—HOUSE AND THREE BLOCKS OF ground; house contains 14 rooms; very pleasantly situated on the East River; grounds lie between 1st-av. and East River, and 66th and 68th sts. Apply to LEONARD J. CARPENTER, 24 3d-av., (Bible House.)

GREENWICH, CONN.—TO LET—A COSY cottage; 10 rooms; stable; every convenience; 1 mile from depot; furnished for Summer; not less than 5 months; or for the year unfurnished. Inquire at No. 59 2d-av., New-York.

AT NEW-BRIGHTON, HAMILTON PARK.—To rent, several detached first-class brick villas, from $850 to $1,500; modern improvements, with lawns, gardens, stables, &c.; five minutes of ferry. Apply at Mr. HAMILTON'S office, No. 26½ Broadway.

TO RENT—AT IRVINGTON, ON THE HUDson, a furnished cottage; rent for Summer months $200 per month, or for the year, $1,700. Apply at No. 6 East 24th-st., between 9 and 11 A. M. and 4 and 6 P. M., or to IRVING PARIS, No. 62 William-st.

TO LET AT MORRISTOWN, N. J.—Country seat, furnished; rent $3,000. Also, an unfurnished house, with eleven rooms; French roof and all modern conveniences; rent $[illegible]. Apply to

JOHN HONE, No. 704 Broadway.

TO LET IN ORANGE COUNTY—PART or the whole of a large, pleasant farm house, with or without board; four miles from Turner's, Erie Railroad. Address J. C. C., Highland Mills, Orange County, N. Y.

TO LET—AT SPUYTEN DUYVIL, A HANDsome fully furnished house; good outbuildings, three acres of land, tastefully embellished, fruit, vegetable garden, &c.; fine views, and in every way desirable. Apply to WILLIAM S. DUKE, No. 77 Cedar-st.

FURNISHED HOUSE TO LET—AT GARrisons, opposite West Point, a small cottage, thoroughly furnished, with stable and icehouse; rent from May 1 to Nov. 1, $1,000. For particulars apply to GEO. W. WILSON, No. 35 Broad-st., from 12 to 1 o'clock.

TO LET, FURNISHED—A COUNTRY place, with large mansion and 30 acres of land, at Morristown, N. J., one mile from the depot. Apply to R. S. EMMET, No. 54 William-st., or to W. C. EMMET, on the premises.

TO LET—FURNISHED, AT GARRISONS, ON the Hudson River, fine house, containing 12 rooms, stable and large garden; rent for six months from May 1, $1,000. Apply to HOMER MORGAN, No. 2 Pine-st.

TO LET—THE THREE-STORY BRICK HOUSE No. 99 Christopher-st., with all the modern improvements. Inquire of V. L. BUXTON, No. 96 Warren-st., from 10 A. M. to 3 P. M. Rent $1,200.

TO LET—UPPER PART OF A BROWN-STONE house; the second floor, and part of the third and parlor if required, to American family, at No. 257 East 48th-st.

TO LET—FURNISHED OR UNFURNISHED, A very fine four-story brown-stone, high-stoop house in 40th-st., near 5th-av., 27x70. Permits of HOMER MORGAN, No. 2 Pine-st.

TO LET, FURNISHED—AN ELEGANT country seat, delightfully located at Inwood, on the Hudson, near 205th-st.; about 3½ acres ground. Permits of A. JOURNEAY, No. 1 Pine-st.

FORT HAMILTON MANSION TO RENT—An elegant residence situate on the river bank at the Narrows, near steamboat landing. Photographic picture at H. & J. HOPKINS', No. 140 Reade-st.

TO LET—A FURNISHED HOUSE, CONTAINing all modern improvements, in a convenient locality in the City. Apply to GEO. B. ACKERMAN, No. 30 Dey-st.

TO RENT LOW—ONE OF THOSE THREE-story high-stoop brown-stone houses in 78th-st., fourth house East of 4th-av. R. WILLIAMSON, President Bull's Head Bank.

A HOUSE TO LET—NO. 326 EAST 41ST-ST., near 2d-av.; stone front; all improvements; three stories, high basement; in good order. Apply this day to owner on premises from 12 to 2 o'clock. Rent $1,400.

TO LET—TWO FURNISHED HOUSES AT Sharon, Conn.; gardens, barns, &c., at $450 and $500 each for the season; four hours' Harlem R. R. GEO. E. WOODWARD, Architect, No. 191 Broadway, N. Y.

TO LET—A FINE COUNTRY RESIDENCE WITH or without land; one mile from Poughkeepsie; commodious outbuildings; fine fruit; possession immediately. Inquire of CORNELIUS DUBOIS, Poughkeepsie.

AT ELIZABETH, N. J.—FOR SALE OR TO let furnished, an elegant house, with 16 rooms, milk bath-rooms and laundry; twelve acres, beautifully laid out. R. C. EDWARDS, No. 78 Cedar-st.

SECOND AND THIRD FLOORS TO LET—At No. 17 Bedford-st., six rooms. Inquire on the premises, between 3 and 5 o'clock P. M., or at No. 58 Vandam-st. Rent moderate.

TO LET—AT STAPLETON, S. I., A HOUSE IN Beach-st. Inquire of T. HAZARD, near the premises, or at No. 5 Beaver-st., New-York. Rent $300.

TO RENT OR FOR SALE—THREE-STORY high-stoop stone-front house; modern improvements; rent $1,000 to $1,300. Apply at 344 East 62d-st.

TO LET—UNFURNISHED APARTMENTS, NO. 20 Union-place, corner of East 15th-st. Apply at the bank on the premises.

FURNISHED ROOMS TO LET TO gentlemen, at No. 107 East 28th-st., near 4th-av.; breakfast if required; references.

DWELLINGS TO LET.

TO LET AT FORDHAM—THE RESIDENCE of the late H. W. T. Mali; the grounds are extensive and handsomely laid out; the house is large and commodious and fully furnished, and is situated directly on the Heights, commanding beautiful views of the Harlem and North rivers; large stable, carriage-house, gardener's house, &c.; garden with every variety of fruits; four miles north of Central Park, one mile from railroad depot and half a mile from steamboat landing. Apply to H. H. CAMMANN, No. 31 Pine-st.

TO LET—FURNISHED AND UNFURNISHED, country seats and cottages at Irvington, Plainfield, Newark, Roselle, Orange, Bergen Hill and Perth Amboy, New-Jersey; Mamaroneck, New-Rochelle, Staatsburg, Staten Island, Flushing, Katonah and Mount Vernon, New-York. Permits of A. JOURNEAY, No. 1 Pine-st.

TO LET—AT SUMMIT, N. J., WITHIN ONE hour by rail from the City, a new and convenient house, containing 12 rooms, large pantries, furnace, range, &c.; location elevated; fine view; only three minutes' walk from the depot. Apply to W. J. COCHRAN, No. 835 Broadway, or to J. BONNEL, at Summit.

A SMALL HOUSE, SIX ROOMS ONE mile from Fordham Depot, to let; beautiful lawn, fruit trees, with outbuildings, consisting of a stable to accommodate 4 horses, carriage house, hennery &c., &c. Apply to L. H. MACE, No. 111 East Houston-st., New-York.

TO LET—FURNISHED HOUSE AT NEWTOWN, Long Island, suitable for a large family; very conveniently situated, and within easy access of New-York by two lines railroad; large garden, &c. Apply to FRANCIS T. WALKER, No. 18 Wall-st.

TO RENT—FURNISHED OR UNFURNISHED, the first-class four-story brown-stone high-stoop house No. 52 West 47th-st., beautifully frescoed. Immediate possession. S. W. BENEDICT, No. 586 6th-av.

TO RENT—FURNISHED—THE FINE THREE-story high-stoop brown-stone house No. 105 West 47th-st., in perfect order. Also many others. S. W. BENEDICT, No. 586 6th-av.

TO LET—IN BERGEN, 15 MINUTES BY HORSE cars from Jersey City Ferry, a fine three-story house and stable; rent $450. Apply at No. 398 West-st.

BOARDING AND LODGING.

BOARD—SEPARATE APARTMENTS, MODERN improvements, exclusive attendance and home attention, with regular and experienced medical care, may be secured by a respectable lady during anticipated illness, in a small private family. Address Box No. 17, Station G, New-York.

WANTED—A RESPECTABLE WIDOW WOman wishes for two or three respectable young women to come to stay with her, with or without board; no family; good reference given and required. Call for three days at No. 421 East 15th-st., between 1st-av. and Avenue A, top floor, front room.

TO LET—A HANDSOME FRONT SITTING-room and bedroom, water and gas, with conveniences for housekeeping; also a good basement, front and back, suitable for business or dwelling; water and gas all through, in good order, dry and healthy, with yard conveniences at No. 167 4th-av., near 1[illegible]th-st.

TWENTY-THIRD-ST., BETWEEN 5TH AND 6TH AVS.—Board may be secured for families and single gentlemen, with handsomely furnished rooms, which will be vacated 1st of May, by applying immediately. No. 73 West 23d-st.

TO LET—WITHOUT BOARD, VERY PLEASant and handsomely-furnished rooms, en suite or single, suitable for a small party of gentlemen, or will be let separately. Apply at No. 29 East 10th-st., between Broadway and University-place.

BOARD, WITH ROOMS SUITABLE FOR families or single gentlemen, can be found in Newark, N. J., at No. 344 Broad-st., location central, about five minutes' from railroad depots; references exchanged.

19TH-ST., NEAR IRVING-PLACE.—IN a strictly private family, parlor and bedroom on second story front, for gentleman and wife, or two single gentlemen. Good references given and required. Address Box No. 539 Post-office.

A SINGLE GENTLEMAN, IN BUSINESS down town, wishes to obtain a permanent home up town in a strictly private family, where there are no other boarders. Address A. P. H. T., Box No. 4,912 Post-office.

BOARD WANTED FOR GENTLEMAN and wife; private family preferred; on Murray Hill; second floor or two large rooms; handsomely furnished and good table; references required. Address HOME, Box No. 5,211 Post-office.

PLEASANT ROOMS WITH FIRST-CLASS board for a gentleman and wife, or a family, at No. 238 West 25th-st.; children not objectionable; no moving; best of references given and required.

WANTED—BY AN EXPERIENCED CHAMbermaid and nurse a situation; would assist with the washing and ironing; best of City reference. Call at No. 212 West 27th-st., near 7th-av.

NICELY FURNISHED ROOMS, WITH board: 18th, 19th, 30th, 31st, 34th, 38th, 39th and 48th sts., and 5th-av. Apply at Everett Library, No. 73 West 34th-st.

NO. 163 EAST 17TH-ST., CORNER OF STUYVESANT-SQUARE.—An elegant house; delightful Summer location; desirable rooms, liberal table and moderate prices; references required.

NO. 41 WEST 35TH-ST., NEAR 5TH-AV.—Handsomely furnished room, with bathroom attached, to let, with board; also, suits of rooms on parlor floor; references exchanged.

TO LET—FURNISHED ROOMS, IN SUITE OR separate, by the year, to gentlemen; a first-class house in every particular; best of references required. No. 112 East 17th-st.

WANTED—A LARGE-SIZED FURNISHED room, without board, below 23d-st., in a good locality, by a single gentleman. Address, stating price, A., Box No. 115 *Times* Office.

A PRIVATE FRENCH FAMILY WOULD let permanently a fine room with board, to a gentleman; locality five minutes' walk from Union-square (east.) Address Z. Z., Box No. 4,9[illegible]6 Post-office.

NO. 310 EAST BROADWAY.—A CHOICE of two pleasant rooms, with board, furnished or unfurnished, with other privileges, to gentleman and wife or two or three gentlemen; terms moderate; reference.

NO. 33 EAST 24TH-ST.—FURNISHED rooms to let to gentlemen from first of May for the year or till first of October; also two parlors furnished or unfurnished. Apply after 3 o'clock P. M.

BOARD ON BROOKLYN HEIGHTS.—Gentlemen and their wives or single gentlemen can obtain first-class board and pleasant rooms by applying at No. 146 Henry-st., Brooklyn.

TO LET—IN THE 9TH WARD, NEAR VAN NEST-place, a nice furnished room; house has all the modern improvements; family private. Inquire at 254 Greenwich-st.

AN ENTIRE SECOND FLOOR, FURNISHED, connecting, replete with every convenience, to be let to single gentlemen without board. Apply at No. 145 West 46th-st., between 6th and 7th avs.

NO. 112 2D-AV.—TO LET WITH FULL board, very pleasant well-furnished rooms to gentleman and wife or single gentlemen; table first-class; references exchanged.

$7 TO $12 PER WEEK.—PLEASANT rooms with excellent board, at No. 176 Bleecker-st., near Macdougal. Also, country board near New-York.

NO 40 WEST 38TH-ST., NEAR 5TH av.—Furnished rooms, en suite, and single, with board.

DESIRABLE ACCOMMODATIONS, WITH board, at No. 419 4th-av.; house first class; no moving in May.

NO. 50 WEST 24TH-ST., BETWEEN 5TH and 6th avs.—Two or three gentlemen and a gentleman and wife can obtain board in a first-class house.

TWO FINE NEWLY FURNISHED rooms on second floor, without board, for gentlemen only; gas, &c. No. 583 Broome-st., near Hudson.

NO. 27 MADISON-AV.—HANDSOMELY FURnished rooms, with first-class board, at reasonable rates.

A FLOOR TO LET, FURNISHED OR UNfurnished, to gentlemen, in house No. 66 East 12th-st., near Broadway.

NO. 57 WEST 16TH-ST., NORTHEAST CORNER 6TH-AV.—Neatly furnished rooms to let singly or en suite.

A SMALL FAMILY WILL LET A ROOM with board, for two gentlemen, at $12 per week. No. 280 West 11th-st.

NO. 352 WEST 15TH-ST.—A PRIVATE family has nicely furnished back parlor to let, without board; terms moderate; neighborhood good.

NO. 306 WEST 12TH-ST., CORNER OF Abingdon-square—Handsomely furnished rooms without board in a private family, for gentlemen only.

ROOMS TO LET WITH BOARD.—APPLY at No. 108 Leroy-st. References given and required.

PARLOR FLOOR, UNFURNISHED, TO LET—No. 31 Washington-place.

SAVINGS BANKS.

MARKET SAVINGS BANK,
No. 82 Nassau-st., near Fulton-st., New-York.
SIX PER CENT. INTEREST ALLOWED.

Deposits made on or before MAY 1 will draw interest from that date.

WILLIAM VAN NAME, President.
N. R. CONKLIN, Secretary.

THIRD-AVENUE SAVINGS BANK,
Corner of 3d-av. and 26th-st.

Six per cent. interest paid, free from Government tax, on all sums from $1 to $5,000.

Bank open daily from 10 A. M. to 3 P. M.; and on Monday, Wednesday and Saturday evenings, from 6 to 8 o'clock. SPENCER K. GREEN, President.

WM. B. BIBBINS, Secretary.

UNION DIME SAVINGS BANK,

Nos. 396 and 398 Canal-st., corner of Laight. Open daily from 10 to 3. SIX PER CENT interest on $5 to $5,000. Assets, $4,711,998 98.

NEW-YORK SAVINGS BANK, 8TH-AV., corner of 14th-st.—Six per cent. interest, free of tax, paid on all sums from $5 to $5,000. Deposits made on or before May 1 will draw interest from May 1.

R. H. MACLAY, President.
R. H. BULL, Sec'y. S. S. CONSTANT, Vice-Pres't.

MARBLE MANTELS.

THE PENRHYN SLATE COMPANY,
Manufacturers of
MARBLEIZED SLATE MANTELS,
BILLIARD TABLE BEDS,
PLUMBERS' SLABS,
Cisterns, Baths, Sinks and shelving of all kinds.
MARBLEIZED SLABS
for piers, tables, bureaus, what-nots, &c.

Wainscoting and paneling for rooms and halls. Every description of slate work made to order. The trade supplied on favorable terms.

ELEAZER JONES, Manager,
Middle Granville, N. Y.
Warehouse, No. 49 West 18th-st., New-York.

MARBLE MANTELS.—THE BEST PLACE in the City to purchase marble Mantels, of the latest designs, at very low prices, is at A. KLABER'S Marble Works, Nos. 134 and 136 East 18th-st., near 3d-av., N. Y. Mantels put up in the country. Cut this out.

MARBLE MANTELS—IN GREAT VARIEties, at reduced prices, at S. KLABER'S manufactory, No. 52 1st-av., near 3d-st. Mantels put up in the country.

MARBLEIZED SLATE MANTELS—Half the price of marble. Send for a circular. T. B. STEWART, 505 6th-av. bet. 35th and 36th sts.

REMOVALS.

REMOVAL.—OTTO ERNST'S SHIRT FACTORY and gent's furnishing store, from Canal-st., corner Bowery, to No. 346 Bowery, corner Great Jones-st.

SHIPPING.

LIVERPOOL AND GREAT WESTERN STEAM COMPANY.

The following FIRST-CLASS IRON STEAMSHIPS, built expressly for the New-York trade, are intended to sail regularly between NEW-YORK AND LIVERPOOL, calling at QUEENSTOWN, viz.:

MANHATTAN, MINNESOTA,
COLORADO, NEBRASKA,
with other first-class steamers building. To sail:

MINNESOTA	WEDNESDAY, April 29
COLORADO	WEDNESDAY, May 13
NEBRASKA	WEDNESDAY, May 20
MANHATTAN	WEDNESDAY, May 27

From Pier No. 46 North River.

Cabin, (the accommodations being equal to any Atlantic steamer,) $80, gold; return tickets, $160, gold; in steerage, $30, currency.

Tickets to bring out passengers from Europe can be obtained on reasonable terms. For freight or passage apply to WILLIAMS & GUION, No. 71 Wall-st.
For steerage passage to WILLIAMS & GUION, No. 29 Broadway.

REDUCED RATES OF PASSAGE TO THE CONTINENT.

The new iron North German Steamship
SMIDT, Capt. H. RASCHEN,
of 2,400 tons capacity,
WILL SAIL FROM NEW-YORK
ON HER FIRST RETURN TRIP TO
BREMEN
about May 15.

PRICES OF PASSAGE.

First Cabin	$75	Payable in Gold.
Second Cabin	36	

An experienced surgeon on board.
For further information, freight and passage, apply to
THIELE, SEILER & CO.,
No. 2 Hanover Buildings,
Hanover-square.

THE STEAMSHIP CITY OF NEW-YORK, of the Inman Line, will sail from Pier No. 45 North River, at noon, on WEDNESDAY, May 13, for Liverpool, calling at Queenstown.
Rates of Passage—First cabin, $80 gold; steerage, $35 currency.
JOHN G. DALE, Agent, No. 15 Broadway.

STEAM TO LIVERPOOL — CALLING AT QUEENSTOWN, IRELAND.—The Inman Line, under contract with the United States and British Governments for carrying the Mails, intend dispatching their steamers as follows:

ETNA (via Halifax)	MONDAY, April 20
CITY OF LONDON	SATURDAY, April 25
CITY OF BALTIMORE	SATURDAY, May 2
CITY OF CORK (via Halifax)	MONDAY, May 4
CITY OF BOSTON	SATURDAY, May 9

And each succeeding SATURDAY and alternate MONDAY, at 1 P. M., from Pier No. 45 North River.

RATES OF PASSAGE
By the mail steamer sailing every Saturday.

PAYABLE IN GOLD.		PAYABLE IN CURRENCY.	
First Cabin	$100	Steerage	$35
To London	105	To London	40
To Paris	115	To Paris	50

Passage by the Monday steamers, first cabin, $90, gold; steerage, $35, payable in currency.
Rates of passage from New-York to Halifax: First Cabin, $20; steerage, $10—payable in gold.
Passengers also forwarded to Havre, Hamburg, Bremen, &c., at moderate rates.
Steerage passage from Liverpool or Queenstown, $40 currency. Tickets can be bought here by persons sending for their friends.
For further information, apply at the Company's offices. JOHN G. DALE, Agent, No. 15 Broadway, New-York.

SAFETY, SPEED AND COMFORT.

FURTHER REDUCTION IN PASSAGE RATES.
Favorite passenger steamers of the ANCHOR LINE sail every SATURDAY with passengers for LIVERPOOL, GLASGOW AND DERRY.
EUROPA, CRAIG, SATURDAY, April 25.
IOWA, HEDDERWICK, SATURDAY, May 2.
UNITED KINGDOM, DONALDSON, SATURDAY, May 6.
COLUMBIA, CARNAGHAN, SATURDAY, May 9.
From Pier No. 20 North River, at noon.
Rates of passage, payable in currency:
Cabin to Liverpool, Glasgow or Derry, $90 and $75, according to location.
Excursion tickets, good for twelve months, $160.
Intermediate to Glasgow or Derry, $35; Steerage, $30.
Prepaid certificates from these ports, $37.
Passengers booked to and from Hamburg, Rotterdam, Antwerp, Havre, &c., at very low rates.
For further information apply at the Company's office, No. 6 Bowling-green, New-York.
HENDERSON BROTHERS.
To avoid imposition, passengers will please come direct to the office, as this Company does not employ runners.

ONLY DIRECT LINE TO FRANCE.

THE GENERAL TRANSATLANTIC COMPANY'S MAIL STEAMSHIPS BETWEEN NEW-YORK AND HAVRE, CALLING AT BREST.
The splendid new vessels on this favorite route for the Continent will sail from Pier No. 50 North River, as follows:

VILLE DE PARIS	SURMONT	SATURDAY, May 2
PEREIRE	DUCHESNE	SATURDAY, May 16
EUROPE	LEMARIE	SATURDAY, May 30
ST. LAURENT	BOCANDE	SATURDAY, June 13

PRICE OF PASSAGE IN GOLD, (including wine,)
TO BREST OR HAVRE,
First cabin, $140; second cabin, $85.
TO PARIS,
including railway tickets, furnished on board,
First cabin, $145; second cabin, $88.
These steamers do not carry steerage passengers.
Medical attendance free of charge.
American travelers going to or returning from the continent of Europe, by taking the steamers of this line, avoid both transit by English railways and the discomforts of crossing the channel, besides saving time, trouble and expense.
GEO. MACKENZIE, Agent No. 58 Broadway.

THE BRITISH AND NORTH AMERICAN ROYAL MAIL STEAMSHIPS

BETWEEN NEW-YORK AND LIVERPOOL, CALLING AT CORK HARBOR.

SCOTIA leaves	WEDNESDAY, April 29
JAVA leaves	WEDNESDAY, May 6
CHINA leaves	WEDNESDAY, May 13
AUSTRALASIAN leaves	WEDNESDAY, May 20
RUSSIA leaves	WEDNESDAY, May 27
SCOTIA leaves	WEDNESDAY, June 3
Chief cabin passage	$130
Second cabin passage	80
TO PARIS.	
Chief cabin passage	145

Payable in gold.
Berths not secured until paid for.
An experienced surgeon on board.
The owners of these ships will not be accountable for specie or valuables, unless bills of lading having the value expressed are signed therefor.
For freight or passage apply to
E. CUNARD, No. 4 Bowling-green, New-York.

CUNARD LINE OF STEAMERS.

BETWEEN NEW-YORK AND LIVERPOOL, CALLING AT QUEENSTOWN.
FROM NEW-YORK EVERY THURSDAY.

ALEPPO sails	April 30
SIBERIA sails	May 7

RATES OF PASSAGE FROM NEW-YORK:

Cabin	$80 Gold.
Steerage	$30 Currency.

Steerage tickets from Liverpool or Queenstown at lowest rates.
For Freight and Cabin Passage, apply at No. 4 Bowling-green.
For Steerage Passage, apply at No. 69 Broadway.
E. CUNARD.

NATIONAL LINE.

THE STEAMSHIP FRANCE, GRACE, will leave SATURDAY, April 25, at 9 A. M., from Pier No. 47 North River.
Passage to Liverpool or Queenstown: Cabin, $100; Steerage, $30, currency.
Steerage tickets from Liverpool or Queenstown, $37, currency.
Apply at the Company's office, Nos. 57 and 27 Broadway. F. W. J. HURST, Manager.

STEAM DIRECT TO BREMEN.

Steamship CIRCASSIAN, THOMAS J. ELLIS, commander, will leave direct for Bremen on SATURDAY, April 25, taking passengers at the following rates: First Cabin, $75; Second Cabin, $50; Steerage, $30; payable in gold.
For passage apply to LEXOW & VOIGT, Passenger Agents, No. 2 New-Chambers-st., or CHAS. BUSHOR, No. 88 West-st.

HAVANA, SISAL AND VERA CRUZ.

SAILING EVERY TWENTY DAYS.
The elegant, new steamship
NEVADA,
W. MEGILL, Commander,
will leave Pier No. 17 East River, on FRIDAY, April 24, at 10 A. M.
For freight or passage apply to
F. ALEXANDER & SONS,
No. 44 Beaver-st.

FOR ST. THOMAS AND BRAZIL.

UNITED STATES AND BRAZIL MAIL STEAMSHIP COMPANY.
REGULAR MAIL STEAMERS sailing on the 23 d of every month:
SOUTH AMERICA, Capt. E. L. TINKLEPAUGH, May 23.
MISSISSIPPI, Capt. GEO. B. SLOCUM, June 23.
MERRIMACK, Capt. L. F. TIMMERMAN, July 23.
These splendid steamers sail on schedule time, and call at St. Thomas, Para, Pernambuco, Bahia and Rio de Janeiro, going and returning. For engagements of freight or passage, apply to
WM. R. GARRISON, Agent,
No. 5 Bowling-green, New-York.

FOR MOBILE,

FERNANDINA AND FLORIDA PORTS.
The Florida Railroad Company will dispatch
The first-class steamship
FLAG, Capt. BAXTER,
for Fernandina, on SATURDAY, April 25, at 3 P. M., from Pier No. 29 North River, foot of Warren-st., connecting at Cedar Keys, via Florida Railroad, with the fine steamship MARY, for MOBILE.
Cargo delivered, without lighterage, at Mobile in one week.
Insurance guaranteed at 1½ per cent.
Bills lading furnished and goods forwarded free of commissions to all points on line of Mobile and Ohio Railroad.
Also, through passage-tickets and bills lading issued in connection with railroads in Florida to all places in the interior, and with steamers to points on the St. John's River.
Insurance to Fernandina, 1 per cent; to points on St. John's River, 1½ per cent.
Superior passenger accommodations. Apply to
I. K. ROBERTS, Agent, No. 174 Chambers-st.
Mobile agents, A. J. INGERSOLL & CO.

OLD DOMINION STEAMSHIP CO.

FOR NORFOLK, CITY POINT and RICHMOND.
New and elegant side-wheel steamships
HATTERAS, ALBEMARLE, SARATOGA and NIAGARA.
One of the above first-class ships will be dispatched every TUESDAY, THURSDAY and SATURDAY at 3 P. M., from Pier No. 37 North River, foot of Beach-st., for Norfolk, City Point and Richmond, connecting with the Seaboard Inland Air-Line, Virginia and Tennessee Air-Line, South-Side and Petersburg Railroads, and Richmond and Danville and Virginia Central Railroads, taking freight and granting through bills of lading to all points South and Southwest.
Bills of lading signed on the pier up to the hour of sailing. For freight or passage, having elegant stateroom accommodations, apply to
N. L. McCREADY, President,
No. 187 Greenwich-st., corner Dey-st.

FOR NEW-ORLEANS DIRECT.

MERCHANTS' STEAMSHIP LINE,
Comprising the first-class steamships

GEN. GRANT	Capt. J. B. HILDRETH
CRESCENT CITY	Capt. E. W. HOLMES
SHERMAN	Capt. W. P. HENRY
GEN. MEADE	Capt. A. W. SAMPSON
UNITED STATES	Capt. GEO. L. NORTON

The steamship
GEN. GRANT,
Capt. A. W. SAMPSON,
Will be dispatched on SATURDAY, April 25,
at 2 o'clock P. M.,
from Pier No. 12 North River.
Freight received at through rates for St. Louis, Mobile and Galveston.
For freight or passage, having superior accommodations,
Apply to the agent.
SAMUEL STEVENS,
No. 40 Broadway.

FOR CHARLESTON, BEAUFORT, HILTON HEAD AND THE FLORIDA PORTS—THE PEOPLE'S MAIL STEAMSHIP COMPANY.
E. B. SOUDER, Capt. LEBBY, SATURDAY, April 25.
MONEKA, Capt. VALPEY, FRIDAY, May 1,
from Pier No. 4 North River, at 3 P. M. Through passage tickets and bills of lading issued to all points South, in connection with the South Carolina Railroad, and by steamers to Florida ports.
WHEELER & LINNARD, Agents, 12 Broadway.

SHIPPING.

PACIFIC MAIL STEAMSHIP COMPANY'S THROUGH LINE TO CALIFORNIA AND CHINA,

FREIGHT AND PASSAGE AT GREATLY REDUCED RATES.
Steamers of the above line leave Pier No. 42 North River, foot of Canal-st., at 12 o'clock noon,
FOUR TIMES A MONTH,
On 1st, 9th, 16th and 24th,
except when those days fall on Sunday, then the day previous.
One hundred pounds baggage free to each adult. Medicine and attendance free.
MAY 1—ARIZONA, Capt. MAURY, connecting with MONTANA, Capt. ——.
Steamer leaving May 9 connects closely with steamer GREAT REPUBLIC, leaving San Francisco June 3 for China and Japan.
For passage tickets and all further information apply at the Company's ticket office on the wharf, foot of Canal-st. F. R. BABY, Agent.

NORTH AMERICAN STEAMSHIP COMPANY.

OPPOSITION TO MONOPOLY!
THROUGH LINE TO CALIFORNIA,
Via Panama Railroad.
NEW SAILING ARRANGEMENT.
THE 5TH AND 20TH OF EVERY MONTH, or the day before when these dates fall on Sunday, from Pier No. 29 North River, foot Warren-st., at noon, at lower rates than by any other line.
MAY 5—Steamship FULTON, connecting with new steamship NEBRASKA.
MAY 20—Steamship GUIDING STAR, connecting with new steamship NEVADA.
These steamships are expressly fitted for this trade, and are unsurpassed for safety, speed, elegance and comfort, and their rates for passage and freight will ALWAYS BE LOWER THAN BY ANY OTHER LINE.
For further particulars address the undersigned at No. 177 West-street, New-York.
D. N. CARRINGTON, Agent.
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No. 54 Exchange-place, New-York.

FOR BERMUDA.

The steamship COMMANDER is expected to arrive from Bermuda on WEDNESDAY, April 29, and will be dispatched on SATURDAY, May 2, at 3 P. M.
For freight or passage apply to
THOMAS J. OUTERBRIDGE,
No. 112 Front-st.

UNITED STATES MAIL TO HAVANA.

ATLANTIC MAIL STEAMSHIP COMPANY.
SAILING REGULARLY EVERY THURSDAY, AT 3 o'clock P. M. precisely, from Pier No. 4 North River.
EAGLE, Capt. M. R. GREENE, April 30.
COLUMBIA, Capt. VAN SICE, May 7.
MORRO CASTLE, Capt. ADAMS, May 14
For freight or passage, apply to
GEO. B. HARTSON, President,
No. 5 Bowling-green, New-York.

FOR NASSAU, N. P.

UNDER THE PATRONAGE OF THE BAHAMA GOVERNMENT FOR CARRYING THE ROYAL MAILS.
THE ATLANTIC MAIL STEAMSHIP COMPANY will dispatch the splendid side-wheel steamer EAGLE, Capt. M. R. GREENE, on THURSDAY, May 21, at 3 o'clock P. M. precisely, from Pier No. 4 North River.
For engagements of freight or passage apply to
GEO. B. HARTSON, President, No. 5 Bowling-green.

FOR SAVANNAH GEORGIA.

EMPIRE LINE.
EVERY SATURDAY, from Pier No. 13 North River,
Punctually at 3 P. M.
The favorite side-wheel steamships
SAN JACINTO, Capt. ATKINS, SATURDAY, April 25.
SAN SALVADOR, Capt. NICKERSON, SATURDAY, May 2.
Through tickets to all points in connection with Central Railroad of Georgia and Florida steamers.
For freight or passage apply to
WM. R. GARRISON, Agent,
No. 5 Bowling-green, New-York.

FOR SAVANNAH, GA.

BLACK STAR LINE—EVERY SATURDAY.
The first-class steamships
HUNTSVILLE, CROWELL, leaves, SATURDAY, April 25
MONTGOMERY, LYONS, leaves, SATURDAY, May 2.
at 3 P. M., from Pier No. 13 North River.
R. LOWDEN, Agent, No. 93 West-st.
Through passage tickets given over the Central R. R. of Georgia and Atlantic and Gulf R. R., Florida.

FOR NEW-ORLEANS—DIRECT.

THE CROMWELL LINE.
Steamships of this line will leave Pier No. 9 North River, at 3 P. M., as follows:

GEO. WASHINGTON	GAGER	SATURDAY, April 25
CORTES	WHITMAN	SATURDAY, May 2
GEO. CROMWELL	VAILL	SATURDAY, May 9
MARIPOSA	KEMBLE	SATURDAY, May 16

Freight taken for St. Louis, Mobile and Galveston at through rates.
For freight or passage apply to the agents.
H. B. CROMWELL & CO., No. 86 West-st.

FIRST STEAMER

FOR GALVESTON, TEXAS, VIA KEY WEST.

REGULAR LINE.
GREAT REDUCTION IN RATES OF FREIGHT.
THE FAVORITE STEAMSHIP
PERIT,
Capt. E. A. DELANOY,
Is now loading at Pier No. 4 North River, and will leave on SATURDAY, April 25, at 3 o'clock P. M., precisely, for Galveston.
For freight or passage, having superior accommodations, apply to
SPOFFORD, TILESTON & CO.,
No. 29 Broadway.
No charge made for drayage in Galveston on goods forwarded to the interior by railroad; also, goods forwarded to Indianola, Lavacca and Brazos without charge.

FOR CHARLESTON, S. C., THE FLORIDA PORTS AND THE SOUTH AND SOUTHWEST.—REGULAR LINE—Cabin passage, $15. Measurement goods 10c. per foot, and lower than by any other line. The A 1 fast and reliable steamship SARAGOSSA, M. B. CROWELL, Commander, will sail on SATURDAY, May 2, at 3 P. M., from Pier No. 14 East River, foot of Wall-st. Bills of lading signed for all points in the interior. Agents in Charleston forward all goods free of commission.
ARTHUR LEARY, No. 73 William-st.
MATANZAS will sail on the following Saturday.

FOR SAVANNAH, GA.—MURRAY'S LINE. Every TUESDAY, at 3 P. M., from Pier No. 16 East River, foot of Wall-st. The favorite steamships LEO, Capt. DEARBORN, TUESDAY, April 28. CLEOPATRA, Capt. PHILLIPS, TUESDAY, May 5. For freight or passage apply to
MURRAY, FERRIS & CO.,
Nos. 61 and 62 South-st.

UNITED STATES PASSPORT BUREAU.—U. States passports indispensable to travelers, issued by J. B. NONES, Passport Agent, 262 Broadway.

LEGAL NOTICES.

SUPREME COURT.—IN THE MATTER OF the application of the Commissioners of the Central Park, for and in behalf of the Mayor, Aldermen and Commonalty of the City of New-York, relative to the opening of Seventy-fifth-street, from Eighth-avenue to the Hudson River, in the City of New-York.—The Board of Commissioners of the Central Park, in the name and in behalf of the Mayor, Aldermen and Commonalty of the City of New-York—pursuant to the act of the Legislature of the people of the State of New-York, entitled "An act relative to the powers and duties of the Commissioners of the Central Park," passed April 4, 1866, and of the Act entitled "An Act to alter the map or plan of certain portions of the City, of New-York, and for the laying out and improvement of the same," passed April 24, 1867, hereby give notice that they intend to apply to the Supreme Court, in the First Judicial District of the State of New-York, at a Special Term of said Court, to be held at the City Hall, in the City of New-York, on Saturday, the sixteenth day of May, 1868, at the opening of the Court, on that day or as soon thereafter as counsel can be heard thereon, for the appointment of Commissioners of Estimate and Assessment, in the above entitled matter; that the nature and extent of the improvement hereby intended is the opening of Seventy-fifth-street, from Eighth-avenue to the Hudson River, as laid out by Commissioners of the Central Park, in the City of New-York.
RICHARD O'GORMAN,
Counsel to the Corporation.
Dated New-York, April 22, 1868.

NEW-YORK SUPREME COURT.—ANNA A. HOYT against AZOR HOYT.—Summons for Relief.—(Com. not served.—To the defendant: You are hereby summoned and required to answer the complaint in this action, which is filed in the office of the Clerk of the City and County of New-York, at the City Hall in the City of New-York, and to serve a copy of your answer to the said complaint on the subscriber, at his office, No. 182 Broadway, in the said City, within twenty days after the service of this summons on you, exclusive of the day of such service; and if you fail to answer the said complaint within the time aforesaid, the plaintiff in this action will apply to the Court for the relief demanded in the complaint.—Dated New-York, March 20, 1868.
G. U. REYNOLDS, Plaintiff's Attorney.
mn28-law6w8a*

MACHINERY.

LATHE WANTED.

A substantial, well-made, second-hand "turning lathe," with fixtures complete, suitable for the general purposes of an amateur. Address, with full description, size and lowest cash price, C. A. MEIGS, No. 50 Exchange-place, New-York.

HELP WANTED.

AGENTS WANTED FOR "MANSFIELD'S LIFE OF GRANT," IN ENGLISH AND GERMAN.

Great inducements to Agents to sell the "Popular and Authentic Life of U. S. Grant," with *steel Plates and Maps*, from the able pen of Hon. E. D. MANSFIELD (known as "Veteran Observer" and "E. D. M." of the N. Y. *Times*,) whose military education, close study of history, long experience as editor and author, and powerful and graphic style, render his book of *absorbing interest and perfect authenticity*. His reputation *alone* will sell the book wherever offered. Applicants for territory west of Indiana will apply to R. G. Lambert, Bloomington, Ill. *All others* to the *sole* publishers,
R. W. CARROLL & CO., Cincinnati, Ohio.

AGENTS WANTED FOR THE BEST and most reliable LIFE OF U. S. GRANT, General-in-Chief U. S. A. By the Hon. J. T. HEADLEY, the distinguished Historian of Washington and his Generals, Napoleon and his Marshals, Sacred Mountains, &c. In one large volume, handsomely illustrated.

The extraordinary popularity of Mr. Headley's previous works makes it certain that this life of General Grant will have a more extended sale than that of any other.

☞ Agents and the public will please notice that this work is by the Hon. J. T. HEADLEY. Notice the Initials and buy no other.

In connection with this work, our agents can take orders for six other standard works by the same author, all of which are fully described in the "Agent's Outfit" for this work, an inducement not offered by any other Publishing House. Experienced Agents, Teachers, Soldiers, and active men and women should secure at once an Agency for this immensely popular work before the field is taken with inferior works.
E. B. TREAT & CO., Publishers, No. 654 Broadway, N. Y.

WANTED—A YOUNG WOMAN FOR THE general housework, washing and ironing of a small family in Brooklyn; Scotch or German preferred. Also, a girl to act as nurse, and make herself generally useful; best of references required. Apply, between 9 A. M. and 5 P. M., at Mr. TAYLEURE'S, New-York-av., one door from northwest corner of Atlantic-av., Brooklyn.

MILLWRIGHT WANTED—A PRACTICAL carpenter and millwright; one who understands his business perfectly; situation permanent. Address L. M. CO., Box No. 3,139 New-York City.

WANTED—A CHRISTIAN MAN AND WIFE for situations in an institution for children; they must be intelligent and active. Address, with reference, A. B., Box 113 *Times* Office.

SITUATIONS WANTED.

FEMALES.

WANTED—SITUATIONS BY TWO RESPECTABLE girls; one as seamstress and operator on Wheeler & Wilson's machine; understands hair-dressing; the other as chambermaid and waitress or to do chamberwork and washing; has the best of City reference from her last place, where she has lived for twelve years. Apply at No. 342 4th-av., near 25th-st.

WANTED—BY A MOST RESPECTABLE young girl, a situation as chambermaid and seamstress, or seamstress and take care of grown children; has four years reference from her last place; has no objection to the country. Can be seen at No. 488 6th-av., between 29th and 30th sts., Room No. 2.

WANTED—BY A RESPECTABLE YOUNG girl, a situation as chambermaid and to assist with the fine washing, or has no objection to do general housework in a small private family. Can be seen for two days at No. 150 West 16th-st., one door from Waverley-place.

WANTED—BY A SCOTCH WOMAN A SITUATION to cook, wash and iron, or would do general housework in a small private family; wages not so much of an object as a good home; good references. Call, for two days, at No. 77 Washington-st., second floor, front room.

WANTED—BY A YOUNG GIRL A SITUATION as chambermaid and waitress, or do plain sewing and mind children; prefers a family who are going in the country for the Summer. Call at No. 520 East 14th-st., 2d floor.

WANTED—A SITUATION BY A RESPECTABLE girl, as good plain cook and to assist with the washing and ironing; is willing to do all the washing of a small family. Best City reference from her last place. Apply at No. 208 West 26th-st., between 7th and 8th avs.

WANTED—BY A RESPECTABLE GIRL A situation in a small private family as cook and to assist at the washing; can give the best of City reference. Call at No. 32 West 44th-st., second floor, front room.

WANTED—A SITUATION BY A COMPETENT young woman to do chamberwork and waiting, or nurse and do sewing; the best City reference. Can be seen at No. 36 West 13th-st., between 5th and 6th avs. Call in the store.

WANTED—A SITUATION BY A RESPECTABLE young girl as waitress or chambermaid and sewing; would assist in the washing; no objection to the country; best of reference. Apply at No. 333 6th-av., between 20th and 21st sts., first floor.

WANTED—A SITUATION AS COOK; FIRST-class cook; understands all the branches, English, French, German and all kinds of desserts; City reference. Call, for two days, at No. 119 West 25th-st., near 6th-av.

WANTED—BY AN AMERICAN WOMAN, A situation as good cook, washer and ironer; an excellent baker, or will do general housework in City or country; good reference. Call at No. 384 Bowery, second floor.

WANTED—A SITUATION BY A MOST EXCELLENT cook and baker; understands poultry, game and desserts; is a first-class baker; soups, boning, jellies, &c. Call at No. 204 East 37th-st., in the rear. Best City reference.

WANTED—A SITUATION BY A RESPECTABLE girl to do chamberwork and to assist in the fine washing, or to do plain sewing; has the best of City reference. Can be seen for two days at No. 156 East 35th-st., between 2d and 3d avs.

WANTED—A SITUATION BY A SMART, CAPABLE girl, to do cooking, or as general servant; is a good plain cook, first-rate washer and ironer, and highly recommended; City or country. Apply at No. 121 Atlantic-st., Brooklyn.

WANTED—BY A YOUNG COLORED GIRL A situation as lady's maid and seamstress; is a good hair dresser, understands all kinds of family sewing and is a thorough operator on Wheeler & Wilson's machine. Call or address for one week No. 214 West 29th-st.

WANTED—BY A PROTESTANT WOMAN, A situation as cook; has no objection to the country with a small family; best of City reference. Can be seen at No. 331 6th-av., near 21st-st.

WANTED—BY A NEAT, COMPETENT, CIVIL girl, a situation to cook, wash and iron, or to do housework in the City or country. Call or address HOUSEWORK, at No. 69 6th-av.

WANTED—A SITUATION BY AN AMERICAN woman as first-class cook; understands all kinds of cooking, such as games, poultry, &c. Call at No. 201 West 16th-st. and 7th-av.

WANTED—A SITUATION BY A RESPECTABLE young girl as chambermaid and assist with the washing and ironing; has good City reference. Call for two days at No. 63 West 33d-st., corner of Broadway.

WANTED—BY A PROTESTANT WOMAN, A situation as laundress; understands French fluting; has excellent City references; no objection to the country. Can be seen at 299½ 6th-av.

WANTED—A SITUATION BY A RESPECTABLE Protestant girl as waitress in a private family; no objection to the country; best references given. Call at No. 238 East 41st-st., third floor, between 2d and 3d avs.

WANTED—A SITUATION BY A RESPECTABLE woman as first-class cook; understands the business; soups, meats, game and pastry; is a good baker; City reference. Call at No. 144 East 15th-st., near 3d-av.

WANTED—A SITUATION BY A RESPECTABLE young woman, in a private family, to cook and assist with washing; has excellent City reference from her last place. Call at No. 344 East 12th-st., top floor.

WANTED—A SITUATION BY A YOUNG GIRL as cook; no objection to assist in washing and ironing; can give four years' City reference from her last place. Call at No. 136 Madison-st.

WANTED—BY A MOST RESPECTABLE young girl, a situation as first-class laundress in a private family; has four years' City reference from her last place. Can be seen at No. 45 3d-av.

WANTED—A SITUATION AS LAUNDRESS; she can refer to her last employer, where she has lived for five years. Call at No. 73 West 28th-st.

WANTED—A SITUATION BY A GOOD GERMAN girl to do general housework. No. 8 Eldridge-st., between Canal and Division sts., basement.

FOR CITY OR COUNTRY—A PROTESTANT German waitress; also, a German and his wife, a meat and pastry cook, and a superior laundress, a Protestant waitress and a nurse; cooks to wash and girls for all kinds of housework, at Mrs. WHITFIELD'S, No. 404 6th-av., between 24th and 25th sts.

MRS. LOWE'S INSTITUTE FOR GERMAN servants, No. 17 Stanton-st., near Bowery.

MALES.

WANTED—BY A YOUNG MAN WHO IS A first-class machinist, a situation to do repairs or act as foreman; parties engaged in any light manufacturing business, and requiring the services of a strictly temperate man who will work for the interests of his employers, will please address A. D., Box No. 149 *Times* Office.

WANTED—BY A RESPECTABLE WELL-recommended married man, a situation as coachman in a private family; competent City driver, temperate, useful and willing; best City reference for character and capability. Address J. O., Box No. 220 *Times* Office.

WANTED—A SITUATION AS GARDENER BY a man who thoroughly understands his business in all branches of gardening and laying out of new places; young man; best reference from my employers. Can be seen by addressing a note to T. M., Box No. 206 *Times* Office.

WANTED—BY A YOUNG MAN, A PROTESTANT, of steady and attentive habits, a situation as light porter, or would engage with a family going to the country as waiter, and to make himself otherwise generally useful; can give best reference as to honesty and faithfulness. Address E. J., Box No. 201 *Times* Office.

WANTED—A SITUATION AS GROOM BY a single, sober, Protestant young man; country preferred; can come well recommended, &c. Address J. MOREHEAD, Staatsburg, on the Hudson Railroad, N. Y.

WANTED—A SITUATION AS COACHMAN and groom by a competent City driver, single, who has many years experience in driving in this City; can give the best of City references. Call or address M., No. 66 University-place.

WANTED—BY A YOUNG MAN, A SITUATION as coachman or groom; is willing to make himself generally useful; can milk cows if required; has the best of reference from his last place. Address J. M., Box No. 204 *Times* Office.

WANTED—A SITUATION AS COACHMAN and gardener, by a married man; no incumbrance; will make himself generally useful; has the best of recommendations from his last employer. Address R. D., Box No. 210 *Times* Office.

WANTED—A SITUATION BY A RESPECTABLE young man as coachman and groom, who thoroughly understands his business; can produce the best reference; will be found willing and obliging. Address J. M. L., Box No. 201 *Times* Office.

WANTED—A SITUATION BY AN ENGLISHMAN well experienced as first-class groom and coachman; can ride and drive well; married; no encumbrance; city or country; first-class city references. Call or address M. T., No. 17 E. 30th-st.

WANTED—A SITUATION AS COACHMAN BY a respectable young man of steady habits, who thoroughly understands his business; willing and obliging; good reference from his last employer. Address E. K., Box No. 207 *Times* Office.

WANTED—A SITUATION AS GARDENER BY a single man; understands his business thoroughly; laying out grounds, planting trees, greenhouse, flowers and vegetables; good reference. Address J. J. H., Box No. 201 *Times* Office.

WANTED—A SITUATION AS GARDENER and care of horses; understands all work around a gentleman's place; has many years' experience in this country; is middle aged; best of reference. Address M. D., Box No. 205 *Times* Office.

WANTED—A GENTLEMAN DESIRES TO OBTAIN a situation as coachman for a young man that has been in his employ for the past three years; he is honest, sober and obliging. Apply at No. 649 Broadway.

WANTED—A SITUATION BY A YOUNG MAN as coachman and groom; has first-class reference; has no objection to the country. Address J. T., Box No. 193 *Times* Office.

ANY GENTLEMAN WANTING A FIRST-rate young man as coachman, is willing at any kind of work; can milk, and is willing to make himself generally useful. Best City and country references. Address COACHMAN, Box No. 217 *Times* Office.

FURNITURE.

DEGRAAF & TAYLOR,
NOS. 87 AND 89 BOWERY,
Have the largest assorted stock of
FURNITURE, MATTRESSES AND SPRING BEDS,
of any house in the City, and owing to the general decline in material and repeal of tax, we will, until FURTHER NOTICE, TO REDUCE THE PRICE 30 PER CENT.

FURNITURE, FURNITURE—AT LARGELY reduced prices. BRAUNSDORF & METZ, manufacturers, Nos. 125 and 127 Rivington-st., between Norfolk and Essex sts., offer their large and well assorted stock of first-class furniture, consisting of sitting-room, parlor, library, bedroom and dining-room suites of the latest styles, to the public at wholesale prices. N. B.—All goods warranted.

SINGER'S REVERSIBLE SPRING BED is unequaled for comfort, cheapness and durability. Sold everywhere. Warerooms, No. 215 Centre-st.

IRON WORKS.

ARCHITECTURAL IRON WORKS,

14th-st., between Avenues B and C, New-York.
D. D. BADGER, President. N. CHENY, Vice-Pres't.
Fire-proof buildings of every description, and every kind of iron work for building purposes, also for bridges.

PUBLIC NOTICES.

SUPREME COURT.—IN THE MATTER OF the application of the Mayor, Aldermen, and Commonalty of the City of New-York, relative to the opening of Seventy-second-street, from the Fourth-avenue to the East River, in the City of New-York.—We, the undersigned Commissioners of estimate and assessment in the above entitled matter, hereby give notice to the owner or owners, occupant, or occupants, of all houses and lots and improved or unimproved lands affected thereby, and to all others whom it may concern, to wit: *First*—That we have completed our estimate and assessment, and that all persons interested in these proceedings, or in any of the lands affected thereby, and who may be opposed to the same, do present their objections in writing, duly verified, to JAMES H. COLEMAN, Esq. our Chairman, at the office of the Commissioners, number 82 Nassau-street, (Room No. 42,) in the said City, on or before the eighteenth day of May, 1868, and that we, the said Commissioners, will hear parties so objecting within the ten week days, next after the said eighteenth day of May, 1868, and for that purpose will be in attendance at our said office on each of said ten days at 1 o'clock P. M. *Second*—That the abstract of the said estimate and assessment, together with our maps, and also all the affidavits, estimates and other documents which were used by us in making our report, have been deposited in the Street Commissioner's office of the City of New-York, there to remain until the 30th day of May, 1868. *Third*—That the limits embraced by the assessment aforesaid, are as follows, to wit: All those pieces or parcels of land situate, lying and being on Seventy-second-street, in the City of New-York, between the Fifth-avenue and the East River, and extending on either side of said Seventy-second-street, half the distance to the next street thereto; and, *Fourth*—That our report herein will be presented to the Supreme Court of the State of New-York, at a general term thereof, to be held at the City Hall, in the City of New-York, on the 2d day of June, 1868, at the opening of the court on that day, and that then and there, or as soon thereafter as counsel can be heard thereon, a motion will be made that the said report be confirmed.
JAMES H. COLEMAN, }
WILLIAM V. BRADY, } Commissioners.
JAMES B. NICHOLSON, }
Dated NEW-YORK, April 14, 1868.

CORPORATION NOTICE.—PUBLIC NOTICE is hereby given to the owner or owners, occupant or occupants of all houses and lots, improved or unimproved lands affected thereby, that the following assessments have been completed and are lodged in the office of the Board of Assessors for examination by all persons interested viz:
First—For building sewer in Forty-fifth-street, between Fifth and Lexington avenues, with branches in Fifth, Madison and Fourth-avs.
Second—For paving with stone blocks West-street, from Chambers to Watts streets.
The limits embraced by such assessment include all the several houses and lots of ground, vacant lots, pieces and parcels of land, situated on
First—Both sides of Forty-fifth-street, from a point seventy-five feet east of Lexington-avenue to Fifth-avenue; also, the east side of Fifth-avenue, from Forty-fourth to Forty-sixth-street; also, both sides of Madison, Fourth and Lexington avenues, from Forty-fourth to Forty-sixth-street; also, the north side of Forty-fourth-street and the south side of Forty-sixth-street, from Madison to Fifth-avenue.
Second—Both sides of West-street, from Chambers to Watts-street, and to the extent of half the block on the intersecting streets; also, both sides of Caroline-street, from Jay to Duane-street.
All persons whose interests are affected by the above-named assessments, and who are opposed to the same, or either of them, are requested to present their objections in writing to JACOB F. OAKLEY, Chairman of the Board of Assessors, at their office, number thirty-two Chambers-street, basement New Court-house, within thirty days from the date of this notice.
JACOB F. OAKLEY,
JOHN D. OTTIWELL,
ISAAC O. HUNT,
Board of Assessors.
OFFICE BOARD OF ASSESSORS, }
NEW COURT-HOUSE, April 21, 1868. }

HEIRS-AT-LAW OF MARGARET HARRISON, formerly Green, and theretofore Brereton.—Pursuant to an order of the High Court of Chancery made in the matter of the estate of JOHN HARRISON, deceased, and of an act passed in the seventh year of the reign of His late Majesty King George IV., entitled "An act for widening and improving certain streets in the town of Liverpool, and for other purposes," and of an act passed in the fifth year of the reign of Her Majesty, entitled "An act to make further provisions for the administration of justice," all persons claiming to be the heirs-at-law of Margaret Harrison, late of Liverpool, in the County of Lancaster, widow of the said John Harrison, formerly of the same place, gentleman, deceased, are, by their solicitors, on or before the 4th day of May, 1868, to come in and prove their claims at the Chambers of the Vice-Chancellor, Sir Richard Malins, at No. 3 Stone Buildings, Lincoln's Inn, in the County of Middlesex, or in default thereof they will be peremptorily excluded from the benefit of the said order. THURSDAY, the 21st day of May, 1868, at 12 of the clock at noon, at the said Chambers, is appointed for hearing and adjudicating upon the claims. The said Margaret Harrison, who died in or about the month of September, 1811, was before her marriage with the said John Harrison, supposed to have been the widow of one —— Green, and it is alleged that by him she had a son, named Robert Green, who died in America in her lifetime, leaving two sons, named respectively David Russel Green and John Harrison Green. It is believed that the maiden name of the said Margaret Harrison was Margaret Brereton, and that she had an only brother named Randle Brereton, who died, leaving a son, also named Randle Brereton, his heir-at-law, and that the said Randle Brereton, the younger, died at Glasgow, in or about the year 1819. The property in question is of the estimated value of £3,000 or thereabouts.
Dated this 4th day of March, 1868.
FREDC. ERS. EDWARDS, Chief Clerk.
SINGLETON & TATTERSHALL, No. 9 Great James-st., Bedford-row, Agents for William Unwin of Sheffield, Solicitor for Petitioners.

INSTRUCTION.

MOUNT WASHINGTON INSTITUTE,

No. 126 West 4th-st., corner of Macdougal, on Washington-square, GEORGE W. CLARKE, A. M., Principal, fits pupils of all ages for business or col e. Progress rapid and terms reasonable.

IRVINGTON INSTITUTE.

Irvington, on the Hudson, 25 miles from New-York, a French, English and Classical Family Boarding School for Boys. The course of studies embraces all the ordinary English branches and the modern languages, which are taught practically. The French is the language of the school. For circular address
A. BOURSAUD, Principal.

WILLIAM MASON AND THEODORE THOMAS' CONSERVATORY OF MUSIC.

Classes by J. P. MORGAN, for Organ and Harmony.
No. 129 Fifth-av., (near 20th-st.)

ST. MARY'S CONVENT, DIRECTED BY the Sisters of the Holy Names of Jesus and Mary, Hochelaga, Montreal.—This institution is pleasantly situated in the vicinity of Montreal, and commands a beautiful view of the city, as well as of the St. Lawrence and surrounding country. A new and commodious building has been erected in an improved style.
Pupils of every religious denomination are admitted, and no interference is made with their religious convictions.
French is the language of the institution.
Parlor boarders received.
For circulars apply to WM. A. POND & CO., No. 547 Broadway.

DR. RICHARDS' SCHOOL ON THE Prussian plan, at Shrub Oak, Westchester County, N. Y., five miles east of Peekskill; only 12 boys received; boating, bathing and fishing on the premises; practical gardening and gymnastics. For circular apply to R. G. RICHARDS, 953 Broadway, or address the Principal.

AD INTERIM.—A FEW YOUNG MEN WILL be appointed ad interim to fill vacancies at Goldsmith's College this week; ladies and gentlemen may acquire a good handwriting in ten lessons and receive the personal tuition of OLIVER B. GOLDSMITH, No. 42 East 14th-st., Union-square.

BUSINESS WRITING, BOOK-KEEPING, &c.—Messrs. DOLBEAR, No. 609 Broadway, teach book-keeping practically; they also remove stiffness, cramping or trembling, and give an elegant business style of writing; open day and evening all Summer.

FAMILY AND CLASSICAL SCHOOL FOR YOUNG BOYS—Environs of Hartford, Conn. Rev. CHARLES E. ABBOTT, Principal. The number of pupils is limited to twelve. The Summer term will begin on the 1st of May.

MOUNTAIN INSTITUTE, HAVERSTRAW, N. Y., LAVALETTE WILSON, A. M., Principal.—A boarding-school for fifteen boys; location beautiful; terms moderate.

SEWARD INSTITUTE—FOR BOYS, FLORIDA, Orange County, N. Y.: number limited to 25, Institution endowed. Terms, $150 for twenty weeks.
T. G. SCHRIVER, A. M.

ROSE HILL SEMINARY FOR YOUNG ladies, Danbury, Conn. Mrs. C. M. WHITE, Principal, can be seen at No. 48 West 15th-st., Saturday, Monday and Tuesday, from 3 to 6 P. M.

FAMILY SCHOOL FOR BOYS, AT BEDFORD, Westchester County, N. Y. A. WILLIAMSON, A. M., Principal. Next session will open May 4. For circulars address the Principal.

MR. GEO. C. ANTHON'S CLASSICAL French and English School, No. 212 5th-av., corner 26th-st.

HUDSON RIVER INSTITUTE.—TERM opens April 6. Rev. ALONZO FLACK, A. M., Principal, Claverack, Columbia County, New-York.

GOLDEN HILL SEMINARY FOR YOUNG ladies, Bridgeport, Conn. For circulars address the Principal, Miss EMILY NELSON.

EAGLESWOOD MILITARY ACADEMY, Perth Amboy, N. J. E. CLEVELAND, A. M., Principal.

FRENCH CONVERSATION AND LITERATURE by Prof. J. L. PARRAIN, No. 27 Bond-st.; at home Tuesdays, Thursdays and Saturdays.

WANTED—LESSONS IN COLORING STEREOSCOPIC views. Address, stating terms, M., Box No. 140 *Times* Office.

MILITARY BOARDING-SCHOOL, WHITE Plains, N. Y. O. R. WILLIS, A. M., Principal.

BOARDING-SCHOOL FOR BOYS, DANBURY, Conn. F. J. JACKSON, A. M., Principal.

TEACHERS.

WANTED—A SITUATION AS PRINCIPAL OR Vice-Principal of a higher grammar school, or as mathematical and military instructor in a first-class institution, by a gentleman educated at West Point, and who has for years past successfully filled both positions; references of the highest order furnished. No objection to South or West. Address U. S. A., Box No. 182 *Times* Office.

TO PRINCIPALS OF FEMALE COLLEGES.—A gentleman wishes (for the next scholastic year) the position of Professor of Modern Languages in a prosperous female institution. Having had many years of experience in teaching languages, is fully qualified for such a situation; will invest $1,500; unquestionable references given and required. Address PROFESSOR, Box No. 130 *Times* Office.

FRENCH LESSONS.—AN EXPERIENCED young Professor of distinguished education, lately arrived from Paris, and speaking English fluently, desires a few private lessons; residence vicinity 23d-st. and 5th-av.; would also wish to make arrangements with an institution; best City references. Address X., Box No. 129 *Times* Office.

A YOUNG LADY WITH A GOOD ENGLISH education, and well qualified in French and music, desires a situation as teacher, either in a school or family; salary reasonable with a home. Call on or address TEACHER, at Powers' Hotel, Park-row, New-York, for two days.

A GENTLEMAN, GRADUATE OF A German University, desires a few additional pupils in German, at a moderate charge. Address Dr. O, Box No. 120 *Times* Office.

COPARTNERSHIP NOTICES.

MR. AUGUSTUS JENKINS, OF NEW-York, and Mr. HENRY JONES BLAKE, of Boston, are partners in our NEW-YORK AND BOSTON FIRMS from April 1, 1868.
BLAKE BROS. & CO., Bankers.

AMUSEMENTS.

ACADEMY OF MUSIC—JANAUSCHEK.

GERMAN DRAMA.
Directress.................................Mlle. Janauschek
LAST TWO NIGHTS
OF MLLE. FANNY JANAUSCHEK.
MONDAY, APRIL 27, AT 8,
POSITIVELY LAST NIGHT BUT ONE,
DEBORAH,
(Leah the forsaken.)
WEDNESDAY, GRAND FAREWELL NIGHT, will be produced Schiller's translation of Racine's PHAEDRA. PHAEDRA.
Tickets and seats can now be secured at the Academy of Music; at Schirmer's music store, No. 701 Broadway, and at No. 114 Broadway.

ACADEMY OF MUSIC—JANAUSCHEK.

TO-DAY—GRAND JANAUSCHEK MATINEE.
THIS (Saturday) AFTERNOON, April 25,
ONLY GRAND JANAUSCHEK MATINEE.
MARY STUART. MARY STUART.
Mlle. Janauschek in her celebrated character of
MARY STUART.
TICKETS TO THE MATINEE ONE DOLLAR ONLY.
No reserved seats. Doors open at 12; commence at 1.
TICKETS CAN BE HAD AT THE REGULAR TICKET OFFICES.

THEATRE FRANCAIS.

DIRECTOR, J. GRAU.
ADELAIDE RISTORI'S FAREWELL IN AMERICA.
SEASON IN NEW-YORK LIMITED TO FIVE NIGHTS AND TWO MATINEES.
SATURDAY EVENING, MAY 2, FOR THE FIRST TIME, SOR TERESA, (SISTER TERESA,) OR ISABELLA SUAREZ,
produced with immense enthusiasm during the late incomparable and triumphant season in Havana.
Ticket offices now open. Down town, Peters' music-store, No. 200 Broadway. Up town, Schirmer's music-store, 701 Broadway, and at Theatre Francais.
FIRST RISTORI MATINEE, WEDNESDAY, MAY 6.

STEINWAY HALL.

FOURTH AND LAST SERIES!
MORNING AND EVENING READINGS
by
MRS. FRANCES ANNE KEMBLE.
ON MONDAY EVENING, APRIL 27,
RICHARD III.
ON WEDNESDAY MORNING, APRIL 29,
AS YOU LIKE IT.
ON FRIDAY EVENING, MAY 1,
Schiller's tragedy of
MARY STUART.
ON SATURDAY MORNING, MAY 2.
The Reading will be miscellaneous, consisting of the following selections:
PART OF MILTON'S "COMUS."
"RUTH," BY W. WORDSWORTH.
PORTION OF SCOTT'S "MARMION."
"THE BUILDING OF THE SHIP"...LONGFELLOW.
"THE BOAT OF GRASS"...ANONYMOUS.
"BARBARA FRETCHIE"...WHITTIER.
The Evening Readings will commence at precisely 8 o'clock.
In consequence of general request, the MORNING READINGS will commence at 2 o'clock P. M.
PRICE OF TICKETS, $1 50.
As each ticket will entitle the purchaser to a reserved seat, no more tickets will be sold than the actual number of seats in the hall.
The sale of single tickets, as well as those for the series, will commence on FRIDAY MORNING, April 24, at 9 o'clock.

STEINWAY HALL.

COMPLIMENTARY CONCERT
for the Benefit of
MISS MARIA SOMERVILLE,
SATURDAY EVENING, April 25, 1868.
The following celebrated Artists will appear:
Miss MARIA SOMERVILLE, Soprano,
Miss MATILDA E. TOEDT, Violinist,
Miss C. V. HUTCHINGS, Contralto,
Mr. W. J. HILL, Tenor,
Mr. E. GILBERT, Baritone,
Mr. ALFRED H. PEASE, Pianist.
Mr. E. AUPOIX, Accompanist,
Mr. HENRY EYRE BROWNE,
Organist and Conductor.
TICKETS, $1 EACH.
For sale at the music stores and at Steinway Hall.

STEINWAY HALL.

MORNING AND EVENING READINGS
FROM SHAKESPEARE
BY
MRS. FRANCES ANNE KEMBLE.
ON SATURDAY MORNING, April 25,
ROMEO AND JULIET.
In consequence of general request, the MORNING READINGS will commence at 2 o'clock P. M.
Admission to each Reading, $1.
Reserved Seats, $1 50.

STEINWAY HALL.

WEDNESDAY, APRIL 29,
MISS ALIDE TOPP'S
GRAND VOCAL AND INSTRUMENTAL CONCERT,
Assisted by a brilliant array of artistic talent.
Full particulars will be announced in programmes and advertisements.

THE NATIONAL CONSERVATORY OF MUSIC is now open for the Spring term, at their new rooms, No. 141 8th-st., between Broadway and 4th-av.
Two classes are now forming for beginners in vocal music, for which the terms have been reduced to $5 per quarter.
Applications received.

RAILROADS.

LONG ISLAND RAILROAD.

SPRING ARRANGEMENTS—CHANGE OF TIME.
Leave James-slip:
9 A. M., for Greenport and all way-stations except Willow Tree, connecting at Mineola with trains for Glen Cove and Hempstead.
11 A. M., Northport passenger trains and all way-stations except Willow Tree.
3 P. M. Express train for Riverhead, and for Greenport SATURDAYS only.
4 P. M., Northport passenger train and all way-stations, connecting at Mineola with trains for Hempstead and Glen Cove.
5:30 P. M., North Islip passenger train and all way-stations.
Sunday excursion train leaves Hunter's Point for Northport at 9:30 A. M., arrives at Hunter's Point at 5:05 P. M. To take effect April 25, 1868.
I. D. BARTON, Superintendent.

PEIPHER'S DAILY LINE OF TRANSPORTATION.

On and after Nov. 1, 1867, the Peiphers' Daily Line will receive and transport goods and merchandise to Harrisburg and stations beyond, from the depot of the Morris and Essex Railroad Company, Pier No. 26 North River. All goods received up to 4 o'clock P. M. will be forwarded the same day. Freight taken at lowest rates and forwarded with dispatch.
Mark goods "Via Peipher daily line to Harrisburg, Penn."
J. B. MONTGOMERY,
Proprietor Peipher Line.

ERIE RAILWAY.—TRAINS LEAVE DEPOT foot of Chambers-st., Pavonia Ferry:
8 A. M.—Day Express for Rochester, Buffalo, Salamanca, Dunkirk and all points West and South.
8:30 A. M.—Way Train daily for Otisville and intermediate stations.
10 A. M.—Express Mail, for Buffalo, Salamanca, Dunkirk, and all points West and South.
3:30 P. M.—Way Train for Middletown and intermediate stations.
4:30 P. M.—Way Express, stopping only at Sterling Junction, Turner's, and stations west of Turner's, to Port Jervis, Newburgh and Warwick.
5 P. M.—Way Train for Suffern and intermediate stations.
5:30 P. M.—Night Express for Rochester, Buffalo, Salamanca, Dunkirk and all points South and West.
6 P. M.—Way Train for Suffern and intermediate stations.
6:30 P. M.—Night Express, daily, for Rochester, Buffalo, Salamanca, Dunkirk and all points West and South. By this train sleeping-coaches will run through to Cincinnati without change.
8 P. M.—Emigrant Train, daily, for the West.
Also, Way Trains for Boiling Spring, Passaic and Paterson at 6:45 and 9:15 A. M., 12 M. and 1:45, 4, 6:45 and 11 P. M. On Wednesday nights a Theatre Train at 12 o'clock for Suffern and intermediate stations.

SUNDAY TRAINS.—8:30 A. M. Way Train for Otisville; 12 M. and 3:30 P. M. for Paterson; 6:30 P. M. Night Express for Dunkirk, Buffalo, Rochester, Salamanca and all points West and South; 8 P. M. Emigrant and Way Train; 11 P. M. for Paterson and Port Jervis.
Express Trains run through to Salamanca, Dunkirk and Buffalo without change of coaches, and in direct connection with all Southern and Western lines.
Perfectly ventilated and luxurious sleeping coaches accompany all Night Trains.
Tickets can be obtained at the Company's offices, No. 241 Broadway; depot foot of Chambers-st., New-York, also at Long Dock Depot, Jersey City.

An illustrated Guide to the principal suburban places on the line of the Eastern Division of this Railway has been prepared, and can be obtained at the office of the Company, free of charge, by those wishing to personally examine the region referred to, with the view of settlement.
WM. R. BARR, Gen'l Pass. Agent.
H. RIDDLE, Gen'l Sup't.

HUDSON RIVER AND HARLEM RAILROADS.—On and after MONDAY, Nov. 25, 1867, trains for Albany and Troy, connecting with Northern and Western trains, will leave New-York as follows:
8 A. M. Express train, via Hudson River Railroad, 30th-st. and 10th-av., through to Buffalo and Suspension Bridge without change of cars, and connecting at Troy with trains for Saratoga, Rutland, Burlington and the North.
10 A. M. Express train via Hudson River Railroad, connecting at Albany with trains for the West, and at Troy with trains for the North.
11 A. M. Express train via Harlem Railroad, 26th-st. and 4th-av., connecting at Chatham with Western Railroad for Lebanon Springs, Pittsfield, &c., at Albany with Western trains, and at Troy with trains for Saratoga, Rutland, Burlington and the North.
3:45 P. M. Express train via Hudson River Railroad, connecting at Albany with Western trains, and at Troy with trains for Montreal, with sleeping-car attached.
4:35 P. M. Express train via Harlem Railroad, connecting at Chatham with Western Railroad for Lebanon Springs, Pittsfield, &c.; and at Albany with Western trains. Sleeping-cars attached at Albany.
6:30 P. M. Express train via Hudson River Railroad, with sleeping-cars attached, and through to Buffalo and Suspension Bridge without change of cars. Also sleeping-car every day excepting Saturdays attached from New-York through to Ogdensburgh without change, via Rome, W. and O. Railroad. Connection for Troy will be made at East Albany. This train will run on Sundays.
11 P. M. Train via Hudson River Railroad, with sleeping-cars attached, connecting at Albany with early trains for Buffalo and Suspension Bridge, and at Troy with trains for Saratoga and points North.
A Sunday train will be run via Hudson River Railroad from New-York to Poughkeepsie and intermediate stations, leaving New-York at 9 A. M. Returning, leave Poughkeepsie at 3 P. M., arriving in New-York at 6:40.
Also, a Sunday train via Harlem Railroad, leaving 42d-st. at 9 A. M., and arriving at Millerton at 3:40 P. M. Returning, leave Millerton at 4:30 P. M., arriving in New-York at 12 M.
WM. H. VANDERBILT, Vice-President.

NORTHERN RAILROAD OF NEW-JERSEY—Trains leave Jersey City for Piermont at 5:30 and 9:25 A. M., 1:22, 4:22, 5:23 and 6:20 P. M. The 5:30, 1:22 and 4:22 run to Monsey.
THOS. W. DEMAREST, Supt.

BUSINESS CHANCES.

$5.000 CASH.—AN ACTIVE PARTNER WANTED.—The proprietor of a first-class restaurant, eligibly situated on Broadway, having more business than he can give his personal attention, will sell (to a responsible and respectable party, acquainted with the details of the business,) one-quarter interest in the establishment for the above-named sum. Address RESTAURANT, Post-office, Box No. 5,923.

FOR SALE—A CHANCE SELDOM OFFERED to get an established business of over forty years standing, consisting of stock, fixtures, good-will, &c., of the jewelry business of WM. W. WHITE & SON, No. 184 Bowery. Can be shown that the business will pay the price asked in four years. Ill health the sole cause of selling.

FOR SALE—A TEA STORE, NEAR THE CITY, fine neighborhood; stock, good will, &c., about $4,000; long lease, low rent. Apply to CASSIDY & CO., No. 135 Front-st., New-York.

AMUSEMENTS.

WALLACK'S.

Proprietor and Manager.....Mr. LESTER WALLACK.
Doors open at 7½. To commence at 8 o'clock.
SATURDAY EVENING, April 25, 1868,
Tom Taylor's Drama of
HENRY DUNBAR,
With the following great cast:
Mr. J. W. WALLACK, Mr. CHARLES FISHER, Mr. A. W. YOUNG, Mr. GEORGE HOLLAND, Mr. B. T. RINGGOLD, Mr. G. BROWN, Mr. J. C. WILLIAMSON, Mr. C. H. ROCKWELL, Mr. T. WARD, Mr. POPE, Mr. E. CASHIN, Miss ROSE EYTINGE, Miss ANNIE WARD and Miss MARY BARRETT.
MONDAY, April 27—THE RENT DAY and ICI ON PARLE FRANCAIS.
TUESDAY, April 28, 1868—HENRY DUNBAR.
In reply to a very great number of inquiries and applications, Mr. Wallack begs to announce that a third
ROSEDALE MATINEE
Will be given on SATURDAY, April 25, for which seats may now be secured.
Doors open at 12½.....Performance commences at 1.
In rehearsal, and will speedily be produced, Lovell's celebrated Play of
LOVE'S SACRIFICE.
Also, Tom Taylor's beautiful Comedy entitled
MASKS AND FACES.
In active rehearsal and will shortly be produced an ORIGINAL ROMANTIC DRAMA, replete with great interest, novel and picturesque effects.

FRENCH THEATRE.

H. L. BATEMAN...........Lessee and Director,
LAST WEEK BUT ONE OF THE SEASON.
TO-DAY AT 1 O'CLOCK.
GRAND GALA MATINEE.
GRAND GALA MATINEE.
BATEMAN'S PARISIAN OPERA BOUFFE.
BATEMAN'S PARISIAN OPERA BOUFFE.
First time at a Matinee of
LA BELLE HELENE, LA BELLE HELENE.
LA BELLE HELENE.
Opera Bouffe, in Three Acts, by J. Offenbach.
Seats can be secured in advance at the Box-office, Nos. 200 and 701 Broadway.

IRVING HALL.

FOURTH AND LAST PERFORMANCE OF THE SEASON
OF THE NEW-YORK MENDELSSOHN UNION,
MONDAY EVENING, April 27, at 8 o'clock. Beethoven's grand oratorio, first time in twenty years, ENGEDI; OR, THE MOUNT OF OLIVES, and Mendelssohn's 42d Psalm, "AS THE HART PANTS," on which occasion the following artists will appear:
MME. PAREPA ROSA.
MR. GEO. SIMPSON, MR. GEO. F. BRISTOW,
MR. J. P. MORGAN, and
THEO. THOMAS' FULL ORCHESTRA.
Tickets, with reserved seats, $1; can be had at Pond's music stores, Nos. 547 and 865 Broadway; Sheldon's book stores, No. 500 Broadway and Irving Hall.

GRAND MUSICAL FESTIVAL IN BOSTON.

The first regular Triennial Festival of the
HANDEL AND HAYDN SOCIETY
will be held at the BOSTON MUSIC HALL, during the first week in May, with a
CHORUS OF 650 VOICES
And an
ORCHESTRA OF 100 MUSICIANS.
ARTISTS OF EMINENCE, both vocal and instrumental, have been engaged, and negotiations are pending for others of celebrity. The ORATORIOS and SYMPHONIES selected for this occasion will thus be rendered in a more complete and perfect manner than ever before in this country.
The Festival will open on the morning of TUESDAY, May 5, and be continued through the week, closing on Sunday evening, the 10th. The performances will consist of FIVE ORATORIOS and FOUR SYMPHONY CONCERTS, nine in all.
B. J. LANG will preside at the GREAT ORGAN.
The whole will be under the direction of CARL ZERRAHN, Conductor.
LORING B. BARNES, Secretary.

THE NEW-YORK CONSERVATORY OF MUSIC.

NEW-YORK:
No. 82 5th-av., corner 14th-st.,
And No. 820 Broadway.
BROOKLYN:
Nos. 128, 130 and 132 Court-st., corner State-st.
Subscriptions now received for the Spring term.

MUSICAL.

THE MASON & HAMLIN ORGAN CO., manufacturers of the MASON & HAMLIN CABINET ORGANS, fifty styles; $110 to $1,000 each; also, METROPOLITAN ORGANS; also, MASON & HAMLIN PORTABLE ORGANS, $75 to $225 each, offer the best assortment of organs in the country. Organs to rent or for sale, payable by quarter yearly installments. Warerooms No. 596 Broadway, New-York.

HAZELTON BROS.

OVERSTRUNG GRAND AND SQUARE PIANO-FORTES,
With Full Iron Frame and Agraffe Treble.
Factory and Warerooms, Nos. 147 and 149 Greene-st., corner of Houston-st.

WATERS' PREMIUM PIANOS—WITH iron frame, overstrung bass and agraffe bridge. Melodeons, Parlor, Church and Cabinet Organs, the best manufactured: warranted for six years. 100 pianos, melodeons, and organs of six first-class makers, at low prices for cash, or one-fifth cash and the balance in monthly installments, for rent, and rent money applied if purchased. Second-hand instruments at great bargains. Illustrated catalogue mailed. Warerooms No. 481 Broadway, New-York. HORACE WATERS & CO.

TAYLOR & DUPUY'S PIANO-FORTE manufactory and wareroom, No. 238 Sullivan-st. Those wishing a first-class instrument will do well to examine our new scale 7 and 7¼ octave pianos before purchasing elsewhere.

PIANOS.—TWENTY-FIVE SECOND-HAND piano-fortes, of various makers, for sale at low prices by CHICKERING & SONS, No. 652 Broadway. Pianos to rent.

A FINE STOCK OF NEW AND SECOND-hand Grand, Square and Upright Pianos to let and sold on installments. L. P. CUMMINGS, 8 Union-sq.

STEAMBOATS.

BRISTOL LINE.

FOR BOSTON VIA BRISTOL.
For PROVIDENCE, TAUNTON, NEW-BEDFORD, CAPE COD and all points of railway communication East and North.
The new and splendid steamers BRISTOL and PROVIDENCE leave Pier No. 40 North River, foot of Canal-st., at 5 P. M. daily, Sundays excepted.
Connecting with steamboat express at Bristol at 4:30 A. M., arriving at Boston at 6 A. M., in time to connect with all the Eastern and Northern morning trains from that city.
Tickets and staterooms obtained at office on the pier, (40;) and Westcott's Express office, No. 1 Park-place; also, tickets sold and baggage checked through at the offices of Westcott's Express Company in New-York and Brooklyn.
Freights taken at the lowest rates. Freight express train leaves Bristol at 6 A. M., arriving in Boston at 8:30 A. M.
H. O. BRIGGS, General Manager.
G. W. TIERS, Agent.

STONINGTON LINE.

GREAT INSIDE ROUTE
FOR
BOSTON
VIA STONINGTON AND PROVIDENCE.
The new and elegant sea-going steamers
STONINGTON, Capt. WILL M. JONES, } MONDAY, WEDNESDAY and FRIDAY.
NARRAGANSETT, Capt. GEO. B. HULL, } TUESDAY, THURSDAY and SATURDAY;
leaving Pier No. 33 North River, foot of Jay-st., at 5 o'clock P. M., connecting with the Stonington and Providence, and the Boston and Providence Railroads.
NO CHANGE OF CARS.
These splendid steamers are unsurpassed for safety and comfort, and passengers will be landed in Boston in ample time for all the early trains.
For passage, or for freight at the lowest rates, apply at Pier No. 33 North River.
SAMUEL DEVEAU, Agent.
D. S. BABCOCK, President, Stonington Steamboat Company.

PEOPLE'S LINE FOR ALBANY.

The steamers ST. JOHN and DREW leave Pier No. 41, near foot of Canal-st., North River, daily, (Sunday's excepted,) on alternate days, at 6 o'clock P. M.

SHREWSBURY AND LONG BRANCH.—The SEA BIRD, Capt. H. B. PARKER, will leave pier foot of Chambers-st., North River, as follows:

LEAVE NEW-YORK.	LEAVE RED BANK.
Saturday, April 18, 3 P. M.	Friday, April 17, 1:30 P. M.
Monday, April 20, 3 P. M.	Monday, April 20, 6:15 A. M.
Tuesday, April 21, 3 P. M.	Tuesday, April 21, 7 A. M.
Thursday, Ap. 23, 7:30 A. M.	Wednesday, Ap. 22, 7:30 A. M.
Saturday, April 25, 9 A. M.	Friday, April 24, 8 A. M.
Tuesday, April 28, 10 A. M.	Monday, April 27, 9 A. M.

FOR ALBANY AND TROY, FARE $1 50, and proportionate reduction to all points West and North. The steamers C. VANDERBILT and CONNECTICUT leave Pier No. 44 North River, (near foot Spring-st. daily, Saturdays excepted,) at 6 P. M. This is the cheapest and pleasantest route to the great West. Fare on Sunday evenings, $2.

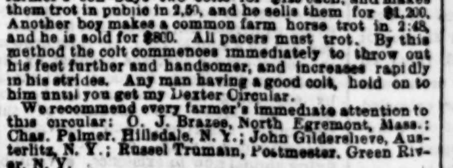
1868.—THE STEAMBOAT MARY POWELL will commence her regular trips for Newburg, Poughkeepsie, Rondout and Kingston, landing at Cozzens, West Point, Cornwall, New Hamburg and Milton, on THURSDAY, April 30, inst., leaving Desbrosses-st. every afternoon, at 3½ P. M.

FOR SAUGERTIES, LANDING AT TIVOLI.—The steamer ANSONIA, Capt. OSTERHOUDT, will leave the pier foot of Franklin-st. every WEDNESDAY and SATURDAY AFTERNOON, at 5 o'clock. Returning, will leave Saugerties TUESDAY and FRIDAY AFTERNOON, at the same hour.

MORNING LINE TO PEEKSKILL.—The steamboat NORWALK, Capt. E. Van Wart, will commence her regular trips to Peekskill, stopping at all the landings, on Wednesday, April 22, leaving Harrison-st. at 8 o'clock every morning, without exception.

FOR NEW-HAVEN, HARTFORD, &c.—Fare $1. Steamers leave Peck-slip for New-Haven at 3:15 and 11 P. M., connecting with railroad

HORSES AND CARRIAGES.



A NEW DISCOVERY IN TROTTING HORSES.—PIERRE D. VAN HOESEN, of No. 67 South-st., New-York, has lately discovered a new and simple way of teaching any horse or filly to trot fast without the use of a track. By this simple process a farmer's son buys two colts for $125 each, and makes them trot in public in 2.50, and he sells them for $1,200. Another boy makes a common farm horse trot in 2:48, and he is sold for $800. All pacers must trot. By this method the colt commences immediately to throw out his feet further and handsomer, and increases rapidly in his strides. Any man having a good colt, hold on to him until you get my Dexter Circular.

We recommend every farmer's immediate attention to this circular: O. J. Brazee, North Egremont, Mass.; Chas. Palmer, Hillsdale, N. Y.; John Gildersleeve, Austerlitz, N. Y.; Russel Trumain, Postmaster, Green River, N. Y.

The Dexter Circular, which is sent on receipt of $1, gives full particulars how its theory was discovered, and what it was that made the horse or colt gather so quickly, which sent him so beautifully and rapidly over the ground. Affidavits will soon be published.

P. D. VAN HOESEN—I have received your Circular and prize it much; shall recommend it to every farmer.
JOHN M. WHITE, Windham, Me.

CARRIAGES.—GREAT BARGAINS—NOW ON hand, several carriages on consignment, which must be sold; several second-hand at great bargains; all styles harness. CALVIN WITTY'S Carriage Depot, No. 638 Broadway, near Bleecker-st.

AMUSEMENTS.

OLYMPIC THEATRE.—SATURDAY.

THIS AFTERNOON AND NIGHT.
The prevailing hit, G. L. Fox's great Pantomime,

MATINEE	HUMPTY DUMPTY.	TO-NIGHT.
1½ TO-DAY.	HUMPTY DUMPTY.	AT 8.
MATINEE	HUMPTY DUMPTY.	TO-NIGHT.

Funniest Pantomime. The best Ballet. The loveliest spectacle ever exhibited in New-York. Crowded audiences, and throngs turned away. Uproarious fun, delightful singing and glorious comic tricks.
G. L. FOX..................as..................CLOWN.
Miles. RITA SANGALI, BETTY RIGL, Mons. BAPTISTAN, LA PETITE RAVEL, Miss CARRIE A. MOORE, E. T. GOODRICH, champion skater.
MATINEES, 1½ WEDNESDAYS and SATURDAYS.
MATINEE PRICES: Admission, 75c.; balcony chairs, $1; orchestra chairs, $1 50; family circle, 50c.; children, admission, 50c. Open at 12½; begins at 1½.
EVENING—Opens at 7; begins at 8.

NIBLO'S GARDEN.

Lessee and Manager...............WM. WHEATLEY
The curtain rises precisely at 7¾; performance terminates at 11 o'clock.
GREAT HIT OF THE NEW ATTRACTIONS!
THE THEATRE ENTIRELY FILLED EVERY EVENING.
SATURDAY, April 25, 1868.
AFTERNOON AT 1—EVENING 7¾,
for the 100th and 101st times, will be presented the Grand Spectacular Burlesque, the
WHITE FAWN,
in which will appear Jarrett & Palmer's celebrated
PARISIENNE BALLET TROUPE.
The dances, songs and brilliant novelties as follows:

THE PROLOGUE AND BELL BALLET	at.... 7:45
THE FIRST ACT	at.... 8:11
ENCHANTED LAKE AND FIREFLY BALLET	at.... 8:30
THE SECOND ACT	at.... 9:05
MARTHA AND LIONEL BALLET	at.... 9:30
FARRAGUT HORNPIPE AND TABLEAUX OF REAL WATER	at.... 9:40
THE THIRD ACT	at.... 10:00
HUNGARIAN POLKA	at.... 10:05
THE BALLET "JEALOUSY"	at.... 10:10
THE ENFANTE PREMIERE	at.... 10:22
THE BALLET A LA MILITAIRE	at.... 10:27
POLKA CHORUS AND FINALE	at.... 10:35
THE GREAT TRANSFORMATION SCENE	at.... 10:45

THE BEST ENTERTAINMENT IN AMERICA,
CLOSING AT 11 O'CLOCK.
GRAND MATINEE EVERY SATURDAY,
AT 1 O'CLOCK.
SEATS SECURED SIX DAYS IN ADVANCE.

WORRELL SISTERS' NEW-YORK THEATRE.

SECOND WEEK
OF
PARIS AND HELEN,
in which the
SISTERS SOPHIE, IRENE, AND JENNIE
appear as Paris, Helen, and Orestes, supported by a full BURLESQUE AND OPERATIC CHORUS.
SUCCESS! SUCCESS! SUCCESS!
EVERY ONE DELIGHTED.
SEATS SECURED SIX DAYS IN ADVANCE.

BROADWAY THEATRE—ADMISSION 50c.

THIS SATURDAY, TWO PERFORMANCES.
Mr. and Mrs. Barney Williams in both.

MATINEE AT 1½.	EVENING AT 7¾.
SECOND	THREE PIECES.
WILLIAMS'	BORN TO
MATINEE.	GOOD LUCK.
FAIRY CIRCLE.	CONNECTICUT
IN AND OUT	COURTSHIP.
OF PLACE.	HAPPY MAN.

BOWERY THEATRE.

Sixth night of Mr. G. C. BONIFACE.
CLAUDE DUVAL.
Mr. G. C. Boniface as Claude Duval.
LA TOUR DE NESLE.
Mr. G. C. Boniface as Buri a.

THE GREAT EUROPEAN CIRCUS,

Under the direction of the managers and proprietors of the American Circus, which was exhibited in
PARIS DURING THE EXPOSITION,
IS NOW OPEN,
ON THE CORNER OF BROADWAY AND 34TH-ST.,
FOR TWO WEEKS ONLY.
THOUSANDS TURNED AWAY NIGHTLY,
UNABLE TO GAIN ADMISSION.
THE MATINEES CROWDED
BY THE BEAUTY AND FASHION OF THE CITY.
THE EUROPEAN ARTISTS GREETED WITH A STORM OF ENTHUSIASM.
THE THIRD GORGEOUS STREET PAGEANT
will take place, if the weather is fine, on
MONDAY MORNING, April 27,
or on the first fine day thereafter, and will pass over the following route, leaving the place of exhibition at 10 A. M.:
Through 34th-st. to 5th-av., down 5th-av. to 23d-st., thence to 4th-av., thence to Bowery, to Chatham, to South end of Park, and thence up Broadway to 34th-st.
LOOK OUT FOR THE LIVE LION LOOSE IN THE STREETS.
PERFORMANCES
DAY AND EVENING,
Rain or Shine.
ADMISSION 50 CENTS.

NEW-YORK CIRCUS.

Fourteenth-st., opposite Academy of Music.
L. B. LENT...............................Director.
POSITIVELY LAST DAY
of the Season, as the New-York Circus leaves on its Annual Summer Tour through the country on MONDAY, the 27th, to be absent until September.
LAST MATINEE TO-DAY AT 2½.
LAST MATINEE TO-DAY AT 2½.
LAST MATINEE TO-DAY AT 2½.
LAST PERFORMANCE TO-NIGHT AT 8.
LAST PERFORMANCE TO-NIGHT AT 8.
BOTH AFTERNOON AND NIGHT
will be presented
A BRILLIANT FAREWELL PROGRAMME,
including many
ENTIRELY NEW FEATURES,
and comprising every variety of
DASHING HORSEMANSHIP
AND CLASSIC OLYMPIC GAMES,
introducing the entire strength of
THE LARGEST AND BEST
CIRCUS TROUPE IN THE WORLD.
POSITIVELY LAST DAY.
AFTERNOON AND NIGHT.

MAGNIFICENT PANORAMA

OF THE WAR
FROM FORT SUMTER TO ITS CLOSE,
AT MADISON-SQUARE HALL, No. 935 Broadway, and 23d-st., EVERY EVENING at 8 o'clock.
MATINEES WEDNESDAYS and SATURDAYS at 2 P.M. Illustrated by Miss SALLIE BRONSON GOODRICH. Tickets 50 cents. Reserved seats 75 cents.

NATIONAL ACADEMY OF DESIGN.

NOW OPEN,
THE FORTY-THIRD ANNUAL EXHIBITION
OF PICTURES AND SCULPTURES,
DAY AND EVENING. Corner 23d-st. and 4th-av.

THE LYCEUM OF NATURAL HISTORY will celebrate its fiftieth anniversary April 29, at 7½ P. M., at Cooper Institute. Addresses will be delivered by President, F. A. P. Barnard, Dr. John Torry and Rev. Dr. J. P. Thompson. The public are invited.

LECTURES.

DR. LORD'S HISTORICAL LECTURES.—JOHN LORD, LL. D., author of "Old Roman World," will deliver three lectures—on *Oliver Cromwell*, *Edmund Burke* and *Daniel Webster*—to illustrate the principles of revolution, in Dodworth's Rooms, (5th-av. and 26th-st.,) commencing MONDAY EVENING, May 4, at 8 o'clock.
Tickets $2 for the course, to be had at Charles Scribner & Co.'s

LECTURES ON PHRENOLOGY IN Williamsburg, at Union Hall, corner of Division-av. and Clymers-st., MONDAY EVENING, April 27, to continue four nights only, by Messrs. WELLS, SIZER and DRAYTON, of the Phrenological Rooms, No. 389 Broadway, New-York. Tickets 25 cents.

MEDICAL.

TO MARRIED AND SINGLE LADIES.

PORTUGUESE FEMALE MONTHLY PILLS.—In all cases of stoppage or irregularity, from whatever cause, they are certain to succeed in forty-eight hours, safe and healthy. They cannot fail in any case. Price $5 a box. Dr. A. M. MAURICEAU, Professor of Diseases of Women, No. 129 Liberty-st., or sent by mail in letter envelope.
Dr. Mauriceau guarantees a safe and immediate removal of all special irregularities in females with or without medicine, at one interview.
Dr. Mauriceau is the author of "The Married Woman's Private Medical Companion," strictly intended for those whose health or circumstances forbid a too rapid increase of family. Price $1. Sold at his office, 129 Liberty-st., N. Y., or sent by mail, free of postage.

A PHYSIOLOGICAL VIEW OF MARRIAGE—Containing nearly 300 pages and 150 fine plates and engravings of the anatomy of the sexual organs, in a state of health and disease, with a treatise on self-abuse, its deplorable consequences upon the mind and body, with the author's plan of treatment—the only rational and successful mode of cure, as shown by the report of cases treated. A truthful adviser of the married and those contemplating marriage, who entertain doubts of their physical condition. Sent, free of postage, to any address on receipt of 25 cents, in specie or postage stamps. Address Dr. LA CROIX, No. 31 Maiden-lane, Albany, N. Y.

A CERTAIN CURE FOR MARRIED ladies, with or without medicine, by Mme. RESTELL, Professor of Midwifery; over 30 years' practice. Her infallible French Female Pills, No. 1, price $1, or No. 2, specially prepared, price $5, which can never fail, are safe and healthy. Sold only at her office, No. 1 East 52d-st., first door from 5th-av., and at Druggist's No. 152 Greenwich-st., or sent by mail. Caution—All others are counterfeits. Her Circular to the Married, sent free.

PRIVATE DISEASES CURED IMMEDIATELY by Dr. POWERS, No. 191 Stanton-st. A cure in from one to five days of gonorrhea, gleet, strictures, syphilis, and all venereal diseases, without mercury. Be wise in time. Dr. POWERS' are the only medicines on earth to cure private diseases; all others drive the virus in the blood. Confidential consultation free.

A LADIES' PHYSICIAN.—H. D. GRINDLE, M. D., No. 6 Amity-place, having over eighteen years' successful practice, guarantees immediate relief to all ladies requiring special treatment. Elegant rooms for ladies requiring nursing.

DR. LARMONT, NO. 173 BROADWAY.—Treatment from 11 to 4. Paris, London and New-York Medical Adviser and Marriage Guide, on his special treatment of local, constitutional and nervous diseases, strictures, fistula, piles, &c.; mailed free, $1 50.

LADIES REQUIRING MEDICAL ASSISTANCE should consult Dr. ALLEN, No. 119 Greenwich-av., a regular successful practitioner. Lady physician in attendance. Elegant rooms provided. Consultation letter free.

UNFORTUNATES, CONSULT DR. GRINDLE, No. 6 Amity-place, between Bleecker and Amity-st. A speedy cure guaranteed without the use of mercury.

LADIES MAY BE CERTAIN OF RELIEF in twenty-four hours, with or without medicine, even after all others fail. Consult Dr. GRINDLE, No. 6 Amity-place.

LADIES' PHYSICIAN IN NEED.—DR. GRINDLE, No. 6 Amity-place. Sure and immediate relief to all in trouble. Elegant rooms for nursing.

LADIES' SURE ASSISTANT IMMEDIATELY—Dr. POWERS, No. 191 Stanton-st., with or without medicines. Can return same day. Certain at one trial.

YOUTHFUL VIGOR AND MANHOOD REgained by using Dr. Powers' Elixir, and unfortunates cured without mercury positively. Office, 191 Stanton-st.

RELIEF TO LADIES IN TROUBLE, BY DR. POWERS, No. 191 Stanton-st. No medicines used immediately. Confidential circular sent by first post.

DR. HUNTER CAN CURE WORST cases of certain diseases, without mercury, in shorter time than any other physician, or no pay taken. No. 3 Division-st. Book of sixty pages and advice free.

DR. HUNTER'S RED DROPS—THE ONLY thing on earth that will really cure certain diseases without injury to the constitution; all others dry it in the blood. $1 per vial. No. 3 Division-st., since 1834.

DR. HUNTER'S BOTANIC CORDIAL restores vigor of youth in one week; gives health and strength to the most debilitated; $5 per bottle. No. 3 Division-st. Book on nervous debility, 60 pages, gratis.

NEW-YORK.

Republican Senatorial Caucus—The Excise Law.

Special Dispatch to the New-York Times.

ALBANY, Friday, April 24.

The Republican caucus of Senators to-night resolved to adhere to the Republican Canal Commissioners, and retain in their hands the authority which legitimately belongs to them. Also, to stand firm by the present Excise law, without indorsing any *direct* or insidious changes. LEO.

Legislative Proceedings—The Canal Bills—The County Tax Levy—Debate in Committee.

From Our Own Correspondent.

ALBANY, Friday, April 24, 1868.

That weary third reading of bills, so tedious, so dull to all except the few directly interested, went on to-day in both Houses—a dull monotony that was alike tedious and exhausting.

It is understood that the Senate Committee has virtually agreed to abandon the Senate position on the Canal bills, and let the present State officers have their management in the future.

The Committee on Municipal Affairs has resolved to report the Croton Aqueduct and the Tax Commissioners' bills, and will do so the first opportunity.

The same Committee had under consideration this afternoon, from 1 to 3 o'clock, the County Tax Levy. Mr. HENRY, assisted by Mr. DALEY and Mr. SANDS, was heard on the part of the Citizens' Association. District-Attorney A. OAKEY HALL was heard at length in reply. I have seldom listened more attentively to a two-hours' discussion. It was able on both sides, for Mr. HENRY kept close to his figures and facts, and Mr. HALL permitted himself the widest latitude of sarcasm and argument, a mixture which few men are more capable of mingling. The two run together so naturally that it was sometimes difficult to tell where each commenced or ended.

The Committee adjourned until to-morrow, without coming to any decision, or, indeed, attempting any. ORLANDO STEWART has the floor for to-morrow, at 1 o'clock, but he maintains a proverbial reticence as to which side he is on—probably a little of both, though I think his present interests are in connection with the Citizens' Association. It is understood that several other gentlemen wish to be heard, but I think the Committee will close to-morrow, and leave the remainder of the talk to be worked off on the City Tax Levy, which is to speedily follow. LEO.

THE STATE LEGISLATURE.

SENATE....ALBANY, Friday, April 24.

BILLS PASSED.

Incorporating the Young Men's Association of Cooperstown, New-York.

Incorporating the Local Board of the Oswego Normal Training-school.

Incorporating the Citizens' Mutual Gaslight Company of Poughkeepsie.

Incorporating the Fulton Benevolent Association of New-York.

For the extension of Flushing-avenue.

Making appropriations to pay the expenses of collecting the tolls, superintendence and the ordinary repairs of the canals.

Directing moneys raised for the improvement of Oneida Lake Canal to be paid into the State Treasury.

Providing means for increasing the revenue of the Canal Sinking Fund.

The three-quarter of a mill Canal Tax bill.

Amending the charter of the American Bureau of Mines.

Incorporating the Oswego Board of Trade.

For the relief of St. Joseph's Church, New-York.

The Oswego Street Railroad bill.

Providing for the examination of accounts and operations of the several commissions in Brooklyn.

Defining the powers of the Eureka Basin Warehousing and Manufacturing Company of Long Island.

AFTERNOON SESSION.

BILLS PASSED.

Authorizing the Hudson River Bridge Company to build a second bridge over the Hudson River at Albany.

Incorporating the Peekskill Water Works Company.

Amending the charter of the Odd Fellows' Hall Association at Buffalo.

To provide for floating baths in New-York.

Amending the act providing for a railroad from Poughkeepsie to the Massachusetts State line.

BILS ADVANCED TO A THIRD READING.

The Port Richmond and Bergen Point Ferry bill.

Incorporating the New-York and Brooklyn Iron Tubular Tunnel Company.

For the more effectual protection of emigrants arriving at New-York.

Relative to the New-York Ophthalmic Hospital.

To widen portions of Sackett and Douglass streets, Brooklyn.

Amending the act relative to the Croton Aquaduct Department, by appointing four Commissioners.

Mr. TWEED asked unanimous consent to move to refer back this bill, with power to report complete.

Mr. GENET objected.

Relative to taxes and assessments in New-York. The bill provides for the appointment of four Tax Commissioners immediately after the passage of this bill.

It is provided in each of these bills that the City Comptroller shall appoint the Commissioners, with the understanding that the Commissioners shall be non-partisan.

The Assembly amendment to the Obscene Literature bill was concurred in. This amendment provides that the Police shall not summarily destroy property which they may seize under this act.

The Assembly amendment to the bill for 150 additional Notaries Public in New-York was also concurred in. The amendment provides for five additional Notaries for each county in the State.

Adjourned.

ASSEMBLY.

The following bills were reported:

To incorporate the Mutual Savings Bank of New-York.

To incorporate the Home Savings Bank of New-York.

To provide for the completion of improvements in Third-street, Brooklyn.

BILLS PASSED.

To authorize the Commissioners of Central Park to set apart a site for a Museum of History, Antiquities and Art.

To incorporate the Brooklyn Eye and Ear Hospital.

To amend the act relative to the storage of combustible materials in New-York.

Providing that the Commissioners of the Sinking Fund shall be Commissioners of the Water Front in New-York.

Mr. BRADSTREET, from the Conference Committee on the bill to abolish the Contracting Board and the canal repair contract system, reported that the Committee had agreed upon a bill having those objects in view, and providing for the appointment of superintendents of repairs by the Canal Board.

The House then took a recess until 3:30 o'clock.

AFTERNOON SESSION.

The Speaker presented a communication from the Inspectors of State Prisons transmitting a copy of the printing contract of Sing Sing Prison. The contract was executed March 31, and took effect April 1. The contractors are to have 75 convicts for one year at 60 cents per day.

The bill to amend the charter of the Delaware and Hudson Canal Company was lost by 40 to 51.

BILLS PASSED.

To amend the act to improve Gowanus Canal, Brooklyn.

To provide for repairing Union-street, Brooklyn.

To authorize the Justices of the Justices Court, New-York, to take acknowledgments of deeds.

To incorporate the New-York Elevator Company.

To provide for widening Broadway, New-York, between Thirty-fourth-street and Fifty-ninth-street, to a width of 100 feet.

Adjourned.

VIRGINIA.

Gov. Pierpoint Prefers Charges Against Gen. Schofield to Gen. Grant.

From Our Own Correspondent.

RICHMOND, Thursday, April 23, 1868.

This morning I was informed by Ex-Gov. PIERPOINT, in the course of a private conversation, that he had preferred some very serious charges to Gen. GRANT against Brevet Major-Gen. SCHOFIELD, of this District. These charges, I was informed by Mr. PIERPOINT were yesterday placed in the hands of Messrs. HUBBARD and SHANKS, members of Congress, to be laid before Gen. GRANT, with an accompanying letter. The Ex-Governor read them all over to me, but refused to allow a copy or a summary of them to be made. He, however, extracted the following as their pith, and, writing it off, handed it to me to be used as I might see proper:

"The charges are that Gen. SCHOFIELD, by a general order, set aside the laws of Virginia and the laws of Congress, to give the benefit of a large number of offices in the State to Confederates, who could not take the Congressional oath of office; and that he has, by the order, allowed many valuable offices in the State to be occupied by these Confederates, in violation of acts of Congress, and to keep Union men out of them. Reference to acts and proofs accompany the charges. Gov. P. charges these acts were done by Gen. SCHOFIELD to discourage Union men and defeat the reconstruction of the State."

The main cause of complaint as set forth in the letters and charges, as read to me, is that the General, in violation of the laws of the State, removed the tobacco inspectors and changed the mode of their appointment, and so fixed it that deputies could be appointed to do the work who were not required to take the Congressional oath, and that this was done in the interests of the Confederates, to enable them to carry the elections, as these tobacco inspectorships are the most important, influential and lucrative offices in the State, and the incumbents wield a tremendous amount of political power. He says that they control the negroes employed in the factories and warehouses, and that the discharges because of voting the Radical ticket at the last election were made by these Confederate deputies. He then reviews the appointments made to show that in nearly every warehouse in the State the deputy inspectors are Conservatives or ex-rebels.

In his first letter to Gen. GRANT, Mr. PIERPOINT alludes to the services he has rendered the country in having put 19,000 men in the army, and in many other ways and speaks of the hardship of having been deprived of his office, in violation of an agreement with both Gen. GRANT and Gen. SCHOFIELD, after the Supreme Court had decided in his favor. In another, and a very long letter, which he sent to Gen. GRANT by this morning's mail, he reviews matters more at length, and concludes by saying that Gen. SCHOFIELD's motives were to favor the schemes of the "whisky ring" of Judge UNDERWOOD, and of Gen. ORLANDO BROWN, who has at his disposal the immense and preponderating patronage and influence of the Freedmen's Bureau, to wrest the offices of the State from the hands of native Virginians and give them to strangers—the "carpet bagmen," as the Governor styles them. He prays the General to investigate the matter, and says that he shall lay the facts before Congress and the country as a justification of his political course and administration.

At the close of our interview the Governor said that it was impossible for him to battle against such odds as the "ring," the General, the Court, and the Bureau, and that all he desired was to retire as gracefully as possible from the field.

He feels very sore about his removal, especially as he was waiting anxiously for the time to come when he could appoint there some tobacco inspectors himself and reap the benefits of their influence. He has died hard—but there can scarcely be a "deader duck" in the country than Mr. PIERPOINT.

Gen. SCHOFIELD did not return home this morning as had been announced by telegraph. The "wires" are also at fault in respect to his business at the Capital. The only political significance of his visit, I am assured, is to be found in the fact that he wants funds to pay the expenses of the coming election, and desires to know what Congress is going to do about it. The delay in his return is probably owing to the charges preferred against him as above stated by PIERPOINT, which he, no doubt, is waiting to clear up—and people here think it will be an easy task. These accusations are looked upon by all parties as the "best joke of the season."

Gov. WELLS returned this morning. As yet nobody pretends to conjecture who will be the Gubernatorial candidates. KAPPA.

MADEIRA.

Political Riots—Severe Drought—The Wine Crop.

From the Island of Madeira we have mail advices to the 28th ult. giving particulars of the riot on that island, of which we have previously had telegraphic advices. It seems that the taxes imposed upon the islanders had been increased to an insupportable point, so that many were utterly unable to pay their assessments. Amid the general discontent occasioned by this state of things, news came that a candidate, ST. ANNA by name, was on his way from Lisbon to try and get his election secured as Deputy for the City of Funchal to the Portuguese Cortes. He was said to have been mainly instrumental in promoting the measures of increased taxation, consequently the people of the island, greatly excited, declared that he would not be permitted to land, or if he persisted in doing so, that he would not leave the island alive. When the *Galgo*, the vessel which conveyed him, arrived, a great crowd assembled on the beach. He ventured, however, to land, but was instantly attacked and pelted with showers of stones, obliging him to take refuge in the Custom-house close by. The mob then assaulted the building, smashing in the windows and doors. The troops were called out, and fired upon the people, killing and wounding several, but still no impression was made upon them. Finally a compromise was made that he should be allowed to leave the Custom-house on condition that he would at once quit the island, so he returned through the crowd to the beach unmolested, and went on board the vessel, which conveyed him back to Lisbon. On receipt of the news there, the Government dispatched a vessel-of-war to the island, but the excitement had subsided, and on the assurance of the Governor that he could maintain order during the forthcoming election, she returned to Lisbon.

There had been an unusually long prevalence of drought on the island, accompanied by the scorching "Leste," or Easterly winds, which, blowing over from the African deserts, were blasting the vegetation and destroying the grain crops in the lower lands. This weather had lasted for near three months; prayers for rain were being offered in the churches, and penitential processions parading the streets, but still no signs of change. Should this weather continue much longer, the grain and vegetable crops will all be destroyed; as it is, the cattle have barely enough to subsist upon. The invalids frequenting the island do not appear to have suffered from this weather, but it has affected the natives with dysenteric complaints.

The wine crops are yearly improving; the sugar-cane plantations are being very generally uprooted and vines planted again in their stead, the "oïdium" disease having very nearly disappeared.

NATURAL HISTORY.

Second Lecture of Mr. Waterhouse Hawkins—Dragons.

A large and intelligent audience assembled at Cooper Institute last evening to listen to the second of Mr. WATERHOUSE HAWKINS' course of lectures on Natural History. In commencing his lecture the speaker said that the subject on which he had been announced to speak implied that he supposed there were or had been such things as actual dragons. In the language of an English writer, written a quarter of a century ago, "dragons were found everywhere except in nature." His purpose, this evening, would be to find the dragon in nature, and to show to his audience that the animal was something more than a fable. What were these dragons? How did they look? People in all parts of the world had represented them pretty much alike, which was a pretty strong indication that some such animal had at one time existed on the earth. The lecturer here drew upon the blackboard the figure of the dragon as represented by the Japanese in bronze and other forms. He next drew the animal as portrayed by the Indians; then the Chinese dragon, and lastly the Heraldic dragon used on all Welsh coats of arms, banners, &c. In all these different representations of the monster there was a coincident harmony with regard to the wings. Having thus indicated the sort of animal that he proposed to find in nature, the speaker said he would proceed to the discovery. Those animals were undoubtedly reptiles, or of a reptilian nature, and cold blooded. And first he would commence where he left off in his previous lecture with the fish, and from the fish ascend to reptiles belonging to the water, then to the earth, and lastly to the air. Mr. HAWKINS here drew a model of a fish-like reptile that was brought to England from the West Coast of Africa, encased in a cake of clay, where it had been for at least six months, but from which, when it was set free, it emerged alive and well, and afforded the naturalists an opportunity to watch its habits. After minutely describing this animal he next drew a figure of the tadpole or "polly-wiggle," which, he said, was the embryo frog and the next nearest to the reptile. He then drew a picture of the crocodile and minutely explained its construction. Next came the turtle of various species, ending with the long-necked or Australian turtle, which the speaker characterized as a living specimen of a near relation of what might be denominated an aquatic dragon. The figure of a serpent was next sketched on the blackboard, and the peculiarities of its structure explained—showing how it was so formed as to creep, run or leap, or perform any other motion of which any animal was capable. He came to the cobra with its expanding ribs, and the flying lizzard, found by Capt. KING in Australia, which last was the nearest living representation of a flying dragon that had yet been discovered. In all these different types of reptiles it was easy to detect the *capabilities* of flight in a greater or less degree. The lecturer then spoke of and described on the blackboard bats, flying fishes, flying squirrels, &c., and showed how they were all organized on a similar plan. He then drew a picture of the actual dragon that was restored by himself from bones found in Kent, England, and explained how, by supposing the skeleton to be covered and filled up after the manner of the reptiles previously described, and provided with the membraneous wing of the bat or other flying animal now in existence, a veritable dragon, not unlike that described in fable, would be the result. Nothing new or out of the course of nature was required; his dragon was no violation of nature, but was entirely like nature as found in other animals. He would not go so far as to make him a fiery dragon, and yet, considering that he was a great fish-eater, and that decomposed fish emitted a large amount of phosphorous, even a fiery dragon might not be an entirely inconceivable phenomenon. [Great laughter and applause.]

The lecturer was received throughout with frequent marks of approval by the audience, and particularly the illustrations on the blackboard, which were made with a rapidity and accuracy at once amusing and astonishing. Anything like a report of the lecture, disconnected with the illustrations, would be out of the question. It is one of those entertainments that must be seen to be appreciated. The speaker announced that the next lecture, Monday evening, would be on birds as applicable to water, earth and air.

Alleged Murderers Committed for Trial.

Coroner SMITH, of Brooklyn, concluded the inquest on the body of PATRICK MURPHY, who died on Monday from injuries received at the hands of two young corner-loafers in South Brooklyn on the night of the 31st ult. The jury rendered the following verdict:

"We find that PATRICK MURPHY came to his death by wounds received on the evening of the 31st ult., in the vicinity of Fourth-avenue and Douglass-street, Brooklyn, at the hands of PATRICK PURCELL and JAMES DWYER."

The prisoners were then committed to jail to await the action of the Grand Jury.

GENERAL CITY NEWS.

ITEMS.—WM. KAHLER, a boy 13 years of age, was run over yesterday afternoon by a Hudson River Railroad car in Hudson-street, near Hubert, and his foot crushed. He was taken to the City Hospital.... A dead infant was found yesterday at the corner of Sixty-ninth-street and Madison-avenue. It was sent to the Morgue and the Coroner notified.... A colored man named EDWARD GOOD, employed at No. 36 West Twenty-fourth-street, died suddenly last evening. The Coroner was notified to hold an inquest.... At 3 o'clock yesterday afternoon a frame dwelling in Broadway, between Sixty-eighth and Sixty-ninth streets, was discovered to be fired, but the flames were extinguished before much damage had been done.... Thursday night an infant was accidentally smothered at the Childs' Nursery in Fifty-first-street, near Lexington-avenue, by its mother. The Coroner was notified.

TWENTY-SECOND REGIMENT PROMENADE CONCERT.—At the Twenty-second Regiment promenade concert last evening, Gen. LLOYD ASPINWALL presented the following members of the regiment with silver medals for proficiency in drill: Sergt. E. A. Cunningham, Company A.; Private E. D. McMurray, Company B; Private S. E. Briggs, Co. C; Corporal Noel R. Park, Company D; Private J. A. Voss, Company E; Sergt. J. H. Greenfield, Company F; Sergt. Thos. Comiskey, Corporal Donald Van Shaick, Company H; Private Edgar Lugar, Company I.

PERSONAL.—List of Americans registered at J. W. TUCKER & Co.'s, Nos. 3 and 5 Rue Scribe, Paris, up to April 9, 1868: New-York—Dr. and Mrs. E. G. Ludlow, Miss Ludlow, Mrs. W. S. Packer, Wm. Packer, Mrs. D. F. Spencer, Mr. and Mrs. C. M. Gilman, Miss C. A. Bulkley, Angus. Bulkley, G. L. Crowell, Frank Crowell, Gilman S. Moulton, C. H. W. Sibley, Dr. and Mrs. G. F. Bucknall, Mr. Cooley. Boston—Jonathan Hunt, Charles H. Rogers, C. H. Vaile. San Francisco—Gideon E. Moore. Lowell, Mass.—Mr. and Mrs. C. P. Talbot, Miss Talbot, Miss Gutman. Providence, R. I.—Mr. and Mrs. C. F. Harris, Miss Maria Harris; left for America. Trenton, N. J.—Mrs. C. H. Sherman, Miss Sherman, Wm. H. Higbee. St. Louis—Robert Campbell and family. Chicago—Jack Wing. Buffalo—E. Richmond. San Francisco—W. M. Smith, Mr. and Mrs. P. L. Weaver. United States—Mrs. Grigg. U. S. Navy—E. F. Baldwin and family. St. Servan—E. Girodroux fils.

FOREIGN MARKETS.

PARIS, Friday, April 24.

The weekly returns of the Bank of France, published to-day, show that gold is again flowing to the bank. The amount in vault this week is greater by nearly 9,000,000 of francs than last week.

The Bourse opens firmer to-day. Rentes, 69 francs 27 centimes, or 5 centimes higher than yesterday.

LONDON, Friday, April 24—11:15 A. M.

Consols are steady at 93¾@93⅞ for money and the account.

American Securities open quiet and steady.

United States Five-twenty Bonds are dull at (ex. div.) 70

Illinois Centrals.......93½

Erie Railway Shares.......45½

FRANKFORT, Friday, April 24.

United States Five-twenties open steady at 75⅞ for the old issue.

HAVRE, Friday, April 24.

The Havre Cotton market opens quiet and steady. Transactions are noted this morning on the basis of about 151 francs ℔ cwt. for tres ordinaire. Nothing doing in Cotton to arrive.

LIVERPOOL, Friday, April 24—11:15 A. M.

The Cotton market to-day opens buoyant and with an advancing tendency, though thus far no advance in prices has been established. The sales of the day will probably reach 15,000 bales. The following are the opening quotations:

Middling Uplands.......12⅝d.

Middling Orleans.......12¾d.

There have been no transactions in Cotton to arrive. The trade report is favorable. Yarns and Fabrics at Manchester are firm and more active.

The circulars issued by the Cotton Brokers' Association contain the following statistics:

The week has closed upon a moderately active market. The total sales have been 83,000 bales of all sorts, whereof 25,000 were taken for export and 9,000 for speculation, leaving nearly 50,000 for local consumption. The arrivals have been very heavy, particularly of American—so heavy, indeed, as to quite seriously check business in the early part of the week. The following figures show the total amount of stock on hand as compared with last week:

	This week.	Last week.
Stock	486,000	407,000
American	321,000	233,000

The stock of Cotton afloat, bound to Liverpool, and the shipments from Bombay for the last week will probably be made public to-day.

BREADSTUFFS—The market opens quiet. Corn, 38s. 9d. ℔ quarter for new mixed Western. Wheat, 16s. 2d. ℔ cental for California White, and 14s. 6d. for No. 2 Red Western. Barley, 5s. 1d. ℔ bushel. Oats, 4s. 2d. ℔ bushel. Peas 47s. 6d. ℔ 504 lbs. Flour, 37s. ℔ bbl. for Western Canal.

PROVISIONS—The market opens steady. Beef 122s. 6d. ℔ bbl. for extra prime mess. Pork 85s. ℔ bbl. for Eastern prime mess. Lard 65s. ℔ cwt. for American. Cheese 54s. ℔ cwt. for the best grades of American fine. Bacon 49s. ℔ cwt. for Cumberland cut.

PRODUCE—The market opens dull. Resin, 7s. ℔ cwt. for common North Carolina, and 12s. for medium. Turpentine, 32s. ℔ cwt. Tallow, 45s. 6d. ℔ cwt. Refined Petroleum, 1s. 3d. ℔ gallon. Spirits Petroleum, 9d. ℔ gallon.

LONDON, Friday, April 24—11:15 A. M.

Sugar opens quiet at 26s. 6d. ℔ cwt. for No. 12 Dutch Standard. Linseed Oil, £36 ℔ ton. Linseed Cakes, £10 15s. ℔ ton for thin oblong for feeding.

LONDON, Friday, April 24—1:20 P. M.

Consols are ¼ higher, and are now quoted at 93⅞@94 for money and the account.

American Securities are firmer and more active. The following are the quotations at this hour:

United States Five-twenties.......70¼

Erie Railway Shares.......45¾

Illinois Centrals.......93¾

FRANKFORT, Friday, April 24.

The market for United States Five-twenties is a shade easier, and the old issue is salable at 75⅝@75¾.

LIVERPOOL, Friday, April 24—1:20 P. M.

COTTON—The market is buoyant and prices are tending upward. An advance of fully ⅛d. ℔ lb. has been established since the opening. The following are the quotation of American descriptions at this hour:

Middling Uplands.......12¾d.

Middling Orleans.......12⅞d.

There is an active speculative demand. Prices of Cotton to arrive have advanced to 13d. for Middling Uplands, with large transactions. According to the best estimates the sales of the day will reach fully 20,000 bales.

Circulars published this afternoon give the total stock of Cotton afloat from all ports bound to Liverpool at 341,000 bales, of which amount 90,000 are on the way from the United States.

BREADSTUFFS—Wheat is quiet and unchanged. Corn is dull, and has declined 3d. since last report. The last sales of Mixed Western were made at 38s. 6d. ℔ quarter. Peas are firmer and higher at 48s. ℔ 504 lbs. Flour steady.

PROVISIONS—The Lard market is still active and advancing. American brands 66s. 3d. ℔ cwt. Pork dull and unchanged. Bacon quiet and steady.

ANTWERP, Friday, April 24.

The market for Petroleum is heavy, and prices are nominal at 42⅜ francs ℔ bbl. for Standard White.

LONDON, Friday, April 24—5 P. M.

Consols close at 93⅞@93⅞ for money and the account.

American securities close at the following quotations:

United States Five-twenties, ex-div.......70⅛

Erie Railway Shares.......46

Illinois Centrals.......93¾

FRANKFORT, Friday, April 24.

United States Five-twenty bonds close at 75⅝@75⅞ for the old issue.

PARIS, Friday, April 24.

The Bourse closed steady. Rentes, 69 francs 27 centimes.

HAVRE, Friday, April 24.

Cotton closes strong at 152 francs ℔ cwt. for tres ordinaire on the spot, and 150 francs to arrive.

LIVERPOOL, Friday, April 24—5 P. M.

COTTON—The market closed firm, and the sales foot up 20,000 bales. The following are the closing quotations:

Middling Uplands.......12⅝d.

Middling Orleans.......12¾d.

TRADE REPORT—The advices from Manchester are favorable. The market for Fabrics and Yarns is strong.

BREADSTUFFS—The market closed quiet. Corn at 38s. 6d. ℔ quarter for new mixed Western. Wheat 16s. 2d. ℔ cental for California White, and 14s. 6d. for No. 2 Milwaukee Red. Barley, 5s. 1d. ℔ bushel. Oats, 4s. 2d. ℔ bushel. Peas 48s. ℔ 504 lbs. Flour, 37s. ℔ bbl. for Western Canal.

PROVISIONS—The market closed steady. Beef, 122s. 6d. ℔ bbl. for Extra Prime Mess. Pork, 85s. ℔ bbl. for Eastern Prime Mess. Lard firm at 65s. 3d. ℔ cwt. Cheese, 54s. ℔ cwt. Bacon, 49s. ℔ cwt.

PRODUCE—Resin, 7s. ℔ cwt. for common North Carolina, and 12s. for medium. Turpentine, 32s. ℔ cwt. Tallow, 45s. 6d. ℔ cwt. Refined Petroleum 1s. 3d. ℔ gallon. Spirits Petroleum, 9d. ℔ gallon.

LONDON, Friday, April 24.

Sugar quiet at 26s. 6d. ℔ cwt. for No. 12 Dutch Standard. Linseed Oil, £36 ℔ ton. Linseed Cakes, £10 15s. ℔ ton for feeding.

TEA MARKET—The advices from China report that the Tea season has closed. The total exportation of Tea during the season is estimated at 113,000,000 lbs.

ANTWERP, Friday, April 24.

Petroleum closed dull and lower at a decline of one franc, and is now quoted 41⅝ francs ℔ bbl. for Standard White.

HAVANA, Friday, April 24.

The following are the closing prices of merchandise for the week: SUGAR, 7½@8 reals per arroba for Nos. 10 to 12, and 8¾@10 for Nos. 15 to 20; Molasses Sugar, 5¾@6½ for Nos. 7 to 10; muscovados, 6¾@7 for inferior to common refining, 7½@7¾ for fair to good refining, and 7¾@8 for fair to good grocery grades. MOLASSES, 4¼@5 reals ℔ keg for clayed, and 5¼@6 for common. FREIGHTS, $2 ℔ box for Sugar to Northern United States ports; $9@$10 ℔ hhd. for Sugar to Northern ports; $5 50@$6 ℔ hhd. for Molasses to Northern ports, and $2 25 ℔ box for Sugar to Southern ports. HAMS, 18c. ℔ lb. for salt, and 22c. for sugar-cured. BUTTER, 26c.@30c. ℔ lb., according to quality. LUMBER, $28@$29 ℔ 1,000 for White Pine, and $33@$40 for Pitch Pine. FLOUR, $10 50@$13 ℔ bbl. LARD, 18½c.@18¾c. ℔ lb. in tierces, and 19c.@20c. for 25-pound tins. BACON, 14¼c.@14¾c. ℔ lb. Exchange on London, 11@11½ ℔ cent. premium; on Paris, 2 premium; on the United States in currency, long sight, 29@29½ discount; in gold, 1@1½ premium.

Domestic Markets.

PHILADELPHIA, Friday, April 24.

COTTON higher at 32c.@32½c. PETROLEUM more active; Crude, 17c.; Refined, in bond, 26c. on the spot, 26¼c. for May, 27c. for June. FLOUR firm; sales 1,000 bbls. Northwestern Extra Family, $11@$11 75; Pennsylvania and Ohio do., $11@$12 50; Fancy and California, $14@$15 25. WHEAT in good demand; sales 5,000 bushels Red, $3; Spring, $2 60@$2 60. RYE advanced to $2 05. CORN in better demand; sales 10,000 bushels; Yellow, $1 23; Mixed Western, $1 21@$1 22; White, $1 18. OATS in good request; sales 60,000 bushels; Chicago at 85c.; Pennsylvania and Delaware, 89c.@90.; GROCERIES and PROVISIONS unchanged.

CHICAGO, Friday, April 24.

FLOUR firmer; first-class brands higher; Spring Extras, $9@$10 75. WHEAT in large speculative inquiry and advanced at 3c.@3½c.; sales, No. 1 at $2 16; No. 2 at $2 06½. CORN less active and declined ¼c.@⅜c.; sales of No. 1 at 88c.@87c.; No. 2, 84½c.@85c.; new, 84c.@84½c. OATS weak at a decline of ½c.@⅜c.; sales at 63c. RYE more active but unsettled; sales at $1 84@$1 87. BARLEY firm; No. 2, in store, $2 31; sample lots at $2 35@$2 55. PORK steady and firm at $27. LARD firm; Prime Steam at 17½c.@17¾c.; Sugar Cured HAMS active at 16¼c.@17½c. BULK MEATS quiet and unchanged. LIVE HOGS firm and steady; light lots better; ranging from $8 12½@$9 25. BEEF CATTLE moderately active at $6 25@$9 25 for Butchers to Good. RECEIPTS to-day—6,000 bbls. Flour, 16,000 bushels Wheat, 67,000 bushels Corn, 23,000 bushels Oats, 7,000 Live Hogs. SHIPMENTS—4,000 bbls. Flour, 15,000 bushels Wheat, 171,000 bushels Corn, 2,800 bushels Oats, 5,000 Live Hogs.

NEW-ORLEANS, Friday, April 24.

COTTON active and advancing; Middling, 32½c.; sales, 4,200 bales; receipts, 1,288 bales; exports, 2,840 bales. Sales of the week, 8,400 bales; receipts, 7,981 bales; exports, foreign, 12,967 bales; coastwise, 333 bales; stock on hand, 54,722 bales. Sterling, 152½@154½; New-York Sight Exchange, ¼ ℔ cent. premium. Gold, $1 40¾. SUGAR, common 12c. and 13c. Cuba, 11⅛c.@13c. MOLASSES offered at 46½c. FLOUR dull at $9 12½@$9 25. CORN dull at $1 01@$1 02. OATS firm at 75c. HAY, $18@$23. PORK firm and advanced to $28 75@$29; Shoulders, 13½c.@13¾c.; Clear Sides, 18½c.@18¾c. LARD, 19c.

CINCINNATI, Friday, April 24.

Flour firm and in good demand; family, $11 25@$11 50. WHEAT firm; demand good at $2 65@$2 70 for No. 2 and No. 1 Winter. CORN advancing; ear, 90c.; shelled, 94c. OATS, 79c., and scarce. RYE advancing; quoted at $2 10; the supply is light. BARLEY, $2 75. COTTON firm and higher; Middling, 30c.@30½c. TOBACCO firm at full prices. PROVISIONS firmer with a speculative demand. MESS PORK, $28. LARD, 18c. BULK MEATS, 12¼c.@14¾c. BACON—13½c. for Shoulders, 16¾c. for Clear Rib and Clear Sides. HAMS, 19½c.@20c. Gold—139 buying; 139¼ selling.

ST. LOUIS, Friday, April 24.

TOBACCO—Lugs, $4@$8; Common to Middling Leaf, $8@$20; Bright do., $20@$75. COTTON firm at 31c. FLOUR quiet and unchanged. WHEAT—Prime and Choice White, $2 85. CORN dull and unchanged; sales at 84c.@88c. OATS firmer at 70c.@70½c., the latter for fancy in store. BARLEY quiet and unchanged at $2 75 for Prime to Choice. RYE heavy at $1 85@$1 90. PROVISIONS advancing. MESS PORK, $27 75@$28. BULK MEATS—Rib Sides at Chicago, 14¾c. BACON—Shoulders, 13½c., held ¼c. higher; Clear Sides, 17½c.@17¾c. LARD firm; 17¼c. was offered and 18c. was asked.

OSWEGO, Friday, April 24.

FLOUR in good demand; sales 2,200 bbls. at $10 75@$11 for No. 1 Spring; $12 75 for Red Winter; $13 50 for White, and $14 50 for Double Extra. WHEAT quiet and unchanged. CORN lower; No. 1 Indian offered at $1 10. CORN MEAL, $2 70 ℔ cwt. MILL FEED steady—Shorts, $35; Shipstuffs, $38@$40; Middlings $40 ℔ ton. RAILROAD FREIGHTS—Flour to Boston, 80c.; to New-York, 70c.; and to Albany, 60c. LAKE IMPORTS—6,500 bushels Wheat, 20,160 bushels Corn, 3,100 bushels Peas, 528,000 feet Timber.

BUFFALO, Friday, April 24.

FLOUR in moderate demand and steady; sales 325 bbls. City Ground Spring at $10 50; 50 bbls. Western Spring at $11; 50 bbls. Western Bakers' at $11 50, and 100 bbls. Amber Western at $13. WHEAT entirely nominal. CORN unsettled; buyers are holding off awaiting receipts from the West; not quotable. OATS unsettled for the same reason. Other articles unchanged.

MILWAUKEE, Friday, April 24.

FLOUR quiet and firmer; choice Wisconsin and Iowa, $9 62½@$10 25; Medium, $9 25@$9 50. WHEAT unsettled; No. 1 quoted at $2 14; No. 2 Spring, $2 03½. OATS active and higher at 63c.@63½c. for No. 2. CORN quiet at 84c. RECEIPTS to-day—1,900 bbls. Flour, 33,000 bushels Wheat, 4,000 bushels Oats, 2,000 bushels Corn. SHIPMENTS—28,000 bbls. Flour, 26,000 bushels Wheat, 43,000 bushels Oats.

LOUISVILLE, Friday, April 24.

TOBACCO—Sales, 183 hhds.; Lugs, $5@$6 50; Medium Leaf, $13@$15; Wrappers, $37 50. FLOUR—Superfine, $8 75. WHEAT—Prime Red, $2 50@$2 55. OATS, 77c.@78c. CORN, 90c.@93c. LARD, 18c.@18½c. MESS PORK, $28. BACON active; large sales of Shoulders, at 13½c.; Clear Rib Sides at 16¾c.@17c.; Clear Sides at 17c.@17¼c. COTTON—Middling, 30c.@30½c. RAW WHISKY, $2 20.

BALTIMORE, Friday, April 24.

COTTON firm; Middling, 31½c. FLOUR active at yesterday's prices. WHEAT firm; Maryland Red, $3@$3 15; Pennsylvania, $3. CORN—White, dull at $1 10@$1 11; Yellow firm at $1 21@$1 22. OATS very dull; Maryland and Pennsylvania, 85c.; Western, 82c. RYE firm at $2 15. PORK firm but unchanged. BACON quiet and unchanged. LARD firm and unchanged.

MEMPHIS, Friday, April 24.

COTTON firm at 32c.; no buyers; receipts, 170 bales; exports, 40 bales; receipts of the week, 1,500 bales; exports, 3,000 bales; stock, 180 bales. FLOUR dull and unchanged. PORK, $28@$28 50. BACON firm; Shoulders, 13¾c.; Clear Sides, 18½c. LARD, 18½c.@19c. CORN, 97c. OATS, 75c.

TOLEDO, Friday, April 24.

FLOUR quiet. WHEAT declined 1c.; sales of Amber Michigan at $2 71. CORN dull and declined 1c.; sales of No. 1 at 91½c. OATS dull and declined 1c.; sales of Michigan at 71c. RYE scarce. RECEIPTS—1,900 bbls. Flour, 2,200 bushels Corn, 2,000 bushels Oats. LAKE FREIGHTS—4c. on Corn to Buffalo.

Philadelphia Stock Board.

PHILADELPHIA, Friday, April 24.

Stocks steady. Pennsylvania State Fives, 98; Philadelphia and Erie Railroad, 25; Reading Railroad, 44⅝; Pennsylvania Railroad, 55⅜. Gold, 139⅝.

[Advertisement.]

King Theodore of Abyssinia; his Portrait and Character, given in MAY No. ILLUSTRATED PHRENOLOGICAL JOURNAL. Newsmen have it. 30 cents.

[Advertisement.]

THE GREAT MUSICIANS.—For Portraits and Sketches of Handel, Haydn, Mozart, Beethoven, Bach, Mendelssohn, Rossini and Auber, see PHRENOLOGICAL JOURNAL for MAY. Only 30 cents. Newsmen have it.

[Advertisement.]

Trial and Execution of Charles the First of England. Scene of a Court Presentation. Her Majesty Queen Victoria. "Wants of the West." "Husbands in Prospect." "Where to find a Wife." See MAY No. PHRENOLOGICAL JOURNAL, only 30 cents, or $3 a year. Newsmen have it.

[Advertisement.]

THE ORIGIN OF MAN.—The PHRENOLOGICAL JOURNAL for MAY contains Portraits and Sketches of Rev. Samuel J. May, Dr. Lindley, Rev. Jabez Burns, Mrs. Manville, King Theodore, and others. Also, Cause and Cure of Hard Times. Only 30 cents, or $3 a year. S. R. WELLS, Publisher, No. 389 Broadway, New-York.

[Advertisement.]

LACE CURTAINS,
A SPECIALTY,
at KELTY'S, No. 744 Broadway.

[Advertisement.]

WINDOW SHADES,
GILT, PLAIN, PAINTED AND HOLLAND.
G. L. & J. B. KELTY & CO., No. 447 Broadway.

[Advertisement.]

Winter has lingered in the lap of Spring, while KNOX has been busy with the heads of the people. The Frost King, however, has receded, while the Hat Monarch has succeeded in renewing innumerable glorious unions of head and hat. His Spring style for sale at No. 212 Broadway, corner of Fulton-st., is recherche beyond description.

[Advertisement.]

Spring opening of the novelties in English carpetings at greatly reduced prices, at HIRAM ANDERSON'S, No. 99 Bowery. English medallion, velvet and Brussels carpets, double width, three-ply and ingrain carpets, rugs, mats, mattings, oil-cloths, shades, &c., at a very low mark.

[Advertisement.]

Dealers in Combs, and the Notion Trade generally, will find something of interest to them in our advertising columns this morning, under the head of "Caution."

Movements of Ocean Steamers.

FOR EUROPE.

City of London	April 25	New-York	Liverpool.
France	April 25	New-York	Liverpool.
Europe	April 25	New-York	Glasgow.
Circassian	April 25	New-York	Bremen.

Departure of Foreign Mails.

SATURDAY.

Mails for Europe by the *City of London* close at the General Post-office at 1:15 P. M. Supplementary mail, for *paid* letters, on Pier No. 45 North River, to 1:30 P. M.

Departure of Domestic Mails.

East Mails close at	5 A. M., 1:30, 2:30 and 6 P. M.
Western Mails	5 A. M., 3:30, 4:30 6:30 and 4:15 P. M.
Long Island	5 A. M. and 2:30 P. M.
Newport and Fall River	3 P. M.
New-York Central Railroad	5 P. M.
North Mails	5 A. M. and 4 P. M.
North Mail, Way	5 A. M. and 2 P. M.
South Mail at	5 A. M. and 4:30 P. M.
On Sundays all mails close at	1:30 P. M.

Passengers Sailed.

In steamship Rising Star, for Aspinwall and California.—For Aspinwall—Dr. H. M. Burchard, R. R. Vallarius, J. Stiner, Capt. L. W. Horton, L. Campodonice, A. C. Grigsby, wife and servant. For California—Miss Trenor, Miss Gasner, D. Wagner, wife and sister, W. A. Hoyt, W. S. Lafferty and wife, J. Bidwell and wife, T. Hopkins, sister and three children, D. M. Boynton, J. W. Melrose, Miss Jeannette Morrison, John Lord, Chrs. Badgley, Dr. T. Williams and son, J. Roome Lewis, wife and two children, J. A. Kinkel, wife and child, G. Ofendor and son, T. Harris, R. Burrell, Mrs. Woodward and daughter, J. A. Strowbridge, wife and two children, Dr. H. A. Rodman, wife, daughter and two sons, T. Dewing, wife and child, Richd. Cheney, Mrs. Stephens, D. Hardie, wife, nurse and five children, O. H. Grant, Mrs. J. S. Geddes and two children, Mrs. M. Meyer, Mrs. Stothard, M. Reinhardt, T. M. Miller, Chas. H. Whitney and son, J. Colman, wife and 3 children, J. Y. Adams, wife and 2 children, Mrs. H. McDougall, Thos. McDougall, W. L. Bailey, Mrs. Hill and 2 daughters, John Haley, J. Maisbury, wife and 2 children, G. Hayman, H. L. Stanford and wife, Jos. Stanford, H. Bolzer, Mrs. Mary Cassel and child, P. F. Castleman and sister, Mrs. Jas. Gaives, E. M. Comstock, wife and child, Mrs. A. Grim and child, Marcus Stowe, H. Lesser, A. Jacoby, J. H. Stockton, Mrs. M. Bradley and son, Miss Lizzie Unverfort, E. O. Weiner, Mrs. Louisa A. Hawks, Miss E. A. Clough, Miss Yetta Davis, J. S. Greeward, D. C. Kennedy, Mrs. R. A. Brush, Miss Lizzie Hall, Mrs. Popper, Chas. D. Smythe, Dr. H. T. Perkins, wife and 2 children, J. H. Marston, Misses Marston, Leopold and Johnson, Z. Amos, Miss Martha Amos, Miss Georgie E. Harriman, Mrs. de Castro, W. Hitchcock, W. McGregor, S. H. Purdy, T. R. Hamilton, C. T. Snyder, A. P. Hall, Margaret E. Pollard, Bridget McGuigan, Mrs. Lucy Barnes and son, Judge Lyons and daughter, J. O. Watkins, O. Boardman, Miss M. Boardman, Miss E. Blakely, F. M. Boardman, Mrs. Erasmus Duke, Robert Baxter, Thomas Sennron and wife, S. L. Lemmon, D. T. Mattison, Mrs. Williams, Alexander Connell, Miss Carrie Rogers, Miss Ann Baty, B. Haynes, wife and child, S. Rothfield, E. Capron, Josiah Smith, J. W. Castle and wife, S. P. Halden, Miss Lucy A. Baldwin, W. R. Tamson, T. White, Mrs. Patrick and daughter, Mrs. T. P. Moore and child, J. C. Baldwin, F. W. Baldwin, Mrs. James T. Stewart, Capt. A. S. Perkins, George D. Richardson, Mrs. Katie Hall, J. L. Halsted, L. A. Palmer, S. H. Folsom, Capt. David Brown, F. Cutting, wife and child, Mrs. Delia Shawley, S. A. Thayer, Miss Mary A. Rutledge, Mrs. Nellie A. Chamberlain, Mrs. Lizzie Blood, nurse and child, H. V. Cowing, J. E. Clarke, J. S. Huntington and daughter, Mrs. Carl and child, G. H. Barley, Mrs. M. Knowlton, Romanzo Lyman, wife and 4 children, John Hines, H. N. Thayer, Miss Carnes, David Barril, M. Fisher, Louis Ackerman, H. A. Mattox and wife, John Elliott and 2 daughters, N. Campbell, wife and child, Mrs. N. Thornton, M. Cunningham and wife, M. D. Baldwin, Miss M. Bode, G. S. Smith, Miss Peterson, A. G. Morton, D. W. Taylor, A. Shirron and wife, George Lyons, Mr. Fried and wife, and a large number in second cabin and steerage.

MINIATURE ALMANAC—THIS DAY.

Sun rises..... 5 07 | Sun sets....... 6 49 | Moon sets..... 9 54

HIGH WATER—THIS DAY.

Sandy Hook.. 9 47 | Gov. Island.10 35 | Hell Gate....11 58

MARINE INTELLIGENCE.

NEW-YORK....FRIDAY, April 24.

Cleared.

Steamships France, (Br.,) Grace, Liverpool, National Steamship Co.; City of London, (Br.,) Brooks, Liverpool, John G. Dale; City of Limerick, (Br.,) Lochead, Liverpool, John G. Dale; Circassian, Ellis, Bremen, E. Ziedler; Rising Star, Conner, Aspinwall, Pacific Mail Steamship Co.

Ships E. W. Stetson, Moore, London, Grinnell, Minturn & Co.; Webster, Norris, Liverpool, Spofford, Tileston & Co.; Harpswell, Hunter, Havre, Boyd & Hincken.

Bark Carlotta, (Br.,) Merrill, Naples, Baxter & Merrill.

Brigs T. J. Maguire, Littlefield, Sierra Leone, J. E. Ward & Co.; Lima, Hill, Cienfuegos, Tucker & Lightbourne; Mattano, Jarvis, Zaza, Warren Ray.

Schooners Josephine, Hegeman, Baracoa, James Douglass; John Ferris, St. John, Wilmington, N. C., Thomas & Holmes; Clara Bell, Amesbury, Washington, D. C., R. Porter; S. L. Russell, Smith, Newbern, N. C., Thomas & Holmes; Dart, Johnson, Stamford.

Sloop Oriental, Dyer, New-Haven, G. K. Rackett & Brother.

Arrived.

Steamship Franconia, Sherwood, Portland, Me., with mdse. and passengers to J. F. Ames.

Steamship Neptune, Baker, Boston, with mdse. and passengers to W. P. Clyde.

Steamship Electra, Ney, Providence, with mdse. and passengers to Isaac Odell.

Steamer Pelican, Clark, Providence.

Ship J. P. Wheeler, Harris, Glasgow, 58 ds., with mdse. to Wm. Nelson, Jr. Has encountered heavy westerly gales from lon. 16, and lost and split sails. April 6, lat. 44, long. 47, passed a number of icebergs and field ice; April 4, lat. 43 30, lon. 45, passed French fishing bark Madalena F. Camp, steering N. W.; 19th, lat. 43 23, lon. 64 57, spoke Br. bark Princess Wilhelmine, from London, for Boston, 35 days out, with loss of bowsprit and foretopmast; 14th, lat. 40 05, lon. 66 48, passed steamship Helvetia, hence for Liverpool.

Ship Daniel Webster, Browne, London Feb. 27, and Isle of Wight March 10, with mdse. to E. E. Morgan's Son. Experienced strong westerly gales entire passage; was 20 days in the English Channel. April 6, lat. 43 29, lon. 48 32, passed two large icebergs. Passed Sandy Hook at 7:30 A. M. Friday, the 24th, and arrived at Quarantine at 10 A. M.

Ship Excelsior, Pendleton, Liverpool Feb. 17, with mdse. to Samuel Thompson's Nephew. Has had westerly and southwesterly gales up to the 20th inst.

Ship Arkwright, Caulkins, Liverpool 50 ds., with mdse. to Spofford, Tileston & Co.

Bark Hannibal, Hawkins, Cienfuegos April 8, with sugar to Fowler & Jova—vessel to N. L. McCready & Co. Sld. in co. with bark Transit, for New-York. Passed going into Cienfuegos, bark Alexander, from Boston 14th, off Cape Antonio, spoke brig Eurus, from Cienfuegos for New-York.

Brig Caroline, (of Boston,) Perkins, Messina 44 ds., and 35 ds. from Gibraltar, with fruit to Tupper & Beattie. Put into this port for orders. April 16, lat. 42 36, lon. 64 55, passed Br. brig Sunny South, of St. John, N. B., under jury-mainmast, steering for Halifax; had lost mainmast close by the deck, with all sails and rigging attached.

Brig L. & W. Armstrong, (of New-Haven,) Dill, Arroyo, P. R., 14 ds., via New-Haven, with sugar and molasses to L. W. & P. Armstrong.

Brig C. F. Eaton, (of Windsor, N. S.,) Curry, Palermo 43 ds., with fruit to Crandall, Umphray & Co. Came by way of Long Island Sound.

Schr. Garland, (of East Machias,) Libby, Humacoa, P. R., 15 ds., with sugar to J. D. Rivera & Co.—vessel to J. A. Simpson & Son. Left no vessels. Had fine weather on the passage.

Schr. Ocean Pearl, (of Newburyport,) Pearl, Aux Cayes, 15 ds., via Inagua, 11 with logwood to H. Becker. The brig Southern Queen sailed from Inagua four ds. previous, for New-York.

Schr. Isabel, (of New-London,) Dennis, Para 21 ds., with deer-skins, rubber, &c., to Goldthwaite & Overton.

Schr. Magnet, (of Machias,) Ingalls, Musquash, N. B., 20 ds., with spiling to Snow & Richardson.

Schr. Orlando Smith, Ferris, Elizabethport, for Portchester.

Schr. John Crockford, Briggs, Philadelphia, for Fall River.

Schr. Joseph Rogers, Day, Port Johnson, for Hartford.

Schr. Anna Shepard, Bowditch, Newburg, for Providence.

Schr. W. P. Williams, Nichols, Elizabethport, for Wickford.

Schr. Charles A. Grainer, Harvey, Rondout, for Providence.

Schr. J. B. Spofford, Hawkins, Rondout, for New-Haven.

Schr. P. L. Sherman, Phinney, Rondout, for Providence.

Schr. C. Goodwin, Bishop, Port Johnson, for New-Haven.

Schr. James Hoffman, Shropshire, Port Johnson, for New-Haven.

Schr. M. A. Predmore, Hart, Elizabethport, for Providence.

Schr. J. J. Worthington, Terry, Philadelphia, for Greenwich.

Schr. James McGee, Lynch, Elizabethport, for Bridgeport.

Schr. Jonas C. Chew, Deering, Elizabethport, for Taunton.

Schr. J. Rusling, Babcock, Elizabethport, for Bridgeport.

Schr. Americus, Terry, Elizabethport, for East Boston.

Schr. Atlantic, Lockhart, of and from Windsor, N. S., 12 ds., with plaster to Crandall, Umphray & Co.

Schr. Clara Bell, Amesbury, Saugerties, for Washington.

Schr. Sarah Jane, Fordham, Elizabethport, for New-Haven.

Schr. Henry Parker, Parker, New-Haven for Baltimore.

Schr. Phebe Elizabeth, Morrell, New-Haven for Philadelphia.

Schr. Marcena Munson, Davison, New-Haven for Philadelphia.

Schr. Ann Elizabeth, Phillips, Pawtucket, for Elizabethport.

Schr. Flora A. Sawyer, Read, Providence, for Philadelphia.

Schr. S. C. Noyes, Bradley, Gloucester, for Philadelphia.

Schr. Humboldt, Dunton, Boothbay, for Philadelphia.

Schr. Benj. B. Wright, Brenan, Boston, for Wycomico River.

Schr. Mary Price, Harrison, Philadelphia, for Plymouth.

Schr. Northern Light, Ireland, Philadelphia, for Providence.

Schr. Benj. Strong, Brown, Providence, for Philadelphia.

Schr. Ocean Traveler, Addis, New-Haven, for Philadelphia.

Schr. New Regulus, Hallett, New-Haven, for Elizabethport.

Schr. Isaac Merritt, Houston, New-Haven, for Elizabethport.

Schr. Justice, Taylor, Elizabethport, for South Pier, R. I.

Schr. Wave, Buckingham, Port Johnson, for Dorchester.

Schr. Sallie Selsey, Kelsey, Elizabethport, for New-Haven.

Schr. John P. Collins, Mapes, Newburg, for Fall River.

Schr. Malabar, Shute, Belfast.

Schr. American Chief, Snow, Thomaston.

Schr. Lyra, Hascom, Providence.

Schr. Alaska, Carm, Calais.

Schr. Cora, Kelly, Gloucester.

Schr. Herbert Martin, Crowell, Gloucester.

Schr. Champion, Clark, Pembroke.

Schr. Caroline C., Hayne, Calais.

Schr. Sallie Smith, Chase, Fall River.

Schr. Hud & Frank, Lawrence, Rockland.

Schr. Alamo, Foster, Machias.

Schr. Hero, Kelly, Salem.

Schr. Lochiel, Haskell, Rockland.

Schr. Breeze, Bartlett, Providence.

Schr. Lodovick Bill, Ely, Bridgeport.

Schr. Emily, Morrell, Stamford.

Schr. Motts, Searle, Norwich.

Schr. Lady Adams, Held, Fall River.

Schr. Uncas, Hoyt, New-London, for Rondout.

Schr. Sparkling Sea, Shepard, Branford.

Schr. Leader, Allen, Rockland.

Schr. R. H. Daly, Saunders, Boston.

Schr. Indiana, Gill, Boston, for Tangier.

Schr. H. Atwood, Foster, Boston, for Potomac River.

Schr. Kit Carson, Rich, Boston, for Potomac River.

Schr. Delphi, Allen, New-Bedford.

Schr. Anna H. Frye, Freeman, Providence.

Schr. Schr. Thomas Ellis, Kelly, Providence.

Schr. Pointer, Nichols, Providence.

Schr. J. S. Curtis, Curtis, New-Haven.

Schr. Bellona, Merrill, Pawtucket.

Schr. Rachel Edwards, Edwards, New-Bedford.

Schr. Angler, Pressy, Wareham.

Schr. R. L. Kenny, Kelly, New-Bedford.

Schr. Lizzie, Abbott, Eastport.

Schr. Gale, Kelly, New-Haven for Eastport.

Schr. Gipsey, Borden, Fall River.

Schr. Roscius, Hatfield, New-Bedford.

Schr. Gen. Taylor, Wellfleet.

Schr. Storm, Staob, Norwich.

Schr. Thara, Eaton, Harrington.

Schr. Ariosto, Smith, Rockland.

Schr. Corvo, Pickering, Rockland.

Schr. Annie V. Berger, Tompkins, New-Haven.

Schr. Oregon, Smith, Mystic.

Schr. Alnion, Post, Rockland.

Schr. Magnet, Enquell, Westport.

Schr. Sarah Abbott, New-Haven, for Elizabethport.

Schr. Joseph Strickland, Dunbar, St. George's Banks.

Schr. Veto, Gibbs, Rockland.

Schr. Mary Higgins, Higgins, Portland.

Schr. Repeat, Davis, New-Haven, for Elizabethport.

Schr. Gloucester, Hodgson, New-Haven.

Schr. Vermillion, Markwood, New-Haven.

Schr. E. H. Brazos, Edwards, Hartford.

Schr. David Nelson, Lockwood, Portchester.

Schr. Boaz, Brown, Rockport, for Petersburg, Va.

Schr. Granite State, Crocker, Boston.

Schr. Ada S. Allen, Owen, Pembroke.

Schr. West Dennis, Crowell, Boston.

Schr. Gen. Peavy, Armstrong, Lubec.

Schr. Lucy D., Higgins, Boston.

Schr. John A. Dix, Doane, Harwick.

Schr. Lake, Mills, Pawtucket.

Schr. Cyrus Chamberlain, Porter, Wareham.

Schr. Emma, Strange, Taunton, for Philadelphia.

Schr. Artist, Godfrey, Bristol.

Schr. Alfred Hall, Barlow, Bristol.

Schr. A. Peters, Higgins, Portland.

Schr. Lady Adams, Niel, Fall River for Eastport.

Schr. Daniel Morris, Hemingway, New-Haven.

Schr. Hickman, Small, Boston for Philadelphia.

Schr. Emily, Morrell, Stamford.

Schr. Clyde, Martin, New-Bedford.

Schr. Baltimore, Hemingway, New-Haven.

Schr. David Currie, Drake, Portland, Conn.

Schr. S. Waterman, Chase, New-Bedford.

Schr. Orizimbo, Gilmore, Belfast.

Schr. J. Ponder, Jr., Fayer, Providence.

Schr. Julia E. Willetts, Ellis, New-Haven.

Schr. M. E. Averill, Averill, Branford.

Schr. John, Falkingham, Port Johnson, for Boston.

Schr. H. P. Ely, Stode, Norwich.

Schr. Fashion, Davis, New-Haven.

Schr. Justice, Taylor, Elizabethport, for Providence.

Schr. Albert, Keen, Elizabethport, for Providence.

Schr. Charger, Mahan, Elizabethport, for Providence.

Schr. Falcon, Wheeler, Elizabethport, for Derby, Ct.

Schr. Thames, Rhodes, Rondout, for New-Haven.

Schr. Horizon, Newman, Rondout, for Pawtucket.

Schr. Lady Ellen, Soey, Philadelphia, for Boston.

Schr. Theodore Dean, Phillips, Georgetown, D. C.

Schr. John & Anna, Hill, Virginia.

Schr. Benjamin Oliver, Oliver, Virginia.

Schr. Enterprise, Parker, Virginia.

Schr. Eva, Sherman, South Amboy, for New-Haven.

Schr. Ontario, Barber, Rondout, for Providence.

Schr. Essex, Nickerson, Rondout, for Providence.

Schr. Nathaniel, Hart, East Chester.

Schr. Louisa Gray, Lovell, Newburg, for Boston.

Schr. Jane Maria, Goodman, Rondout, for Hartford.

Schr. Sarah Helen, Spearwater, Northport.

Schr. Maria Hearn, Morrell, Rondout, for New-Haven.

Schr. Esquimaux, Briggs, Poughkeepsie, for Dighton.

Schr. S. M. Tyler, Childs, Rondout, for Boston.

Sloop Eliza A. Jayne, Hawkins, Elizabethport, for Bridgeport.

Sloop Lady Jackson, Saunders, Port Johnson, for Norwich.

SANDY HOOK, Sundown—Wind light N. E.

By Telegraph.

BOSTON, April 24—Arr. steamer Propontis, from Liverpool; barks Horace Scudder, from Messina; Vingo, from Malaga; brig Clytie, from Messina.

FORTRESS MONROE, April 24.—Passed up, barks St. Lawrence, from Demerara; Salopian, from the West Indies; brig P. J. Nevins, Point Petre.

Arr. bark Arichman, for Cuba; brigs Urbmangton, for the West Indies; Pastora, for Demerara, and a large fleet of schooners.

Put back, bark Molly, for New-York.

SALEM, April 24—Arr. brig Potomac, Brown, from Bassan.

WILMINGTON, April 24—Cld, steamer James A. Gary, for Baltimore.

Spoken, &c.

Energy—ship, hence for Liverpool, April 8, lat. 41 50, lon. 51 15.

Ladoga—ship, of Boston, bound E., April 3, lat. 45 17, lon. 42 2.

Melrose—ship, from Savannah for Havre, April 3, lat. 43 20, lon. 52 10.

Foreign Ports.

HAVANA, April 24—Arr. steamships Bienville and Mercedita, from New-York, and Liberty, from Baltimore.

At Cienfuegos, April 8, bark Jane Ellingwood, for Philadelphia in 4 days; bark Henry Flitner, for New-York in 8 days; schr. Walter Raleigh, for Boston in 4 days.

EUROPEAN MARINE NEWS.

Arrivals Out.

QUEENSTOWN, April 24.—The Royal Mail steamship Australasian, Capt. McMicken, of the Cunard Line, which left New-York on the 15th inst., arrived at this port at about noon to-day, on the way to Liverpool.

LIVERPOOL, April 24—The bark Regnia, Capt. Tobin, which left New-Orleans on the 10th of March, with a cargo of cotton, arrived at this port early this morning.

DARWIN'S
GREAT WORK.
VARIATION
OF
ANIMALS AND PLANTS
UNDER DOMESTICATION.
A NEW BOOK.

By Charles Darwin, M. A., F. R. S., &c. With a Preface to the American Edition, by the Author, and also one by Prof. Gray, of Cambridge, Mass.

This book presents the most remarkable collection of facts concerning our domestic animals and plants yet brought together, and for this alone it is of the highest value. Not the least interesting portion of the work, to the thoughtful reader, is the speculative views of the author. In these the great problems of inheritance, reversion, influence of external conditions of life, development, and the like, are put in a new light with remarkable clearness and force. The philosophical results derived from the discussion of domestic animals and plants find an application in all animals, including the human species. While the work will be not interesting only, but useful to every one engaged in propagating animals or plants, it commends itself none the less to the intelligent reader, who will find abundant food for thought, and to men of the medical and other learned professions, who cannot fail to be instructed by its contents.

Since our announcement of the reprint of this work was in type, the London Gardeners' Chronicle has come to hand with an extended notice, from which we extract the following: "Mr. Darwin's work on domesticated animals and plants, whose appearance we announced a fortnight ago, is one of such importance to both the practical and theoretical gardener, as well as to all persons with whom the gardener is most closely associated, professionally and socially, that it must claim a large share of our attention, no less on this account than for its special merits, and the stores of information it contains. Written in admirable English, using no scientific terms but such as are comprehensible to men of fair education, lucidly arranged, and indexed with scrupulous care, there is not a gardener in the country who has any taste for the history or theory of his art but will peruse it with pleasure and profit, and find it difficult to say whether he values it more as a storehouse of facts or as an incitement to observe and to think."

The work is published in two neat volumes, of over 500 pages each, finely illustrated. Price by mail, post paid, $6—less than half the price of the English edition.

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CAUTION.

OFFICE OF THE INDIA-RUBBER COMB CO.,
No. 44 CLIFF-ST.,
NEW-YORK, April 15, 1868.

Dealers in INDIA RUBBER GOODS and the public generally, are cautioned against buying or selling COMBS, or other HARD RUBBER Goods, purporting to be made under a Patent granted to WILLIAM MULLEE, on the 31st day of March, 1868.

The Patent referred to gives him no right to make or sell such Combs without a license under the GOODYEAR PATENTS, which license has not been granted, suits are now pending against MULLEE'S agents and others parties for selling such Combs, and it is the determination to prosecute all who may be found dealing in them.

The statement published a few weeks since in a Philadelphia paper that Judge CADWALLADER had refused to grant an injunction against MULLEE'S agents for selling infringing Combs was false, and was made by interested parties to mislead the public. The statement was corrected in a subsequent issue of the same paper, but as we find the correction escaped the notice of many parties, we refer to it here.

An ample reward will be paid to any party furnishing to us, or to any of our agents or attorneys, proof of the sale of any infringing combs by any responsible jobbing house in any part of the country.

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OFFICIAL DRAWINGS.

KENTUCKY—EXTRA CLASS No. 295, April 24, 1868.
41, 51, 1, 14, 24, 48, 75, 61, 13, 10, 40, 38.
KENTUCKY—CLASS No. 296, April 24, 1868.
5, 48, 52, 24, 36, 28, 47, 13, 16, 66, 27.
PADUCAH—EXTRA CLASS No. 347, April 24, 1868.
27, 68, 8, 19, 74, 76, 39, 53, 40, 47, 44, 23.
PADUCAH—CLASS No. 348, April 24, 1868.
34, 92, 59, 27, 9, 23, 45, 57, 17, 42, 14.

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TOO LATE FOR CLASSIFICATION.

ANTHON MEMORIAL CHURCH, 48th-st., between 6th and 7th avs.—The annual meeting of the Parish Aid Society of this Church will be held on SUNDAY EVENING at 8 o'clock. Addresses will be delivered by Rev. EDWARD ANTHON, F. S. RISING and others. The Rector, Rev. T. A. JAGGAR, will preach in the morning.